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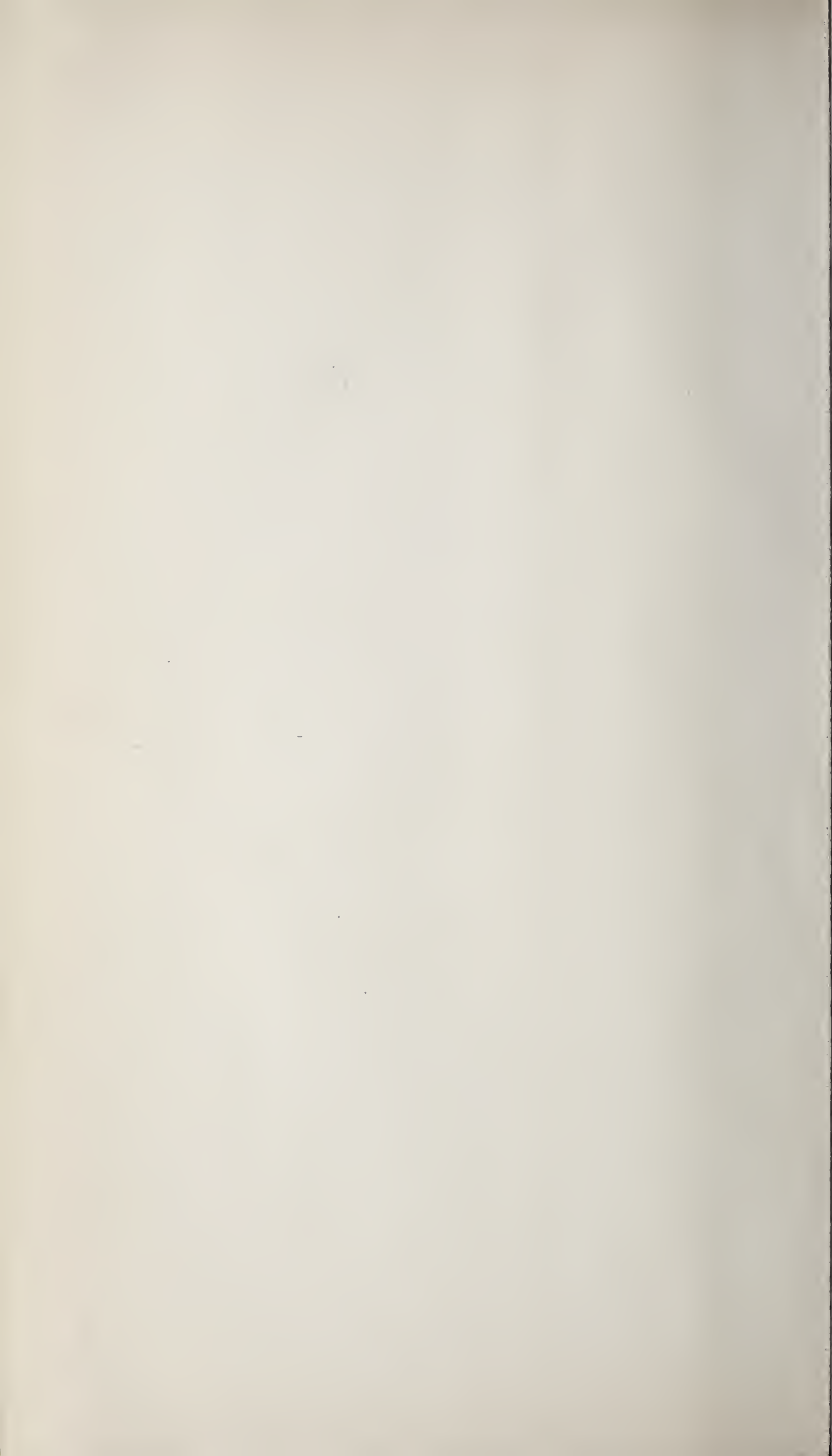
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NOTES ON THE FAMILIES OF

Calthorpe & Calthrop

IN THE COUNTIES OF NORFOLK AND
LINCOLNSHIRE AND ELSEWHERE

COMPILED FROM VARIOUS SOURCES

AS HEREIN INDICATED

BY

Colonel Christopher William Carr-Calthrop

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Indian Medical Service (retired), Member Royal Institution,
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United Service Institution.*

Quemadmodum folium virens in densa arbore, illoc
abjiciente et hoc producente ; ita etiam se habet
generatio carnis et sanguinis, illa moritur, haec vero
gignitur.—*Eccles. xiv, 18.*

Corona senum sunt nepotes, et ornamentum filiorum
sunt parentes ipsorum.—*Prov. xvii, 6.*

Si quid novisti rectius istis, candidus imperti ; si
non, his utere mecum.

THIRD EDITION, 1933.

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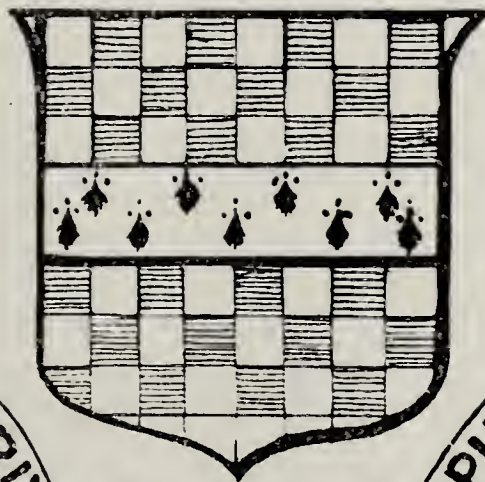
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DEDICATION

TO MY DEAR WIFE ALICE EVETT THE SHARER OF MY NAME
AND THE BELOVED PARTNER OF MY HOME I DEDICATE
THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTRIBUTING TO THE
HISTORY OF THE FAMILY TO WHICH SHE
NOW BELONGS AND ADORNS

C. W. CARR-CALTHROP
Colonel

LONDON : EALING

April, 1905 : January, 1927

NOTICE

COL. CARR-CALTHROP begs to thank all relatives who have kindly lent him the family portraits in their possession. The portraits have all been returned, but reduced negatives have been made from them and entrusted to the care of MESSRS. KODAK LTD., 171, Regent Street, London, W., who will be pleased to supply copies.

1. Brass of Sir William C., dated 1420.
2. Vera Effigies of Sir James C., dated 1642.
3. John George¹ C. of Gosberton.
4. His wife, *née* Spurr.
5. Gosberton Church and J.G.C.
6. Rev. John C. of Gosberton.
7. His wife Barbara, *née* Bonner.
8. Ann C., m. C. I. Bonner.
9. Mary C., unm., of Spalding.
10. Richard C. of Swineshead Abbey.
11. His wife Elizabeth, *née* Everard.
12. Capt. Henry C. of Gosberton.
13. His wife Mary, *née* Greetham.
14. James Thompson C. of Deeping Fen.
15. His wife Edna, *née* Knowles.
16. George C., unm., of Boston.
17. Lord Alverstone, Lord Chief Justice.
18. His wife Mary, *née* Calthrop.
19. The author, Col. Carr-Calthrop.
20. His wife Eva, *née* Hartley.

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PART I.

NOTES.

1.

IN commencing these notes on the history of the families of CALTHORPE and CALTHROP, as their names are usually spelled to-day, I beg in the first place to acknowledge my great indebtedness to Blomefield's "Essay on the Topographical History of Norfolk"; to the "Vitis Calthorpiana" of Sir Thomas Guybons, himself a connection; to the "Collectanea Geographica et Genealogica"; the "Herald and Genealogist"; "The Genealogist," old and new series; Le Neve's "History of Knights"; the Registers of Lincoln's Inn and the Middle Temple, and of the Worshipful Company of Skinners, most courteously shown to me by the Librarians; the "History of the CALTHROPS," by J. T. Coulton, Esq., of King's Lynn; the "History of Gosberton," by W. J. Kaye, Junr., Esq.; "Our Kin," by W. C. Lukis de Guerin, Esq.; and many other sources of information too numerous to mention. These pages being then for the most part a compilation from existing but widely scattered records, I cannot lay claim to much originality, except it may be in the mistakes, which I have, however, spared no pains to make as few as possible. Even Blomefield, in spite of his unusual ability, trained powers of observation, and immense perseverance, made some slips (one or two of which I have been fortunate enough to recognize and correct), and I cannot possibly suppose that my work will not contain some more or less indisputable errors, which I hope others will in turn set right.

2. I have not attempted to touch upon any questions of heraldry, as I regret to have to say that I am quite ignorant

of that science ; nor have I mentioned many of the very numerous instances in which family memorial windows and brasses are to be found in churches all over the county of Norfolk and the neighbouring ones. I should like to mention here that the Harleian Society's vol. xxxii contains several pedigrees of different branches of the family from the earliest times ; in all of these the name is spelled uniformly throughout the whole as " CALTHROP," but so many and serious are the mistakes that they are of little value. By far the best general account of the Norfolk family is that published by the late Canon James Lee-Warner in vol. ix of the proceedings of the Norfolk and Norwich Archaeological Society for the year 1881. It is excellently written, very readable, and more in the tone of a magazine article than of a dry genealogical history.

3. The Rev. Francis Blomefield, Rector of Fersfield, in Norfolk, was indefatigable in antiquarian research ; he commenced to collect notes on the history of the parishes and families of Norfolk in the early part of the eighteenth century, and when he speaks of " now " or " the present," he refers to about 1743. His *magnum opus* is entitled " An Essay on the Topographical History of Norfolk " ; the edition I have consulted is one of eleven octavo volumes, and is No. 2064 b, on the shelves of the British Museum. The first five volumes, and down to p. 63 of vol. vi, were written by Mr. Blomefield himself, and published between 1805 and 1807 ; after the death of Mr. Blomefield in the latter of these years, the remaining volumes were gradually brought out by the Rev. Charles Parkin, who had been associated with him in his early work.

4. The " Vitis Calthorpiana " (the Calthorp Vine) is a collection of old documents relating to the family, written in the most crabbed of characters and archaic forms of monkish Latin and Norman-French, with many and frequent abbreviations. The author was Mr., afterwards Sir Thomas Guybons, and the date of the work was in all probability 1631. The book is to be found in the Harleian Collection of Manuscripts in the British Museum, Nos. 970 and 972. It is entitled

“ Codex Chartaceus in quarto, in quo continentur Collectanea Nonnulla Thomae Gibbonij, Armigeri, viz., 1. Vitis Calthorpiana sive Collectanea quibus istius gentis Historia illustratur; 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, variae.” The “ Vitis ” itself has a further description, viz., “ Vitis Calthorpiana in argo Norfolciensi; sive eorundem Genealogia, una cum clavi probatoria, sub protestatione de addendo, corrigendo, aut poliendo, prout opus fuerit, et consultius videbitur.”

5. The “ Vitis ” commences with a long dissertation in archaic Latin, with many words contracted by design, or cut short by many of the corners and edges of the leaves having been torn or rubbed off, which renders the task of transliteration and translation more than usually difficult. I thought at first I should be able to manage it myself, but after a time was obliged to get the help of a more competent scholar; and accordingly got a translation made by E. J. Chinnock, Esq., LL.D., of 23, Cobden Road, Worthing. I do not print the translation on account of its length, but I would willingly lend it to any one really interested in the matter. This dissertation, in spite of its length, occupies only six pages of quite a small manuscript, so small is the writing; it concerns the ancient colonization of East Anglia by the Danes and the ancient history and splendour of the CALTHORP family, and its bombastic phraseology reads more like a translation from the Persian of the Bostán or Anwár-i-Suhaili than from sober Latin. The next fourteen pages contain about 138 separate references to old deeds, charters, records of assizes, church monuments, etc., bearing the names of members of the family by which their duties and relationship to one another are more or less clearly derivable. Here I must premise that, as some portion, at least, of any value or interest these notes may possess depends upon the spelling of the family name, I have in all cases verified my quotations as far as it was possible to do so, and spelled the name as therein written. The following variations have been found to occur in the “ Vitis ” and elsewhere. CALETORP, CALETHORP, CALETHORPE, CALTHORP,

CALTHORPE, CALTHROP, CALTHROPE, CALTHROPPE, CALTHROPP, CAWTHORP, CAWTHORPE, CAWETHORPE, CAWETHROPE, CAWTHROPP, CAWTHROP, CALTHARPE, and still not a few others, and in one solitary instance I found the barbarism COLLTHUP. The remainder of the "Vitis," some 150 or 200 pages, relates to other families allied to our own.

6. In Camden's "Britannia," edition of 1637, at p. 463, is the following entry regarding the manor of Erwarton in Suffolk, viz. : "It now belongeth to the Parkers hereditarily, who, by the Father's side, derive their descent from the Barons Morley and by the Mother's from the CALTHROPS, a family of great account in these parts." Baker (Sir Richard) in his "Chronicle," edition of 1643, ch. iii, p. 80, l. 24 *et seq.*, alludes to the work of pietie of JOHN CALTHROPPE, a draper of this town (London), but in the index refers to him as JOHN CALTHROP. In the edition of 1670 he again mentions JOHN CALTHROPPE'S pietie in the text, and refers to him in the index as JOHN CALTHORP. In the edition of 1684 the worthy gentleman appears as JOHN CALTHROP in the text and JOHN CALTHORP in the index ; the two later editions also contain lists of the names of the Lord Mayors of London ; in both of these SIR MARTIN CALTHROP is said to have been Lord Mayor in 1588. From these and many similar instances I am inclined to believe that the members of the family who remained in Norfolk have usually spelled their names as CALTHORP, while those who migrated and settled in Lincolnshire, Suffolk, and London have generally used the form CALTHROP.

History of the county of Lincoln, No. 2063, British Museum, published by John Saunders, Junr., in 1834.

Swineshead. Lord of the Manor, James Dyson Esq., of Uxbridge. Manor of East Evering, Sir John Fairfax York, Manor of the Abbey, RICHARD CALTHORP ESQ.

Swineshead Abbey Farm is now the property of J. G. CALTHORPE ESQ., of Gosberton.

Quadring. In 1821 it contained 131 houses and 704 inhabitants. A hamlet was called "Quadring Eaudyke." It had a separate chapel.

Abbot Godric¹ of Croyland died A.D. 941. (See p. 297).

Godric² was elected in reign of King Ethelred² and sat for 14 years in his reign. During this time Suane, a Dane, arrived A.D. 1013 and ravaged the whole country.

p. 345. *Gosberton*. The families of the CALTHORPS and Dods have resided in this parish for a very long time.

King Ethelred¹ reigned from A.D. 866 to A.D. 871.

King Ethelred² reigned from A.D. 979 to A.D. 1016.

7. The town of Calthorp lies on the north bank of the river Bure and takes its name from its site viz, a village on a cold stream;* it is written CALETORP in the Domesday Book. Before the time of William the Conqueror, the chief lordship over the surrounding country belonged to Eðric, a noble and very wealthy Dane, who some time about A.D. 1050 gave the Lordship of Calthorp to the abbot and monks of St. Benet, *i.e.*, St. Benedict, of Hulme (a relative, no doubt, of their two former abbots), the gift being formally confirmed by King Edward the Confessor, probably in the same year.

The Encyc. Brit. Edition ii, vol. 5, p. 69, gives the derivation of "Caltrop" as from Middle English "Calketrapp" from Latin "calx" a heel and "trappa" late Latin for a snare. It is an iron ball with four spikes, etc., etc. Also the botanical name for several species of thistles.

8. The abbot and convent appointed the trusty Godric as their Dapifer, *i.e.*, procurator or steward; the words of the deed of appointment ran as follows, viz.: "Ut post Abbatein totius Abbatiae sit Procurator et Dapifer, sicut Pater." (The office of dapifer was a very honourable one and conferred considerable dignity. When King William the Conqueror returned to Normandy about A.D. 1076, he appointed William Fitz Osborn to be one of the Regents of England, with the style of "Dapifer Normaniae" and Seneschal to the Duke

*From the German "Kalt = cold" or some Scandinavian equivalent, (Saxon "Cald") and the Danish "Torp," a village.

This is the derivation as given in some of the old records, but I should think it quite as likely, if not more so, to have been connected with the Latin 'Calidus' = warm. A warm spring in Norfolk is far more probable than an unusually cold one.

of Normandy.)* From this GODRIC who was born, about A.D. 1010, we, the CALTHROPS and CALTHORPES, as well as many allied families, are descended, as I hope to show clearly in the following pages. Shortly after the Conquest Godric was appointed as steward to King William for all the royal manors in the Eastern Counties, such as Beeston, Halvergate, Henlington, Moulton, Randsworth, Rollesby and many others in Norfolk, a position which he held, together with that of Dapifer to the Abbey of St. Benet, until his death. He was a very wealthy man, of Danish descent, and evidently held in great respect both by Danes and Normans, but I do not think he was a titular noble, though he may have been connected by marriage with the noble house of Warren. From a history of Fincham, written by the Rev. W. Blyth, I find that William de Warren, Earl Warren and Count de Guarenne in Normandy, one of the Conqueror's most powerful adherents, having married his daughter Gundreda, got the bulk of the lands at Fincham which were part of the Confessor's confiscated estates. He built a magnificent castle at Acre, hence called Castleacre, and it seems likely that he was a relative of one or other of Godric's wives. He died A.D. 1089. The following note, however, suggests that Godric may possibly have had a courtesy title of some sort.† Whilst a young man, Godric was under the protection of Ulsin and his two brothers, but it is not stated what relations, if any, they were to him, though I have reason to believe they were his uncles. Besides his property in Norfolk, Godric had large estates in Suffolk in the

*Dapifer originally meant a servant who brought prepared food to his master. The word *daps*, however, more generally referred to solemn religious or sacrificial food than to ordinary diet. The corresponding Greek word *δαπάνη* means expense. Dapifer, like many other old titles of servants, such as Seneschal, Mareschal, Companion of the Bath, etc., etc., has gone upwards in meaning and public estimation, for there is a great difference between a "stable boy" of then and a "field marshal" of now.

†In Domesday Book the manor of Bois alias Uphall is called a part of Garboldesham, and it is stated that it was held by one Aluric, a freeman, in the time of the Confessor, but was seized by the Conqueror and taken into his own hands, and by him committed to the care of Earl Godric. (See Blomefield, vol. i, p. 258).

Confessor's time ; one of the smaller of these was the manor of Cookley, called Cokelei in Domesday Book. And further record is made that upwards of 100 years before this time, *i.e.*, the time of Godric's birth, his family was a rich and respected one ; but no further names are to be found. This takes us back to about A.D. 900, or the reign of King Edward the Elder, the son of King Alfred, or just about 1,000 years from the present time.

In the foregoing paragraph, p. 12, of my book and the note affixed, I have suggested that Godric who is alluded to as *Earl* Godric may have had a courtesy title of some sort. This however I now think is not the case. Towards the end of the ninth century the struggle for supremacy in these islands between the Danes and the Saxons was steadily growing in intensity, and after the decisive victory by Alfred the Great at Ethendune, the Treaty of Wedmore in A.D. 878, which was confirmed in A.D. 884, settled the question for the time being. By the treaty the Danes held the lands they had previously conquered, *i.e.*, the lands, roughly speaking, lying east and north of the great road called Watling Street, from the river Lea in the south east to the river Dee in the north west. This stretch of country was henceforth known as the Danelaw. (See No. 23 of Harmsworth's Universal History of the World). It was subject however to the shadowy supremacy of the King of Wessex, which King Alfred and his sons after him found it no easy matter to convert into definite sovereignty, though this was at last done and Canute, the son of Sweyn, assumed in the year 1013 the title of King of Denmark, England and Norway. In 1042 Edward the Confessor was recalled from Normandy and took over the administration of this country. He appointed the chief men in each district as his assistants or deputies with the Anglo-Danish title of *Earl* or *Eorl* (note the present title of Alderman) ; one of these was the grandfather or grand uncle of our ancestor Godric, who was more generally styled the King's Steward for the Royal Manors, in the counties of Lincoln, Norfolk, Suffolk and Essex, in

addition to his other work as Dapifer of the Abbey of St. Benedict.

9. The first table, then, traces the descent from GODRIC through WALTER DE CALTHORP, alias de Suffield, the father of WALTER, the tenth Bishop of Norwich, down to SIR OLIVER DE CALTHORP, who died in A.D. 1397. By his first wife, Ingreda, Godric had a son, Radulph, who succeeded him as Dapifer of the abbey, but apparently not as steward of the King's eastern county manors. Radulph left no offspring, and was followed by his half-brother, Herman, son of Godric, by his second wife, Lescilia. Herman had three sons, Adam, William¹, and Peter¹. Adam became dapifer in his turn; the terms of his appointment were related in a deed dated in 1183, noted as follows: "William, Abbot of St. Benet Hulm, granted to Adam son of Herman to be Procurator and Steward of the Abbey, as his father had been and to hold the lands of Kaletorp belonging to St. Benet's Church, which were William's in that township, and the lands of Ralph the Priest." Adam also possessed considerable lands of his own in and around the township of Calthorp, from which, in accordance with the then general custom, he took the name of ADAM DE CALETORP, as it was then spelled. In some of the old records he is spoken of as Sir Adam, and he was, no doubt, the first of the family to use this locative title as a patronymic. He had a valuable fee in Bayfield about the year 1216. He died s.p., and was succeeded by his brother, WILLIAM¹ DE CALTHORP, and it may be noted that henceforward for many generations all members of the family were called DE CALTHORP or some variation of that name, with occasionally one or more aliases or additional names derived from other estates which they possessed.

10. It appears from an old reference that William¹ the son of Herman, held half of Great Hobbes (afterwards known as the manor of Hautbois Magna), and the land of Kalthorp, and the lesser Hobbes (Hautbois Parva), and the land of Ulf, and the land of Ralph in Erpingham for the service of one knight's fee in the time of the abbot Oswald. William¹ himself was

accordingly also called William de Alto Bosco, or de Hautbois, or de Hobbies (fancy making de Hautbois into de Hobbies!). I may perhaps here mention that I have found references to several other lords of manors who had at first Italianized names; thus Sir Walter de Bello Prato was the ancestor of the Beaupres, Sir William de Bello Campo was the ancestor of the Beauchamps, and Sir John de Bella Acqua of the Bellews, and Sir de Monte Acuto of the Montagues. It is just possible, however, that the derivation of Hobbies from Hautbois is not correct and that it should be inverted, for in the ancient papers of both Germans and Danes the words Hoba and Hobunna signify mansion, country house, fine residence, etc., and it is possible that Sir William¹ may have been first called "de Hoba" from some unusual splendour of his abode, and that this name was afterwards transformed into de Hobbies, de Hautbois, and de Alto Bosco.

11. WILLIAM¹ had several sons, William², Peter², and Thomas¹. WILLIAM² followed his father as Dapifer, and was followed by his brother Peter², who married a lady named Maud, by whom he had three sons, Peter³, Thomas², and John; he died in A.D. 1239. Another pedigree gives the date of his death as A.D. 1247; *utrum horum mavis, accipe*.

12. Peter³ was the eighth and last of the CALTHORP Dapifers; he sold all his rights to WALTER² DE CALTHORP, alias de Suffield, tenth Bishop of Norwich. His brother John confirmed the sale; and with that branch of the family we are not further concerned; though I have entered a few more of their descendants in the pedigree, but do not think they could have lasted long, as I cannot find further traces of them. The deed of the sale referred to was witnessed by SIR ROGER DE CALETHORP, alias DE HALES. He, Sir Roger, founded the free chapel of St. Andrews at Hales, and in the charter describes himself as Sir Roger de Hales, son of Sir Walter de Suffield. In 1256, King Henry III gave him certain rights of free warren, etc., the witnesses being William, Bishop of Ely; Walter de Suffield, alias DE CALTHORP, Bishop of Norwich;

Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford ; William de Valence, the King's half-brother ; and others ; it was dated at Westminster, 16 April, 1256. Another document relates that in 1232, Sir Peter³ de Alto Bosco, alias DE CALETHORP, sued ROGER DE CALETHORP for the right of presentation to the church of the manor of Uphall, and the said Peter³ granted it by fine in 1248 to WALTER² DE CALETHORP, alias de Suffield, Bishop of Norwich, and to his nephew and heir SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALETHORP, saving only to Maud his mother, relict of Peter², her dowry. Sir Peter² de Hobbies, alias de Alto Bosco, alias de Hautbois, in another deed not dated, wrote himself as SIR PETER DE CALTHORP. He died in 1239, as stated above.

LIST OF DAPIFERS OF THE ABBEY OF ST. BENET AT
HULME.

1. Godric.
2. Radulph, son of Godric.
3. Herman, son of Godric.
4. ADAM DE CALTHORP, son of Herman.
5. William¹, brother of ADAM DE CALTHORP.
6. William², son of WILLIAM¹ DE CALTHORP.
7. Peter², brother of WILLIAM² DE CALTHORP.
8. Peter³, son of PETER² DE CALTHORP.

The last Peter³ sold his rights to WALTER² DE CALTHORP, the Bishop, and was the last of the Calthorp Dapifers. His brother John confirmed the sale, and the stewardship passed to another family.

13. William² was living in 1166, and both he and his youngest brother Thomas¹ left families. One of these two brothers was the father of WALTER¹ DE CALTHORP, alias de Suffield, who was the father of Walter² the Bishop ; I cannot say which one, as I can find no trace of their wives' names. I shall return to this branch shortly.

14. Peter¹, the third and youngest son of Hermannus Dapifer was a Crusader ; for in 1209 an assize was brought to find if Sir Peter, the father of Ralph, was seized of the manor

of Uphall, afterwards known as Dame Kate's Manor, the day before he went to Jerusalem. No mention is made as to whom he married, but he left two sons, Bartholomew¹ and Ralph. Of Ralph but little is known; the "Vitis" however, mentions that a certain deed (nature not stated), executed in 3 Edward I (A.D. 1275), refers to William, son of RALPH DE CALTHORP, of Lincoln. Bartholomew¹ is stated to have married Elizabeth, and was living in the years 1206 and 1263; he was lord of the manor of Stalham in 1238, and witness to a deed in 1260. He left three sons, Roger¹, William³, and Reginald; of the youngest one, Reginald, no further mention is made, beyond that he was living in 1332. William³ was in Holy Orders; he was an acolyte at Rushford in his youth, and was Rector of Great Snoring in 1290, and of Bayfield in 1331. Roger¹, the eldest son and heir of Bartholomew¹ and Elizabeth, married a lady named Katherine; he was living in 1295, and had held a fee in Uphall in 1260. His son and heir was Bartholomew², also married to a Katherine. In 1317 SIR ROGER² DE CALETHORP, son of Sir Bartholomew² and Sir Roger's wife, Katherine, held the Uphall manor. Other members of the family were JOHN DE CARLETHORP, Vicar of Hales in 1326, and PETER DE CALETHORP, Rector of Repham in 1327.

15. The son and heir of Sir Roger² and Katherine was Sir Bartholomew³ (see my note below Table I); in 1338, by a fine, the reversion of this manor and lordship, which was then held by Dame Katherine his mother, generally known as Dame Kate, was settled upon him, Bartholomew³ and Elizabeth Gestinthorpe his wife, the daughter and heir of Sir John Gestinthorpe of Essex. Bartholomew³'s Will was dated 1372, and he was buried at Calthorp. They, Bartholomew³ and Elizabeth, had only one child, a daughter named Katherine; by her marriage with Sir John Harsyke of Southacre, the manor known as Dame Kate's ceased to be held by a CALTHORP, and the line of the family derived from PETER DE CALTHORP, the third son of Hermannus Dapifer, became extinct. Sir John Harsyke and Katherine (CALTHROP) had a daughter

Margery married to Sir Roger Holt, and their daughter, another Katherine, married SYMON CALTHORP. This latter couple had a son, WILLIAM CALTHORP, and a daughter, Maud, married to John Gryggs, Esq.

16. There is a splendid brass to Sir John and Lady Harsyke (*née* KATHERINE CALTHROP) dated 1384 in Southacre Church, Norfolk; and on the walls of this church are other tablets, in which the following spellings of our family name are to be found, viz., CALTHROP, CALTHORP, and CALTHORPE.

17. The manor of Uphall was originally part of the fee of Hautbois Magna, the ancient history of which is not uninteresting. One half of it belonged to the Abbot of St. Benet at the Hulme, by gift of King Edward the Confessor, and the other half to Egelwin, a Saxon thane, by gift from Ralph, Earl of Norfolk. The Earl, when his wife died, gave this half to the Abbey, by the King's consent, thus expressed (Dug. "Mon.," vol. i, fo. 284): "Ego Edwardus, etc., etc., do et concedo Deo et Ecclesiae Almiflui Confessoris sui Benedicti etc. terram qui fuit Aegelwini Alderman, in Hobbesse, etc., etc." At the time of the Conqueror's survey, William de Warren held this half, and Herman Dapifer held the other from the Abbot. William, the son of Herman, assumed the additional name of De Alto Bosco or De Hautbois; he held half of Hautbois Magna, the whole of Hautbois Parva, the manor of Calthorp, the lands of Ulf and Ralf in Erpingham. William¹'s son, Peter² de Alto Bosco, was a very old man in 1234, and died in 1239. Peter²'s son, Peter³, died s.p. in 1247, and his property passed to his grand-nephew, Walter de Hautbois, son of Richard de Hautbois, son of Thomas² de Hautbois, brother of Peter³. This Walter was more generally called DE CALTHORP than de Hautbois; he left no issue, so his estates passed to his three sisters, Maud, Margery, and Eufresia, married to Sir Hamon de Sibton, and these four all joined in releasing their shares in the manors of Hautbois Magna et Parva, Colteshall, Tutington, Banningham, Calthorp, Thugarton, and Erpingham,

to the Abbot of St. Benet, who in 1315 was returned as lord of the whole. The Earl of Warren still, however, holding his original half under the Abbot.

18. I now return to the main line ; it is not, as I have stated above, para. 13, possible with the materials at hand to decide whether SIR WALTER¹ DE CALTHORP was the son of William², or of his younger brother Thomas¹ ; but as we know that both of these two brothers married and left families, there can be no reasonable doubt that Sir Walter¹ was the son of one or other of them ; and it really does not matter which, for he was unquestionably the grandson of William¹.* Walter¹ had a large family, most, if not all, of whom are mentioned in the Bishop's Will ; but curiously enough, the name of Sir Walter¹'s lady, the mother of the Bishop and of his brothers and sisters, is nowhere to be found (at least Blomefield nowhere mentions it, and I have not been able to inspect the Will in original).

19. Of the sisters, Ela¹ died unmarried, and Agnes married the lord of the manor of Therling, Christian name not known, and may or may not have left offspring. SIR HAMON DE CALTHORP was also called DE BELTON ; was Master of St. Giles's Hospital, Norwich, in 1249, and was alive in 1259 ; he was one of the executors of the Bishop's Will. SIR ROGER DE CALTHORP, alias DE HALES, married and continued the family line ; he was one of the witnesses to the Bishop's Will, but died before his brother ; I shall return to him later on. The youngest of the brothers was William⁴, who became the seventeenth Archdeacon of Norwich ; there are many references to him to be found, but they are not important or interesting, mainly concerning his ecclesiastical patronage. He made a gift of land to the Church of St. Helen's, Norwich, in 1260, the deed being witnessed by SIR BARTHOLOMEW² DE CALTHORP and SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP. It is recorded that, in 1305, William de Bosco, alias de Bois, was Rector of All

*Mr. de Guerin gets over this difficulty by making Walter¹ the brother of William² and Thomas¹, and so a son of William¹. This, I think, cannot be correct, as a comparison of dates would show.

Saints, Garboldesham ; this may have been the Archdeacon, or a younger son of SIR HAMON DE CALTHORP, alias de Hales.

20. I now come to the famous Bishop himself ; WALTER² DE CALTEORP, alias de Suffield, was the eldest son of SIR WALTER¹ DE CALTHORP. The exact date of his birth is not recorded, nor is that of any of the Dapifers, but the little table given below which, however, is only founded on estimate, will serve to show the probable dates.

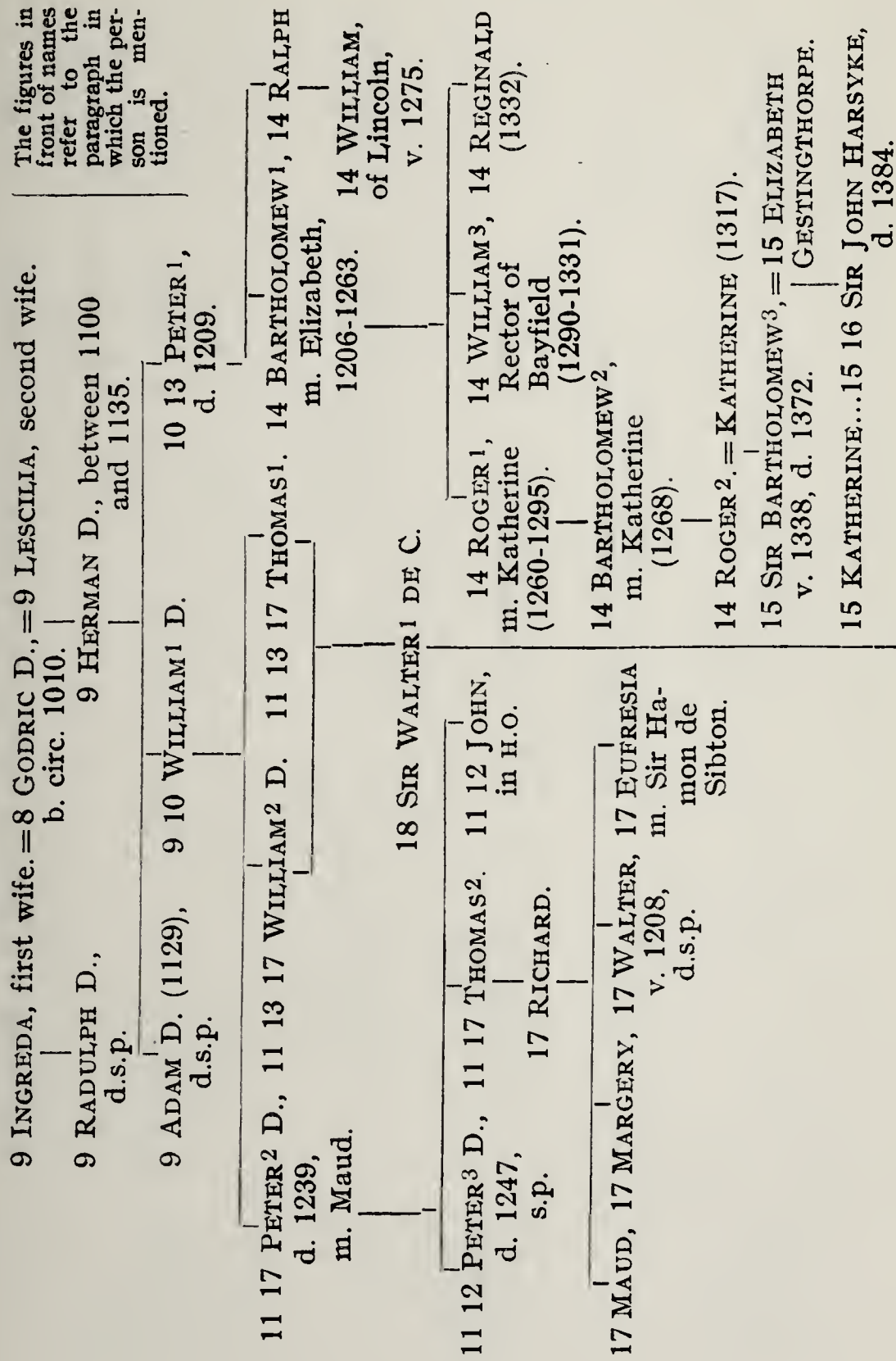
Herman was Dapifer about	1100 to 1135.
William ¹ may have been born about	1110.
William ² and Thomas ²	„ „ 1140.
Walter ¹	„ „ 1170.
Walter ² the Bishop	„ „ 1200.

These dates would suit all known facts very well, and they are probably near enough to the truth.

21. Walter² entered the church, and was educated abroad, partially at least, for he was once head of a large religious establishment in Paris. In 1243 he was elected by the monks of Norwich to be their Bishop. This election was confirmed, and he was installed as the tenth Bishop of Norwich in 1244, by Boniface, Archbishop of Canterbury. He was a most eloquent preacher, and one of the most famous bishops of the age ; he was greatly beloved by the poor, and acquired great renown by selling all his silver and gold plate to feed his people during a famine. During his bishopric he added the noble chapel of the Virgin Mary, called the Chapel of St. Mary the Great, to the Cathedral of Norwich. In 1249 he resided at his palace in Eccles, and he is said to have kept up no less than seven other houses in different parts of the country, so that no district of it should be without his hospitality. One of these was at South Eltham ; originally built by Herbert de Losinga, first Bishop of Norwich and founder of the Cathedral. Walter used to live here, at times, in great splendour. Richard de Claythorp was Rector of St. Peter's, South Eltham, in 1367, having been presented by the Bishop. Walter de Suffield

TABLE I

Main line. From GODRIC DAPIFER to SIR OLIVER CALTHROP.
About A.D. 1010 to A.D. 1377.



A

A

20 21 WALTER², 19 ELA¹, 19 22 SIR ROGER 19 SIR HAMON 19 AGNES, 19 WILLIAM⁴,
 10th Bishop d. unm. DE C., als. de m. de Ther- 17th Archdeacon
 of Norwich, Hales. Belton (124-9. ling. of Norwich
 d. 1257. 1257).

22 ELA². 22 WALTER³, 22 SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE C. (1241-1306), 22 HENRY,
 in H.O. m. Cecilia de Burnham, alias de in H.O.
 Warren.

ISABELL,
 m. Edmund PHILIP.
 Hengrave.

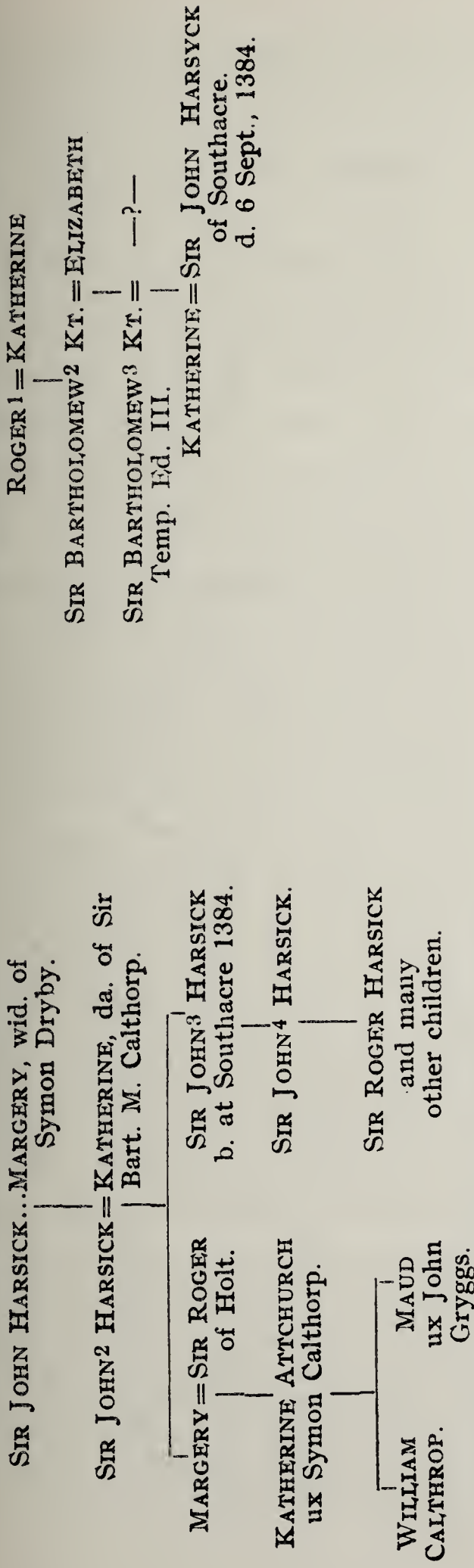
25 WALTER⁴, = 25 ELA³ DE STANHOWE.

26 WILLIAM⁶, d. 1360, 25 HENRY, 25 FILIA, m. 25 PETER, 27 WALTER⁵
 m. Isabella, dr. of in H.O. Sir William ? in H.O. ? in H.O.
 John Lovell of Titch- Skipwith

26 ELA⁴, 27 SIR WALTER⁶, 27 SIR JOHN, 27 30 SIR OLIVER, 27 WILLIAM⁷, THOMAS³.
 m. Sir John m. Alice Crop- d.s.p., d. 1397, m. Isabel m. Cecily RICHARD,
 Fitz Simon hull, rem. to v. 1360. Bacon, d. 1411. de Gournay. v. 1361.
 de Per- Sir John Bigot PHILIP and
 point. d.s.p. 27 WALTER⁷, EDMUND.
 ? ROBERT*.

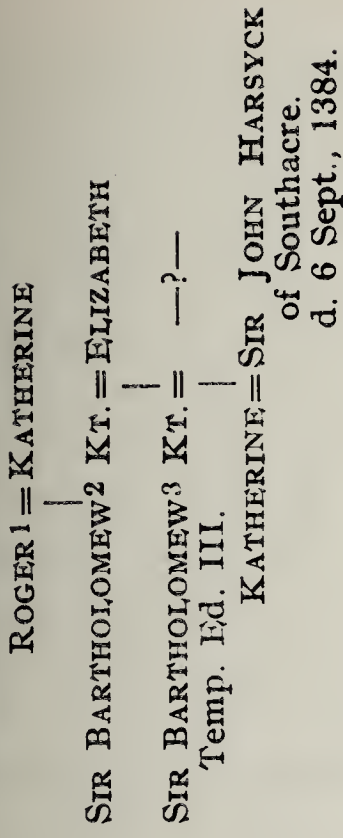
*A list of the Burgesses of Norfolk shows : Robert de Calthorp—Fuller H.O. Edw. III,
i.e., A.D. 1367.

Vol. xxxii Harleian M.S. (2118C in B.M.), p. 145, gives the following pedigree.

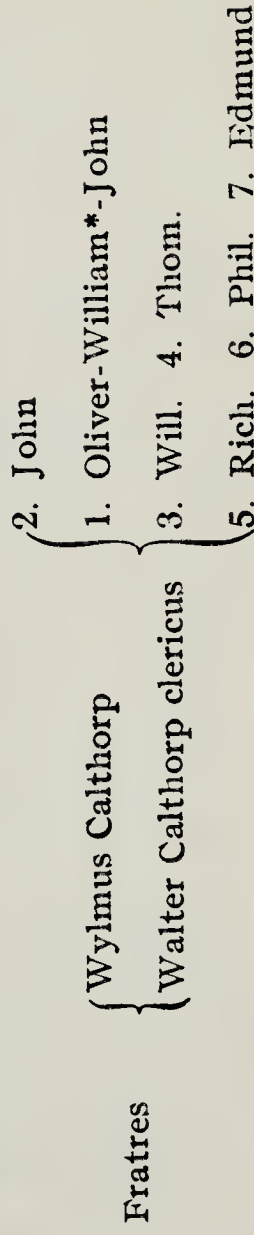


See Visitations of Norfolk of 1563 and 1613 Ed. by Walter Rye, 1891.

I may have got wrong here possibly, the correct pedigree may have been



The "Vitis" in the B.M. p. 140 (formerly 66) a note shows



*and below William's name is added Nunc, and something that looks like "suy/wy." It seems clearly written but I cannot read it. I do not recognize the letters, they may be some contractions.

made a park and built a palace at Hevingham in A.D. 1250. This park now consists of about two hundred acres of fine old timber, and the moat which surrounded the house still remains. In 1252 he confirmed the foundation of a chapel in Hales, founded and endowed by his brother Sir Roger de Hales, son of SIR WALTER DE CALTHORP. He acquired the ancient home of the family in Calthorp and the manor of Erpingham by purchase from Sir Peter de Hautbois, who also sold to him all his rights connected with the Abbey of St. Benet in Hulme, and he afterwards purchased the manor of Suffield from the same gentleman, who was, in fact, a relative (first cousin, once removed). He left many and various legacies, amongst them being one of twenty marks for prayer for the soul of Sir Peter de Hautbois, from whom he purchased the Suffield estate; SIR HAMON DE CALTHORP was to see to this.* To his sisters Ela¹ and Agnes he left rings, and five pounds to his niece Ela², and several other sums to poor relations on his mother's side, but her name does not occur. To his Sovereign Lord the King he left one cup, one palfrey, and his pack of hounds: to his brother William⁴, the archdeacon, a ring and the great cup of Mazre, out of which he generally drank at table. To his nephew Walter³ he left his collection of religious books and decretals; and the rest of his real and personal property to his nephew and heir, SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP, the younger son of his brother, Sir Roger de Hales, who had predeceased him. The Bishop died on St. Wulfstan's Day, 20 May, 1257, and was buried in the chancel of the lady chapel, which he himself had built. He is stated to have been a person of such great sanctity and goodness, that, although not formally

*I do not feel sure whether Walter the Bishop was the purchaser of the Suffield estate, or Walter his father. I think the latter was, because the Bishop said he was the son of Walter de Suffield, and his brother William, the archdeacon, also called himself WILLIAM DE CALTHORP, alias de Suffield, which I do not think he would have done unless his father had possessed the manor, and he had lived there himself. For some centuries it was the custom for those of the ecclesiastical profession to add the place of their birth to their names; thus as late as A.D. 1550 Henry Rands, Bishop of Lincoln, described himself as Henry Rands de Holbech, he being a native of that town.

canonized by the Pope, he was considered a saint ; pilgrimages were made to his tomb, and many miracles resulted.

I have received the following note from my friend, Mr. A. Harvey Jones, a learned and enthusiastic antiquarian notable of the county of Sussex. He tells me that Richard de Wych, also known as Saint Richard, was the bishop of Chichester and an intimate friend of Bishop WALTER DE CALTHROP, alias de Suffield. Bishop Wych openly acknowledged to the monk Boking who was his chief biographer and also his confessor, that he had profited a great deal in zeal and spirituality by his intimacy with Bishop Walter. In his will he left a legacy to Bishop Walter in the following terms : " Item Episcopo Norwicensi sigillas in anulo cum Henrico et cum Hugone linguas meas serpentinas qui ante me in mensa steterunt " (which means in English " Also to the Bishop of Norwich seals in rings with Henry and Hugo, and my serpents' tongues which stood before me at table.") The expressions " cum Henrico et cum Hugone " probably signify that the rings bequeathed were in the custody of his so named personal attendants. These serpents' tongues were in fact the fossil teeth of sharks, and from their peculiar shape were called *glossopatras* or tongue-stones. These sharp-pointed teeth, of a glossy light brown enamel, are sometimes as much as three inches long, and belonged to a species of shark now extinct, which must have been about sixty feet long. They are found in abundance in the Miocene of the tertiary formation at St. Paul's Bay in Malta ; and as it was the spot where St. Paul shook off the serpent from his hand, these stones were supposed to be serpents' tongues, and acquired in consequence a medical and superstitious value, as a preservative against the venom of serpents. And they were frequently used in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries as legs or supports for salt-cellar or other table ornaments.

It is remarkable that Bishop Walter did not make any particular mention of these serpents' tongues in his own will, though he described so many of his cups and other jewellery.

He died four years after Bishop Richard and it would seem therefore that he must have given them during his lifetime to the King ; for in the Wardrobe accounts of Edward I for the year 1300 we find the very subject of this bequest described amongst the royal treasures as " five serpents' tongues in one silver standard."

22. I now go back to SIR ROGER DE CALTHORP, alias de Hales. He was a younger brother of the Bishop, but died before him, probably not very long, as he was one of the witnesses to the Bishop's Will. The name of his lady cannot be found, but he left three children, one, a girl, Ela², of whom nothing is known, a son, Walter³, a priest, who was Rector of Great Cressingham both before and after 1270, and another son, and heir, SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP : there was also a Henry de Hales, probably another son, who was Rector of Thurning in 1303. The few items recorded of Walter³ are not of interest. I pass on, therefore, to the next in line, viz., SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP. He was alive from 1241 to 1306 ; in the first of these years, *i.e.*, 1241, he founded Burnham Priory. He married Cecilia,* daughter of Sir Philip, and sister and heir of Sir William de Burnham, alias de Warren, who was descended (so it is said) from a cousin of Hameline Plantagenet, Earl of Warren and Surrey, and they held Calthorp's Manor in Harpley in the year 1261. In 1324 Sir Walter⁴ was lord, and in 1340 Sir William⁶ settled it on himself and Isabella his wife, with reversion to his sons, Walter⁶, John and Oliver. It ultimately went to the Parkers.

23. Sir William de Burnham bore for his arms, checquey, or and azure, a fess ermine.† Some take these arms to be those of the de Burnhams, alias de Warren, a younger branch of the Earl Warren's family, which SIR WILLIAM CALTHORP took up on his marriage with the aforesaid Cecilia : but it is more probable that the CALTHORPS bore them as dependants on

*She is said to have been descended from Devereux, daughter of King Henry III. 1216—1272.

†See note on " Lattice " or Chequers, *i.e.*, Arms of the Fitzwarrens in the Dictionary of Phrase and Fable by Dr. Brewer.

the Earls Warren, their capital lord, under whom they held several lordships, and it appears that Walter the Bishop, uncle of this Sir William, bore the same ; also in 1184, when a fine was levied between Matthew de Gourney and Rose his wife, and Philip de Burnham of the manor of Harpley, taken before John, Bishop of Norwich, and Adam de Glanvile, the King's Justices. Phillip's seal was the same as that of Hame-line, Earl Warren. In a deed connected with the Northcreek manor, executed in 1275, the name of WILLIAM DE CALETHORPE occurs as a witness.

24. Between 1260 and 1270 it is recorded that Adam, Abbot of Hulme, and his convent warranted to defend and acquit him, SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP and his heirs, from all demands which John de Hobbies, brother of Peter de Hobbies, might make in respect of certain tenements, etc. Sir William⁵ and Cecilia were granted a great fair at Burnham, on the vigil, the day, and the day after St. Peter ad Vincula, by a deed dated at Westminster, 24 July, 1271. SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP and Sir Ralph de Hemmenhale were among the founders of Burnham Priory in 1241. Sir William⁵ also held the manor of Waters, a portion of Hingham-cum-Membris, in 1270, a part of Earl Warren's fee in 1306, and was lord of the manor of Sutton in 1307, and he and his wife held the Grandcourt manor by inheritance from the Lords Bardolf of Wormegay.

25. The eldest son and heir of SIR WILLIAM⁵ DE CALTHORP and Cecilia de Burnham, was Sir Walter⁴ : he married Ela³, daughter of Sir Henry de Stanhowe ; they are both mentioned in four lines in 1284 and 1297 ; in the latter of these years, Sir Walter⁴ gave some of his land at Burnham to the Priory his father had helped to found. In 1317, or thereabouts, he held a fee in Horsey, and in 1318 he quitted claim to certain services from Henry, Abbot of Holm. In 1319, he, with Sir Robert de Baconthorpe and Sir Richard de Walsingham, witnessed a deed of feoffment ; he was found to hold one-third

of the barony of Montchensy in 1324, and is mentioned as a member of the Parliament of England, as follows :

Norfolk County.

Parliament of 1306. Edward I. 30th May.

Dominicus Robertus de Baconesthorp.

Dominicus Walterus de Calthorp.

Besides his eldest son William⁶, he had another son, Henry, in Holy Orders, and a daughter married to Sir William Skipwith. There may be some confusion here, as another account mentions Peter and Walter, both in Holy Orders, as sons of Sir Walter⁴, but it does not seem likely that three out of his four sons would have taken clerical vows. Sir Walter⁴ died in the year 1324 or the following one. In 1441 a suit arose between Richard Yerborrow and William Skipwith for the manor of Calthorp and other tenements in Garnthorp and Wragholm, each probably claiming through their wives.

26. His successor was his eldest son and heir, Sir William⁶, who married Isabella, daughter of John, Lord Lovell of Titchmarsh. In 1321,* he remitted to the Abbot of Croyland all his rights in Gedney, Whaplode, and Holbeach in Lincolnshire, and with the consent of Isabella his wife he entailed on Walter⁶, their eldest son and heir, the lordships of Calthorp, Seething, Burnham Thorp, etc. In 1319 Sir Ralph Bigot gave the manors of Seething and Nundham to SIR WALTER⁴ CALTHORP ; Sir William⁶ was lord in 1355, and his son Sir Walter⁶ after him. It ultimately descended to the Parkers. Sir William⁶ died in 1360 ; his gift to the Abbot of Croyland constitutes the first record I have been able to find of any member of our family having migrated into Lincolnshire, or of having held any landed property in that county.† Sir William⁶ and Isabella had eight sons and a daughter, Ela⁴, married to Sir

*The " Vitis " says 7 Ed. III, *i.e.*, A.D. 1334.

†In historical notes on the Parish Church of St. Mary, Whaplode, Linc., Mr. W. E. Foster, F.S.A., writes : " In the 14 Edward II (*i.e.*, 1321) it is recorded that WILLIAM CALTHROPE remitted all his rights in Gedney, Whaplode, and Holbeach to Croyland, but it is not stated how or when he became possessed of them." The most probable explanation

John, son of Sir Simon de Perpoint (ancestor of the Dukes of Kingston) of Hempstead in Suffolk in 1332, when her father gave her the manor of Hempstead as a wedding gift. Suckling in his "History of Suffolk," vol. ii, p. 129, states that Ela, relict of John Perpoint presented EDMUND DE CALTHORP in 1379 to the Rectory of Benacre, Suffolk. Although Sir William⁶, as above stated, surrendered all his property in Lincolnshire to the Abbot of Croyland, yet he previously brought an action against him for a portion at least of these estates, for in the Plea Rolls of 7 Edward III (A.D. 1334) is the following entry: "Linc., WILLIAM DE CALTHORP, Chivaler, sued the Abbot of Croyland for 1/3rd of the Manor of Gedeneye." The little pedigree below is inserted in the pleading:

Henry de Stanhowe, Lord of Stanhowe and Berewyk,
Norfolk, married Ela

|
John de Stanhowe

|
Ela de Stanhowe

Married to SIR WALTER⁴ DE CALTHORP

|
Sir William⁶

27. SIR WILLIAM⁶ lived until 1360, when he was succeeded by his eldest son, SIR WALTER⁶, who married Alice, daughter of Sir Ralph de Crophull, of Cockfield, niece of John Hotham, Bishop of Ely, but died s.p. About 1350 he held a fee in Massingham Parva, and about the same time BARTHOLOMEW DE CALTHORP held half a fee in Stanhowe. Alice, his widow, was afterwards re-married to Sir John Bigot. Sir Walter⁶ was succeeded by his brother, Sir John, second son of Sir William⁶, and he also died either unmarried or without issue.

is given by Blomefield, as follows: Sir Fulso de Oiry, Lord of Gedney in Lincolnshire, married Maud, daughter and coheir of Sir Ralph de Strange, Lord of Stanhoe. Ela, the second daughter of Sir Ralph, married William de Bellomont, and their daughter and coheir Ela brought the manor to Sir Henry de Stanhoe, and his only child Ela de Stanhowe married SIR WALTER DE CALTHORPE, of Burnham, etc., and their son William was the Lord of Gedney referred to.

The family estate and honours then devolved upon SIR OLIVER, third son of Sir William⁶ and brother of his two immediate predecessors, Sir Walter⁶ and Sir John. The next younger brother to Sir Oliver was William⁷; he married Cicely de Gournay, and they had a son, Walter⁷, to whom the following note refers. A fine was levied, 30 Henry II (A.D. 1184), in the exchequer before John, Bishop of Norwich (John of Oxford was the fifth Bishop of Norwich, installed in 1175; he was Dean of Salisbury and an Itinerant Justice under Henry II), between Mathew de Gournay and Rose his wife, demandants, and Philip de Burnham, deforciant, for the manor of Harpley. John, the grandchild of Mathew, recovered by combat from the Prior of Lewis the advowson of the church at Harpley, whereof his ancestors were seized in the time of Henry R. (? I), and in 4 Edward I (A.D. 1276) WILLIAM⁷ DE CALTHORP and Cecily his wife sued John de Gournay, son of William de Gournay, for the advowson of the church at Harpley as Cecily's right, her ancestors being seized thereof. And it is noted that by an inquisition taken in 9 Edward II (A.D. 1316) WALTER⁷ DE CALTHORP, son of William⁷, and the daughter of Gournay were found to hold in Harpley property of the honour of Warren.

28. The following list of presentations to the Rectory of Burnham Thorp is not without interest :

In 1314 and 1317 by SIR WALTER DE CALTHORP.

In 1330 and 1334 by SIR WILLIAM DE CALTHORP.

In 1337 and 1357 by SIR WILLIAM DE CALTHORP.

In 1364 the REV. EDMUND DE CALTHORP was presented by SIR OLIVER DE CALTHORP.

In 1427 the presentation was made by the King, the heir of WILLIAM CALTHORP, ESQ., being a minor.

In 1441, 1467, and 1483 by WILLIAM CALTHORP, ESQ., and Elizabeth his wife.

In 1506, 1510, and 1540 by SIR PHILIP CALTHORP.

In 1554 by Sir William Wodehouse and Elizabeth his wife, daughter of SIR PHILIP CALTHORP.

In 1323 SIR WALTER⁴ DE CALTHORP presented to the church of Burnham, Westgate, St. Edmunds : his son, Sir William⁵, did so in 1330, 1334, 1341, and 1345. There was also a PETER DE CALTHORP, probably a younger brother of Sir William⁶, who was presented to the Rectory of Repham in 1327.

The Calendar of Burgesses of Norfolk from 1317 to 1603 by John L'Estrange and edited by Walter Rye, published by Eliot, Stock & Co., shows :

Calthorp Robert de Fuller. 40 Ed. III. A.D. 1367.

29. The manor of Anmere Hall came some time in the reign of Edward I (1272 to 1307) to the CALTHORPS as heirs of Sir Henry de Stanhowe. SIR WALTER⁴ DE CALTHORP was lord in 1284, and in 1303 Sir William⁶ presented to the church as lord and patron. In 1342 the manor was settled on SIR WILLIAM⁶ DE CALTHORP of Burnham for life, with remainder to his son, Sir Walter⁶, and Alice his wife in tail, and after them to John and Oliver and his other sons. As both Sir Walter⁶ and Sir John died without issue, the estate descended to Sir Oliver, who was lord in 1374. The presentations to the Rectory were as follows :

In 1327, 1339, and 1349 by Sir William⁶.

In 1374, 1385, and 1388 by Sir Oliver.

In 1420 by the King, on account of the minority of WILLIAM¹ CALTHORP, ESQ.

In 1432 and 1448 by WILLIAM¹ DE CALTHORP, ESQ.

In 1466, 1472, and 1491 by SIR WILLIAM¹ DE CALTHORP.

In 1517 by SIR PHILIP CALTHORP, Knt.

In 1541 by the assignees of PHILIP CALTHORP, ESQ.

In 1552 by Dame Elizabeth Parker, widow.

In 1554 by W. Woodhouse, Esq., for Elizabeth his wife.

30. I must now mention the manor of Cockthorp ; this was held in the reign of Henry III (1216 to 1272) by one Thomas Bacon by fee from Hugh, Lord Bardolf, who held it of the Bishop of Norwich, and the Bishop from the King in capite. Roger, son of Sir Thomas Bacon, became the next lord, and he, very early in the fourteenth century, presented the greater

portion of it to Richer, son of Ralph de Ingham by his wife Joan, on payment of a yearly rent of a rose.* (Mr. Kaye tells me that Edward III (1327 to 1377) was the first King to coin 'nobles.' The rose nobles struck about the time of Henry VII, had two roses on the reverse, emblematical of the union of the houses of York and Lancaster. 3 nobles = £1, 2 nobles = 1 mark = 13s. 4d. ; one noble equals 6s. 8d. or 80 pence. In 1582 or thereabouts £1 was quite equal to £10 nowadays). It afterwards came to SIR OLIVER CALTHORP by his marriage with Isabel, daughter of Sir Robert Bacon and sister and heir of Sir Bartholomew Bacon of Erwarton in Suffolk. Sir Bartholomew Bacon died in 1392 and left the manor of Sniterly also to his sister Isabel. The said Isabel dying in 1411 left by her Will the lordships of Calthorp and Sniterly, or Blakeney, to her second grandson, RICHARD CALTHORP, ESQ., son of Sir William¹ by his second wife Sybil, as his eldest son John¹, by his first wife, was heir to his father's estates. A curious deed of Sir Oliver's, relating to the diminished value of certain lands left to the Abbot and Monks of Sybton in Suffolk, is dated from Burnham, 16 December, 1366 ; it was witnessed by Thomas, Bishop of Norwich, RICHARD DE CALTHORP (his brother), fourth or fifth son of Sir William⁶, and others.†

*I have met with two or three more instances of "a rose" being mentioned as the yearly rent of a manor, or equivalent of some service. For instance, in 1282, Sir Oliver de Ingham held a fee in Horsey by service of "a rose"; this fee came to the CALTHORPS through the Stapletons by marriage in 1307—1327. This "rose" may possibly have been a flower, an early instance of "a peppercorn rent," or it may have been a coin so called.

†The document referred to is a Charter dated at Burnham, 16 December, A.D. 1366. "OLIVER DE CALTHORP, Knight, and Lord of Sything, exonerates the Abbot and convent of Sybton from maintaining a chantry in the chapel of Sything to which they were bound for certain lands granted to them by his ancestors, for the good of the latters' souls, because the said lands and tenements, as well on account of the change of times as on account of the death (? dearth, Croft) of the free native tenants, are so wasted, that the rents are irrecoverably diminished and insufficient for a monk dwelling there. The said Abbot and his successors are nevertheless to cause the same chantry to be celebrated within their own monastery, paying to the said Oliver and his heirs the sum of 18 pence yearly at the feast of St. Martin's for a pair of boots, which the said monks at that time were wont to return to the said Oliver and his ancestors."

WAXHAM HALL ESTATE.

J.G.C. once thought of buying this and he sent me the following in September 1907 :

“ Oliver de Ingham was lord in 1183, and Sir John de Ingham was lord in the reign of King John (1199 to 1216). From this family it came by marriage to Sir Miles Stapylton and from that family by marriage to SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE, who married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Miles Stapylton whose grandson, WILLIAM CALTHORPE, sold it to Sir Thomas Woodhouse and Sir William, his brother, succeeded him. This Sir William Woodhouse married Elizabeth, daughter of SIR PHILIP CALTHORPE, and left it to their son, Sir Henry Woodhouse, who was lord in the reign of Queen Elizabeth (1558 to 1603), and of the manor of Ingham as may be there seen at large.”

31. In 1376 Sir Oliver was High Sheriff of Norfolk ; he married, as aforesaid, the lady Isabel Bacon, by whom he had a large family ; their eldest son was Sir William^{1,*} whose line ended about the year 1550 with a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Sir Henry Parker, as will be shown hereafter. Sir Oliver had a second son, Christopher, of whom nothing is recorded, also another son, who died s.p. in 1429,† and a daughter, who was married to Aslac of Aslacton, Standard Bearer to King Edward III. Sir Oliver died in 1377, and was buried in the church at Cockthorp, where is his effigy in coat armour, kneeling, with a prayer book on a cushion before him, and by his side an effigy of his lady, Isabel, with the words, MARY HELP, JHE MERCI, and the arms of Calthorp impaling those of Bacon.

*All the superior diacritical numerals before this refer to Table I. This and the following ones to Tables II, III, and so on.

†The “ Vitis ” says : “ In Burnham Thorpe Church is an inscription : . . . filius OLIVERI CALTHORP, militis, et Isabellae Bacon qui obiit, A.D. 1420.” Perhaps the date has been wrongly copied, as another history gives the date as 1429. The lists of freemen of Norwich for the year 1367 include the name of ROBERT DE CALTHORPE, whose trade was that of a Fuller.

TABLE II

From SIR OLIVER, through his eldest grandson, SIR JOHN¹.
The Senior Line (1377 to about 1580).

27 30 SIR OLIVER CALTHORP, = ISABEL BACON,
b. , d. 1397. d. 1411.

32 ALIANOIRE = 32 SIR WILLIAM¹, = 32 SYBILLA
(Mautby), (Wythe),
d. 1409 nee de Omer,
d. 1421.

CHRISTOPHER.

A Son,
d. 1429.

31 A Daughter,
m. Aslac of Aslacton.
A Daughter,
m. Ralph de Hemp-
nall.

33 MARGARET,
d. 1427, m. (1)
Hervey, (2) Sir J.
Argentine.

33 SIR JOHN¹, = 32 ANNE WYTHE,
d. 1421. dau. of Sybilla.

57 RICHARD, = MARGARET
b. 1400, (Irmingland),
d. 1438. d. 1480.

See Table IV.

35 ELIZABETH = 35 SIR WILLIAM², = 38 ELIZABETH
(de Grey and b. 1409. (Stapylton),
Ruthin), d. d. 1494. d. 1509.

33 MARY,
m. Sir Thos.
Brews.

33 MARGARET,
m. Walter
Aslak, of
Creak.

33 A Daughter,
m. (1) Colville,
(2) Brandon,
(3) Bertie.

35 AMY,
m. Wm.
Gournay.

40 SIR JOHN², = ELIZABETH
b. 1469, (Wentworth).
ob. v. pat.

35 ELIZABETH,
m. Rich.
Welby be-
fore 1469.

47 RICHARD,
d.s.p.
ANNE,
m. Sir Rob.
Drury.

48 49 ELIZABETH = 48 SIR FRANCIS, = 48 50 ELIZABETH
(Wyndham), d. 1544. (Burney),
d.s.p. 1537. d. 1582.

WILLIAM,
d.s.p.

48 WILLIAM⁴, = THOMASINE¹
b. 1538, d. (Tyndale).
s.p. Sold
Hempstead
in 1572.

48 BRIDGET,
m. Thos. Eden.

48 CHARLES,
d. 1609. Issue,
two daughters.

A

B

A

40 ANNE, m. (1) Cressener, (2) Knyvet.

41 MARY = 41 SIR PHILIP¹, (Saye). b. circ. 1460, d. 1535.

41 JANE Blennerhasset, d. 1549.

40 MARGARET, Abbess of Brusyerd.

40 AGNES, m. (1) Curzon, (2) Crane.

41 ELIZABETH, d. unkm.

42 SIR PHILIP², 41 HENRY, d. 1551, m. circ. 1532.

41 URSULA, m. Sir Rob. Southwell, d. 1513.

42 AMY (Boleyn).

41 ANNE, m. the Earl of Sussex.

41 THOMAS, d. 1559, m. Alice le Strange.

41 DOROTHY, a nun at Brusyerd.

45 46 ELIZABETH, m. the Earl of Sussex.

(2) Wodehouse, (3) Drury.

KATHERINE, m. bef. 1532 to Sir Anthony Heveningham.

B

52 EDWARD¹, = 52 ANNE (Cromer). of Ludham, b. ante 1535.

36 ELIZABETH, b. 1474, m. Francis Hasylden.

47 WILLIAM³ of Pockthorpe, d. 1528, m. (1) Cicely, d.s.p., (2) Elizabeth (Burney), d. 1546.

52 EDWARD², m. 1525, d. 1557.

= 52 THOMASINE² (Copledike, nee Garel), d. 1557.

55 EDMUND, RICHARD, 55 MARY, 55 PRUDENCE, b. 1526, d. 1567, d.s.p. m. in 1545

? s.p. 55 GRACE, Sir Ralph Shelton; he d. in 1592.

47 AMY or ANNE, m. Robert Jenyson.

32. Sir Oliver was succeeded by his eldest son and heir, SIR WILLIAM¹ CALTHORP, who was a witness in A.D. 1408 for Sir Edward Hastings of Elsing, in the great and very celebrated case of "arms bearing." SIR WILLIAM¹ married firstly Alianore (Elenor), only daughter and heir of Sir John Mautby, by whom he had one son; after her death he married Sibilla, only daughter and heir of Sir Edmund de Omer, and relict of Sir John Wythe, who died in 1387, and had by her a son Richard¹, married Margaret Irmingland, for whom see para. 57. Lady Sybil had, by her first husband, a daughter Anne, who married SIR JOHN¹ CALTHORP, so father and son married mother and daughter. A deed dated A.D. 1409 concerns the manor of Reneshall, formerly belonging to Sir John Wythe, by precept of WILLIAM CALTHORP, Knight, lord of the same in right of Sibyl, his wife, for the term of her life; the said John Wythe, Knight, having formerly been her husband.

Lady Sybil's Will was dated 1 Dec. 1420 and proved 6 Oct. 1421. She desired to be buried at Beeston near her first husband.

Sir William died in 1420, and was buried at Burnham Thorpe, where there is a beautiful brass representing him in full armour with the collar of SS. Crispin and Crispian, two saints who supported themselves by making shoes whilst they preached to the people, showing that he had fought on the field of Agincourt,* (the battle of Agincourt was fought on their day. See Shakespeare's "Henry V") bearing the following verse round the edges:

Quisquis eris qui transieris, sta, perlege, plora;
Sum quod eris, fueramque quod es, pro me, precor, ora.

which I put into English, as follows:

Whoe'er thou art that passeth by,
Stay, read, and give a gentle sigh;
Such as thou art I was, such as I am thou'lt be;
Stay, then, I beg, and pray for me.

*As a matter of fact Sir William¹ commanded the companies of Archers from the East Anglian Counties, Lincoln, Norfolk, Suffolk and Essex at this battle.

In the churchyard at Shorne is said to be an old headstone inscribed thus :

“ Behold me now as ye pass by,
As ye be now, so once was I.
As I am now, so must ye be,
Therefore prepare to follow me.”

Another version is

“ My friends so dear,
As you pass by,
So as you are
So once was I.
And as I am,
So shall you be :
Remember Death,
And think of me.”

33. By his first wife, Alianore¹, Sir William¹ had a son, Sir John¹, who married the lady Anne Wythe, only daughter and heir of Sir John Wythe and of his (John's) stepmother, Sybil de Wythe. Sir John¹ died before his father, Sir William¹, leaving a son, William², aged eleven years only at the time of his grandfather's death, as heir to the title and estates. Besides this boy he had three daughters : (1) Mary, married Sir Thomas Brews. In some pedigrees this lady's name is given as Anne ; (2) Margaret, married Aslak of Creak, and (3) a daughter married in succession to three husbands, named Colville, Brandon, and Bertie. Sir John¹'s Will is dated 19 December, 1420, Will proved 29 December, 1420 ; he was buried in the chancel of the church at Burnham Thorpe. A window in the church at Brome, Thetford, has a written inscription to the effect that the Prior of Thetford was “ Patronus ex una parte et Magister Calthorp Patronus ex altera parte.” At Elstow is a beautiful brass, 3 ft. 6 in. long, ascribed to Margaret, daughter of SIR WILLIAM² CALTHORPE ; she was the widow first of John Hervey, Esq., and secondly of Sir John Argentine, and is represented in a close hood and wimple, with a dog at her feet. She died in 1427. Although the pedigrees of Gough and Clutterbuck as given in “ Topog. and Genealog.,” vol. ii, p. 542, expressly state that this lady was a Calthorp by birth, I think she could not have been the daughter of Sir William², for he

lived until 1494, and could not well have had a daughter twice widowed and dead in 1427. Her epitaph says, " Bis viduata . . . filia Radulfi " (not Gulielmi) ; then follow some words not legible, and ending with " de Turre Ricardi." If she was one of the family, I think it more likely that she was the daughter of Sir William¹ and Alianore Mautby ; this Sir William¹ was probably born about 1340 or 1350, and might have had such a daughter as this Lady Margaret, and I have accordingly so shown her in Table II.

34. An old pedigree of Ashby of Harefield, a Middlesex Baronet, shows a JOAN CALTHORPE married to Sir John Bernard of Isleham, Cambridgeshire, in 1450.

A pedigree of the Fairfaxes of Walton shows a Richard Fairfax (A.D. 1419-1430). He married Anastatia, daughter and co-heir of JOHN CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Calthorp, by his wife Elizabeth, co-heir of Sir William Erghom, and had a large family. Their eldest son was William Fairfax, ancestor of the Viscounts Fairfax of Gilling Castle ; he died in 1453. Their third son was Sir Guy Fairfax, a judge in 1478, died in 1495. The lady's name is spelled Anastatia as above in two or three places, and a little further on she is styled Eustachia. It is not clear who this JOHN CALTHORPE was, probably, however, a younger brother of SIR WILLIAM¹ CALTHORP.

A pedigree of the Jenneys of Lincolnshire shows Sir William Jenney, Knight, married to the widow of CALTHORP, but no dates are given, and it did not seem worth while to trace her particular place on the family tree.

A pedigree of the Sulyards shows that Sir John Sulyard married, as his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Jerningham of Somerleyton, Suffolk, by Bridget, daughter of Sir Robert Drury by Anne, daughter of SIR WILLIAM² CALTHORPE, Knight, and also Sir Edward Sulyard married Anne Edern, whose first husband was Henry, son of Sir Anthony

Heveningham by KATHERINE CALTHROP, his wife. The "Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica," by Howard, shows that William Silliarde, citizen and merchant taylor of London, left in 1569, by his Will, a certain legacy to his cousin MARTYN CALTHORPE and his wife, and in 1576, Robert Sulyard left a legacy to his cousin MARGARET CALTHORP and her daughter Mary, his goddaughter.

In giving the pedigrees of the Bacons and Buers, the same author mentions "the CALTHROPES," "the CALTHROPS," and particularizes "SIR OLIVER CALTHROPPE."

A pedigree of the Welbys shows Richard Welby, married to Joan, daughter of CALTHORPE, with no further name or date.

In a pedigree of the Parkers, ancestors of the Earl of Morley, MYSTRESS AMYE CALTHROPE is mentioned as living in A.D. 1541.

A pedigree of the Cootes shows Margaret, daughter and heiress of CALTHROPE, Lord of Eckelles, married Richard Coote, of Blow Norton. (Blow = Belle eau). No date is given.

A pedigree of the Woodhouses shows that Sir Edward Woodhouse had a daughter Eleanor. She married Edmund Hastings ; they had a daughter married to RICHARD CALTHORPE. No date is given.

Sir Edward Woodhouse = d. and h. of Swathing

1st husband, Edmund Hastings = Eleanor W.

A daughter m. to RICHARD CALTHORPE.

No dates.

35. The boy, Sir William², grew up, and it is recorded that on 28 June, 1443, he manumised one of his villeins, and set him free from all future services ; in 1458 he was knighted by King Henry VI, and became locum tenens and commissary general to the late most noble and potent William, Duke of Norfolk,

Earl of Pembroke, and High Chamberlain of England, Ireland, and Aquitaine, during the minority of the Duke's son and heir, Henry, Earl of Exeter. In 1469 Sir William² describes himself as SIR WILLIAM CALTHORP of Ludham, a manor which he owned, as well as that of Burnham Thorpe. In 1470 he was co-trustee for Anne, the last heiress of the Herlings; she was married to Lord Scroope of Bolton in 1492: her other trustee was Sir John Heveningham. In 1479 he was steward of the household of the Duke of Norfolk, and also again High Sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk, as he had been in 1442, 1458, and 1469. By his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Reginald, Lord de Grey and Ruthin, he had (1) Sir John², his son and heir, (2) William, (3) Anne or Amy, married to William Gournay, Esq.,* (4) Elizabeth, married to Richard Welby, Esq., of Moulton, in Lincolnshire (she was living in 1469), and several other children who died in infancy or childhood; the names of Richard, George, John, and Thomas, children of Sir William, occur in the register of burials in the Whyte Fryers chapel. Dame Elizabeth died in 1437, and was buried in the church of the Carmelites or White Friars at Norwich. In 1426 Brother William de Suffield was one of these White Friars of Norwich, evidently one of the family, and probably a younger brother of Sir John¹, and therefore uncle of Sir William². Sir William's second wife was also an Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Miles Stapylton, by whom he had four sons, (1) Richard, died s.p., (2) Francis, (3) Edward, and (4) William of Pockthorpe, and three daughters: (1) Anne, married to Sir Robert Drury of Hansted, in Suffolk, Privy Councillor to King Henry VIII, (2) a daughter, married Robert Clare, and (3) Elizabeth, born 1474, married Francis Hasylden.

*In this case, as in several others, there is a confusion between these two names, Anne and Amy, the latter being short for the Latin name *Amata* = beloved; in their Latin forms, *Anna* and *Amia*, the number of downstrokes being the same, unless the last one was very clearly dotted, confusion was certain to occur.

TABLE III

Pedigree of ELIZABETH CALTHORPE, showing her Royal Descent.

See " Chesters of Chichele," by R. E. C. Waters, Esq.

EDWARD I, King of England, = QUEEN ELEANOR of Castile.
Cor. 1272—1307.

JOAN, called of Acre, rem. = GILBERT DE CLARE, Earl of Gloster
and Hertford, m. 30 April, 1290,
d. 7 December, 1295.

ELIZABETH DE CLARE, wid. (1) of = (3) ROGER, LORD D'AMORY, d. 1322.
John de Burgh and (2) of Theobald,
Lord de Verdon; foundress of Clare
College, Cambridge, d. 4 November,
1360.

ELIZABETH D'AMORY, only = JOHN, LORD BARDOLF, d. 31 July,
child. 1363, aet. 50.

WILLIAM, LORD BARDOLF, d. 1386, = AGNES, d. of Michael, Lord Poynings;
aet. 36. rem. Sir Thomas Mortimer, Knt., d.,
widow, 12 June, 1403.

CECILIA BARDOLF, sec. wife, = SIR BRYAN STAPYLTON, Knt., of
1414, d. 29 September, 1432. Ingham, Norfolk, d. 29 August,
1438, aet. 61.

SIR MYLES STAPYLTON, Knt., = KATHERINE, d. and h. of Sir Thomas
of Ingham, d. 1 October, 1466. de la Pole, Knt., son of Michael, Earl
of Suffolk; rem. Sir Richard Har-
court, of Ellenhall.

ELIZABETH STAPYLTON, d. and co-h., = SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE of Burn-
rem. (1) Sir John Fortescue, Knt., of ham, and of Ingham (jure ux.), d.
Punshorne, Herts., who d. 28 July, 1494, aet. 84.
1500, and (2) Sir Edward Howard,
K.G., Lord High Admiral of Eng-
land. She d. 1509.

ANNE CALTHORPE, = SIR ROBERT DRURY,
1st wife, buried at Knt., of Howstead,
St. Martin's, Bury. Suffolk, M.P. for Suf-
folk, and Speaker of
House of Commons
in 1535.

Many ELIZABETH CALTHORPE,
others. m. Francis Hasylden
Esq. Their only d. and
h., Frances, m. Sir
Robert Peyton, Knt.,
of Isleham, Cambs.

Sir Robert Drury and Anne (CALTHORPE) had a daughter, Elizabeth, who, as shown by the table on the preceding page, was the ninth in descent from King Edward I. She married Sir Philip Boteler, and had issue nineteen children, twelve sons and seven daughters, all of whose names and dates of birth are recorded at the end of a Latin Bible in the Library of Christ's College, Cambridge. She died 11 December, 1574.

One of the sons was John, born in 1513. One of the daughters was called Breget; she married John Jernegan, Esq., and had a son, George Jernegan, born 24 March, 1515. On the tombstone of one of these Jernigans, or Jerninghams, is the well-known prayer:

Jesu Christi, God and Man,
Save thy servant, Jernigan.

Another of the daughters was named Elizabeth, and married Sir Anthony Chester, hence the Chesters of Chichele.

A prior connection with Royalty is mentioned by Mr. Lukis de Guerin who says that SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE DE BURNHAM quartered the Royal arms with his own in the oriel window of Wollerton Manor by virtue of his wife's (Cecilia, daughter of Sir Philip de Burnham or de Warren) descent from Devereux, daughter of King Henry III (1216-1272).

Hammeline Plantagenet was Earl Warren and he bore the chequy, or and azure and fess ermine as his arms. Earl Warren was also Earl of Surrey. (*See p. 28*).

Sir William lived from 1241 to 1303. I do not see how Cecilia could have been the grand-daughter of Henry III. I therefore rather doubt the accuracy of this reference.

36. The table on the preceding page shows the royal descent of DAME ELIZABETH CALTHORPE (*née* Stapylton). She was the seventh in direct lineal descent from King Edward I and Queen Eleanor of Castile.

37. Sir William² died in 1494, and was buried by the side of his first lady in the White Friars Church, Norwich;* in his Will he mentions that many of his ancestors (whose names I have not recovered), were buried in North Creak Church. His Will is given in full in vol. ii, p. 210 of "East Anglian Notes and Queries," (9 vols., 6081 d. B.M.), as an interesting specimen of wills of that date. It is too long for me to quote. He mentions his wife Elizabeth, his cosyn Philip, his son

*" In the Whyte Fryerys wher the place of my Sepultur is made."

ffrauncis, his son William, his son Edward, son Gurnay and my dau. his wife, son Robert Drury and my dau. his wife, son ffrauncis Haselden and my dau. his wife, and Walter Aslac, gent., my s'unt (whatever that may mean).

38. Dame ELIZABETH CALTHORP (*née* Stapleton) survived her first husband, Sir William², for many years. She was married to her second husband, Sir Edward Howard, Lord Admiral of England, and brother of the Duke of Norfolk; after his death she is said to have taken as her third husband the Lord Scroope; and lastly, when again left a widow, she became the wife of her fourth husband, Sir John Fortescue, Lord Chief Justice of England; but some authorities deny the marriage with Lord Scroope, and give the lady three husbands only, and I agree with them. She had no children by any of her husbands after the first. She presented to the Rectory of Lammass cum Hautbois Parva, in 1494, the year of her first husband's death. Dugdale, in his "Visitation of Norfolk," notes that Sir Miles Stapylton left two daughters, (1) Elizabeth, married to SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE, and (2) Joan, wife of Sir Christopher Harcourt. The "Vitis" relates that from ANNE CALTHORP, the daughter of Sir William and Elizabeth Stapylton, who married Sir Robert Drury, Privy Councillor to King Henry VII (*sic*), are descended, Sir William Drurie, Sir Drue Drurye, and all Druries of Hansted in Suffolk and of Hedges in Buckingham, and by their three daughters, one of whom was married to the chief of the Jerninghams, another to the chief of the Ge—— (the rest of the name is rubbed off, it may have been Gestingthorpe), and a third to the chief of the Alingtons, are descended the chief knights of the Cornwallyses, Walgraves, Bacons, and Highams of Suffolk, the Alingtons of Cambridgeshire, the Butlers of Hertfordshire, the Heydons, Hobarts, Hales, and Yelvertons. And, though this is anticipating later history, from Audrie, daughter of SIR MARTIN CALTHROP, who was wedded to Sir Thomas Peyton of Kent are descended the Dowells and Hales of Kent, and the Bannisters and Clerks; from Judith, another daughter of

SIR MARTIN CALTHROP, who was married to Sir Martin Burnham of Kent, are descended the Buckles, Chutes, and Honiwoods, all knights.

39. Sir Miles Stapleton of Ingham settled the manor of Hempstede on his elder daughter and co-heir, Elizabeth, on her marriage with SIR WILLIAM² CALTHORP, who was lord of three parts of it in 1491 ; his second surviving son, Sir Francis, died possessed of it in 1544, and his son William⁴ next inherited it, and sold it about 1573.

Presentations to the Rectory of Hempstede were made

In 1479 and 1485 by SIR WILLIAM² CALTHORP.

In 1519 by FRANCIS CALTHORP, ESQ.

In 1541 by Thos. Wodehouse, Esq., by grant from FRANCIS CALTHORP, ESQ.

In 1560 by Queen Elizabeth during the minority of WILLIAM⁴ CALTHORP, ESQ.

Presentations to the Rectory of Beeston were made

In 1403 by SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE.

In 1413 by JOHN CALTHORPE, ESQ.

In 1460 by WILLIAM CALTHORPE, ESQ.

In 1481, 1492, and 1499, by SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE.

40. SIR JOHN² CALTHORP, son and heir of the last-named Sir William² by his first wife, Elizabeth de Grey and Ruthin, married Elizabeth, daughter of Roger Wentworth, Esq., of Nettlested in Suffolk, by whom he had (1) SIR PHILIP¹ CALTHORP, his only son and heir, and three daughters. (1) Anne, married first to John Cressener, Esq., and then to Edward Knyvet, Esq. (2) Agnes, married first to William Curzon, Esq., from whom she held the manor of Bury-in-Barton, 1494, in dower for her life, and secondly to John Crane, Esq. (3) Margaret, Abbess of Brusyerd in Suffolk. Sir John² was buried in St. Andrew's Church, Norwich, in 1501. The "Herald and Genealogist," vol. i, alludes to a pedigree shown at the Heraldic Exhibition tracing from SIR WILLIAM DE CALTHORPE in 1461 to SIR PHILIP CALTHORPE, who married Anne or Amy, daughter of Sir William Boleyne, and showing the relationship of the

family to Queen Elizabeth. The arms attached are those of CALTHORPE quartering Bacon, Wythe, and St. Omer; crest, a boar's head couped at the neck, azure, bristled and tusked or, between two woodmen with clubs on their shoulders proper. The shield of CALTHORPE was thus inscribed: "Checky, a fess ermine," and it is stated that the CALTHORPES always bore the arms of Warren differenced only by a fess ermine. It is not a little remarkable that in the Roll of Arms, temp. Edward II (A.D. 1307-1327), under the heading of Norfolk, the name of the family is entered as Thorp only, thus:

"Sire Johan de Thorp, chekaré de or e de goules, a une fesse de ermyne."

"Sire Jorge de Thorp, chekaré de or e de goules, a une fesse de argent a iij merelos de sable."

In the Roll, temp. Edward III (1327-1377) is found:

"Monsire WILLIAM DE CALTHORPE port, Chequeré d'or et d'azur, une fesse d'ermin."

"Monsire George de Thorp port Chequeré d'or e gules, a une fesse d'argent trois merlottes de sable en la fes."

The "Collectanea Topographica et Genealogica" states that the crest of CALTHORPE was "a galtrap or."

The volume of the "Herald" above referred to contains a rather pretty story of SIR PHILIP¹ CALTHROP, a worthy knight of Norwich, who sometime in the reign of King Henry VII (A.D. 1485-1509), when one John Drakes, a shoemaker, proposed to ape the fashion of his gown, made the tailor cut his cloak and that of John Drakes also, as full of slashes as his shears could make it. The shoemaker took his gown home sadly and said he would not copy the fashions of the gentry any more.

41. Sir Philip¹ married, as his first wife, Mary, the daughter of Sir John Saye, and sister and heir of Sir William Saye; by her he had, like his father, one son, Philip², and three daughters, (1) Elizabeth, died unmarried. (2) Ursula, second wife of Sir Robert Southwell; she ob. 1513. (3) Dorothy, a nun at Brusyerd.

A pedigree (p. 259) of Southwell shows :

<p>(1) URSULA, d. and co-h. of John Bohun of Midhurst in Sussex. d.s.p.</p>	<p>=SIR ROBERT SOUTHWELL, KT., s. and h. of Richard Southwell, Esq. Was succeeded by his younger brother, Francis.</p>	<p>=(2) URSULA, d. of Sir Philip Calthorpe. d.s.p.</p>
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No dates.

Sir Philip¹'s second wife was Jane, daughter of John Blennerhasset, Esq., of Frense, in Norfolk ; by her he had two sons : (1) Henry, living in 1532, but apparently died unmarried ; (2) Thomas, married Alice Le Strange, and died 1559, s.p., and one daughter, Anne, married to Henry, Earl of Sussex, who subsequently divorced her. In the fourth Parliament of King Henry VIII (A.D. 1491-2), Sir Robert Brande, Knight, and PHILIP CALTHORPE, ESQ., represented the borough of Norfolk. Sir Philip's Will was dated 27 March, 1532, and proved 7 April, 1535.

J.G.C. says : " He was seized of the Manors of Frense, Sewelburgh, Burnham Thorpe, Seething, Spronston, Stanhow, East and West Reedham, (? Barsham) Berwick, Bermere and North Clenchwarton in Norfolk, and Erwaston, Brome, Okeley and Wettesham in Suffolk. His name is included in the list of gentry present at the wedding of the Princess Mary in 1514."

Lady Jane, his widow, died 27 April, 1550, and was buried in the chancel of St. Martin's at the Palace, Norwich, under a large marble slab ornamented with brass plates, and the following epitaph :

Here lyeth hydd under this stone
The wyfe of SIR PHILLIPPE CALTHORPE, Knyght,
And clepyd Dame Jane, the dowghter of one
John Blennerhasset Esquier he hyght,
She loved God's Worde, and lived lykewise,
She gave to the Poor and prayed for the rich
She ruled her Howse in Messuer and Sysse
And spent as it came, and gathered not moche.
The day of Apryll, twenty and seven
God did call her from hense onto Havven. Anno 1550.

It is further recorded of this lady that she gave to the church a silver cup and a velvet carpet adorned with roses and lilies.*

42. Sir Philip² married Amy, daughter of Sir William Boleyn, of Blickling, in Norfolk. She was aunt of Queen Anne, the second wife of King Henry VIII. (See p. 89 for SIR MARTIN CALTHROP). He died in 1551, leaving an only child, his daughter Elizabeth, the last descendant of the senior line of the family. Elizabeth was married to Sir Henry Parker, as his second wife, the first having died s.p. (According to Burke's Landed Gentry, p. 1380, "The first wife of Henry Parker Lord Morley was the ancestress of the present family of Tennyson d'Eyncourt.") By him she had three sons, the eldest being Sir Philip¹ Parker, who married Catherine Goodwin, and was in possession of the estate in 1578. He died in 1603. Sir Philip¹ Parker and Catherine Goodwin had a son, Sir Calthorp Parker, married to Mary Soame, daughter of Sir Stephen Soame, Lord Mayor of London, died in 1616; their son and heir was Sir Philip² Parker, whose wife was Dorothy, only daughter and heir of Sir Robert Gawdy, of Claxton. The connection with the Radcliffs, Earls of Sussex, and of the Mildmays, was as follows: Henry, Earl of Sussex, son of Robert Radcliff, Earl of Sussex, who died in 1543, married for his second wife Anne, daughter of SIR PHILIP¹ CALTHORP, by whom he had (1) a son, Egremont Radcliff, who died s.p., and (2) a daughter Frances, wife of Sur Thomas Mildmay, and

*Vol. i, p. 415 of "East Anglian Notes and Queries" refers to the discovery in July, 1846, of a very interesting palimpsest of brass dedicated to Jane, wife of SIR PHILIP CALTHORPE, and daughter of John Blennerhasset, who died in 1530, which brass was formerly in the Church of St. Martin in the Plain, Norwich. The brass was bought by Joseph Warren, Esq., at a sale by auction of the effects of the late Rev. George Boldero, of Ixworth. Mr. Warren and a friend, Mr. Goddard Johnson, searched all the churches in Norwich to find the stone from which the brass had been removed, and at length found it in St. Martin's. Mr. Warren left instructions that the brass was to be refitted to the stone, if that were possible, and that, if not, it was to be deposited in the Norwich Museum. It would be interesting to know what did ultimately become of it.

mother of Sir Henry Mildmay and others. The Countess Anne was afterwards divorced, as aforesaid.

43. A list of Knights of the Shire, Suffolk, quoted by Suckling shows :

1601. CALTHROP Parker, Esq.

Parliament of 27 October, 1601, of Elizabeth.

For Suffolk County.

CALTHROP Parker, Gent.

Sir Henry Glemham, Knt.

And a list of High Sheriffs of Suffolk by the same writer shows :

1612. Sir CALTHROP Parker of Erwerton.

1656. JAMES CALTHROP of Ampton, Esq.

The churchwardens' accounts of the parish of Elmham contain the following entries :

	£	s.	d.
1631. Received from MR. COLTHROP for half year	0	1	3
1632. Received from MR. CALTHROP for towne land	1	0	0
1638. Received from CAPTAIN PHILIP COLTROPE for towne land	2	10	0

44. In 1347 SIR WILLIAM⁶ DE CALTHORP held the fourth part of a fee from the Castleacre Priory, which REGINALD DE CALTHORP and Richard his brother (*sic*) formerly held. SIR WILLIAM⁶ DE CALTHORP, Knight, died possessed of it in 1360, and in 1494 Sir Philip² was the lord, as is clearly shown by his Will, dated 27 March, 1532. He died in 1535, and his daughter Elizabeth took it to the Parkers, whom I may now leave.

45. After the death of her first husband, Sir Henry Parker, the Lady Elizabeth married Sir William Wodehouse, of Wexham and Hickling; she was his wife up to A.D. 1554; after his death, *i.e.*, some time in 1556, she married her third husband, Sir Drue Drury, who was a relative, as is thus explained. Sir Robert¹ Drury, of Halstead, Suffolk, married Anne, daughter

of SIR WILLIAM² CALTHORP. Their son, Robert² Drury, died about 1575, and a daughter, Anne, Lady Jermyn, is shown by the village registers of Depden in Suffolk to have died and been buried there on 9 June, 1579. The same registers also show Catherine Lewkenor, daughter of Sir Edward Lewkenor, baptized 11 May, 1617. She married JAMES CALTHORPE, of East Barsham, Norfolk, and died in 1677. The third son of this second Robert Drury was Sir Drue Drury; he married first, Elizabeth, daughter of SIR PHILIP² CALTHORP, and relict of Sir William Wodehouse, and, second, a lady not named. He was keeper of the Tower of London in 1596, and one of the keepers of Mary, Queen of Scots, and died without issue by either of his wives on 29 April, 1617, aged ninety-nine years; his epitaph states: "Annos nonaginta novem, summa cum laude et integritate complevit."

The village register of Stonham Parva, Suffolk, shows Ambrose Duke, Esq., and ELIZABETH CALTHORPE married in 1599.

A list of the Ancient and Modern nobility in Suffolk quoted in vol. vii of "East Anglian Notes and Queries," gives the name of CALTHROP of Ampton.

46. The Lady Elizabeth died in _____, and was buried at the east end of the north aisle of St. Martin's Church, Norwich, where her third and last husband put up a handsome monument to her, with the following inscription, but no date: "ELIZABETHAE CALTHROP ex illustri et antiqua CALTHROPORUM familie oriundae: Unicae Parentis Filiae: Primum nobilissimo viro, Henrico Parker, Equito aurato, nuptae, deinde post eius mortem Gulielmo Woodhouse Equiti perillustri in Matrimonio locatae, Mulier . . . Caeterisque preclarissimis virtutibus egregie decorat . . . Faeminei sexus Ornament . . . Percell . . . Drugo Drury Armig. qui postremus in uxorem duxerit hoc Monumentum observantiae et benevolentiae, animo moerenti, non sine Luctu tam charae conjugis consecrabat." Probably the words "Ad piam memoriam," or some such other phrase stood above the first line of the inscription and

made sense of it. Beneath the above quoted inscription is another very long one, also in Latin, laudatory of her many amiable qualities. It begins with this little gem of an Elegiac quatrain :

Unica quae fuerit CALTHROPPI filia, cujus
 Nomen perfelix Elizabetha fuit,
 Hoc jacet in tumulo, Mulier tot laudibus aucta,
 Ut vix speremus posse videre parem.

She, who alone was Calthrop's daughter born,
 Elizabetha named, lies in this tomb :
 So many virtues did her mind adorn,
 We scarce can hope to see her like again.

It would be hard to beat this, and I have not space for the remainder. The English version was made by me.

47. I have now to revert a little and tell the tale of the children of Sir William² by his second wife Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Miles Stapylton (*see* para. 35). I have already mentioned their daughter Anne, and given the names of their four sons ; of these the eldest, Richard, appears to have died young, either unmarried or s.p. Of the fourth and youngest, William³, but little is found ; he is spoken of as William of Pockthorpe, a suburb of Norwich where he lived : he married, first, Cicely, father's name not found, who died s.p., and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of John Burney, Esq., and had by her an only daughter, Anne, married to Robert Jenyson, Esq., of Burnham Westgate. Elizabeth (Burney) survived her husband, William³, and held the manor of Hall Close for her life, she died in 1546 ; this estate then went with the rest to Anne Jenyson. After this we are, therefore, now only concerned with the second and third sons, viz., Sir Francis and Edward.

48. I find it on record that this Sir Francis let the site of the manor of Eccles to Thomas Wodehouse, Esq., for a term of ninety-nine years ; he married first, Elizabeth, dau. of Sir John Windham, who d.s.p., and second, Elizabeth, dau. of Ralph Burney, Esq., of Gonton, Norf., who survived him, and was afterwards rem. to John Culpepper, Esq., of Ingham, Norf. ; she died in 1582. By this lady Sir Francis had two

sons and one daughter, (1) William⁴, who married Thomasina¹, the eldest of the four daughters of Sir Thomas Tyndale, of Hockwold: this William⁴ sold the manor of Ingham to Sir Thomas Wodehouse, of Waxham, about 1520 or 1530, and died s.p., (2) Charles, married, left issue two daughters only and d. 1609, (1) Bridget, m. Thos. Eden, Esq. Sir Francis himself died in A.D. 1544, and so another shoot of the vine dropped off.

49. In Ingham Church is a memorial brass, engraved to the memory of Sir Francis' first lady. It runs thus: "Preces fundite p' a i'a DME ELIZABETH CALTHORP, nup, D'ni FRANCISCI CALTHORP consortis, que obt July 23, 1536." Below the inscription is a shield showing the arms of Sir Francis impaling those of his two wives, Elizabeth Windham and Elizabeth Burney. SIR FRANCIS CALTHORP died in A.D. 1544, as aforesaid, and was buried in the church at Ingham by the side of his first wife.

50. In the north-east processional walk of the Cathedral of Norwich is the monument of DAME ELIZABETH CALTHORP, *née* Burney, SIR FRANCIS CALTHORP'S second wife. It is thus inscribed: "This doth show that hereunder resteth the bodye of the Worshipfull DAME ELIZABETH CALTHROPP, widow, Ffirst the wief of SIR FRANCIS CALTHROP, Knight, and last the wief of John Cvllpeper, Esqvier, who departed this lief, the 24th Daie of December in the yere of our Lord GOD, 1582." There are three coats of arms, each distinct from the other, under the above, all of which is cut in capital letters with a curious scroll ornament at the end. Readers may please note the spelling of the surname. A copy of the whole of the inscription was taken down literatim, and most kindly and courteously sent to me by the Very Reverend the Dean of Norwich for the purpose of these notes.

51. In the church of St. Martin at the Palace, Norwich, is a tablet showing that in 1550 LADY CALTHORP gave a silver cup and a velvet carpet to the church. It appears that the CALTHORPS had their town house in this parish for many

years, as SIR WILLIAM DE CALTHORP certainly lived there in 1492, and probably long before then, for it is recorded that in 1447 the Executors of Joan, Lady Bardolph, sold the old seat of the Erpinghams, in St. Martin's at the Palace, to WILLIAM² CALTHORP, ESQ., and the receivership of the Erpingham manor was vested in SIR PHILIP¹ CALTHORP and his wife Joan (Blennerhasset), in A.D. 1487.

52. The third son of Sir William¹ by his second wife, Elizabeth (Stapleton), was Edward² of Ludham. He married a lady called Anne, daughter of Cromer, Esq., of ; their eldest son was Edward², he married in A.D. 1525, Thomasina², elder daughter of Thomas Garel, Esq., of Kirkeby Ram, or Kirby Cane, as it was sometimes written, and relict of Leonard Copledike, Esq., son of Sir John Copledike. In 1530 a deed records in a mixture of barbarous French and bad Latin, as follows :

“ Le manor de Kirbie Cane fuit par fine convey al EDWARD CALTHORP et Thomasin sa feme pour lour vies, remr. al John Copledik fil dictae Thomasinae et heirs males remr. heredit. de corporibus Edwardi et Thomasinae et rectis heredibus Thomasinae predictae.”

53. Thomasina died in 1557, and was buried with her husband, who apparently died earlier in that year, in the church at Kirkeby Ram. In 1 and 2 Mary¹ (A.D. 1553-4), all gentlemen possessing land to the clear value of £40 per annum were called upon to take the honour of knighthood, or pay a composition to avoid it. In that very year, under the heading of Norfolk, it is recorded that EDWARD CALTHROPP, ESQ., paid 8s. 4d. as his composition fee. He may have been ill, as he died in 1557, or he may not have wished to take the long and expensive journey to London. I may perhaps add here, though rather anticipating history, that King Charles I issued a commission to Sir Hamond Le Strange for compounding with such of the squires as did not wish to take up the honour of knighthood, dated 25 July, 1632. The report includes the names of SIR JACOBUS CALTHORPE de Cockthorpe, and SIR MARTIN CALTHORPE de Hickling.

54. Edward² and Thomasina² (Garel), sold a good deal of their property for reasons not stated. In 1561 they sold the manor of Lammis to John Culpepper, Esq., who had married Elizabeth, daughter of Ralph Burney, Esq., and widow of SIR FRANCIS CALTHORP, and was therefore their step-uncle. In 1570 they parted with the manors of Hall Close and Coldham Hall, and they conveyed the manor known as Parkers to Sir Thomas Wodehouse, whose son, Sir Henry Wodehouse, was lord in 1580. One of the Wodehouses, either a Sir Thomas or a Sir Philip, must have had rather a pretty wit, as well as more scholarship than was usual with the country squires of those days, if the following elegiac couplet which is ascribed to him was really his own composition. In an epitaph, composed for a relative, he is reported to have written :

Mentem, Membra, Jecur ; Succendit, Calfacit, Urit ;
Cantibus, Igne, Fide ; Musa, Caminus, Amor.

or as follows :

Musae succendit mentem cantibus ; Caminus calfacit membra
igne ; Amor urit jecur fide.

or in English :

The poet makes his mind glow with songs.
The furnace warms his limbs with flames,
Love fires his heart with faith.

55. Edward² and Thomasina² (Garel) had only one son, Edmund, to whom the bulk of their remaining property was left (he died s.p.), and three daughters, Mary, Grace, and Prudence. Mary died unmarried. Grace married and had a daughter, who was married to CHRISTOPHER CALTHORP, ESQ., son of SIR JAMES CALTHORP, of Cockthorp. (?) Prudence was married in 1545 to Ralph Shelton, Esq., lord of the manor of Brome, who died in 1592. They (Ralph and Prudence) had three daughters, Thomasina³, Grace, and Mary. As Edmund left no son, another shoot became extinct, and the property passed to the families into which the girls, Grace and Prudence, had married.

56. There was another EDWARD CALTHORP living about this time, but I have failed to find his pedigree. He was in Holy

Orders and was Dean of Redenhale in 1524. The parish register of Kirby Cane shows that "Edward, the infant son of EDWARD CALTHORP was buried ye 2 day of August 1683."

57. The course of my narrative now takes me to the history of Richard², the son of Sir William¹ and Sybilla (de Omer, his second wife), and grandson of SIR OLIVER¹ CALTHORP and Lady Isabel (Bacon). See paras. 30 and 32. SIR RICHARD¹ CALTHORP was born in 1400 and lived chiefly, if not entirely, at Cockthorp, his grandmother's ancestral manor; his father and elder brother having lived at Calthorp: so we have now a new line to follow, viz., that of SIR RICHARD¹ CALTHORP, of Cockthorp, also of Ingham, the main junior branch of the family. Sir Richard¹, who was born at Cockthorp and died there in 1439, married Margaret, daughter of William, and sister and heir of the Rev. John Irmingland, Rector of Stiffkey St. John. According to the instructions given in his Will, dated 1 February, 1438, and proved on the 25th of the same month, he was buried in the north aisle of the church at Cockthorp. The "Vitis" says he was buried at Stifkey, but this is one of the many mistakes that essay contains. Dame Margaret survived her first husband for over forty years, and was remarried to Robert Mekylfield, Esq., of Blyford, Suffolk, who also she survived; by her Will, dated 1480, she ordered her body to be buried by the side of her first husband, RICHARD¹ CALTHORP, in Cockthorp Church, which was done; her testament bears the same date, and mentions her sons, John, Oliver, and Agnes his wife, and William. Of William (he was, I firmly believe, the founder of the Lincolnshire Calthorps) little is known beyond that he was living in 1480. To him I will refer again as the probable ancestor of the Lincolnshire Calthorps, the first of the recorded deaths amongst whom is A.D. 1540. Oliver² and Agnes¹, daughter of Briggs, of Sall, Norfolk, were both living in 1480; Oliver was living in 1494. He presented to the Rectory of Stivekey St. John the Baptist in 1464. A James Calthorp was presented to the Rectory of Stivekey St. Mary by James Calthorp in 1557. Oliver² and

Agnes¹ had a son, Henry, married Agnes², who lived at Booton. He died 1 July, 1512, probably s.p. A brass was erected in Booton church. Nothing is known of Agnes². Henry's Will, dated March, 1511, directs his executors to sell his manor of Haws. Besides their three sons aforesaid, Richard¹ and Margaret had one daughter, Anne, married to Edmund Braunch, of Hunworth, Norfolk, where both were buried. By a deed dated at Cockthorp in 1439, John Irmingland, clerk, grants to MARGARET CALTHORP, his sister, widow of RICHARD CALTHORP, ESQ., deceased, a cottage in Stifkey; and by an indenture dated 1455, Robert Mekylfield of Blyford, and Margaret his wife, late wfe of RICHARD¹ CALTHORP, grant to OLIVER² CALTHORP, second son of the said Richard and the said Margaret, the manor of Sniterly.

58. In the reign of King Henry III (A.D. 1216 to 1272), Sir Peter de Ringstede held one quarter of the fee of Cockthorp by titles similar to those by which Sir Thomas Bacon held his share. Adam de Ringstede held it in 1347, and Thomas de Ringstede in 1402. He, Thomas, left a Will dated 20 April, 1480 (*sic*), in which he orders his body to be buried at the door of the church porch, Cockthorp; his son was Edmund de Ringstede, whose Will is dated in 1483 (*sic*), by which he directed his body to be buried in the Cockthorp churchyard; he left three sons, William, Thomas, and John. There is evidently some mistake in the two dates given above marked (*sic*), and it seems to me as if the last two figures in each case had been transposed, and that they should read 1408 and 1438 respectively. No account is available (at least, I can find none), showing the connection between the Irminghams, or the Mekylfields, with the de Ringstedes, but it seems clear that Margaret was the heir of this last family, whether by her father or her second husband, for the writer of the chronicle referred to, says, speaking of the Cockthorp manor: "this fee was formerly possessed by the CALTHORPES; Margaret Mekylfield, by a deed dated in 1468, granted her share, for a certain term of years, and on certain conditions, to her second son, OLIVER²

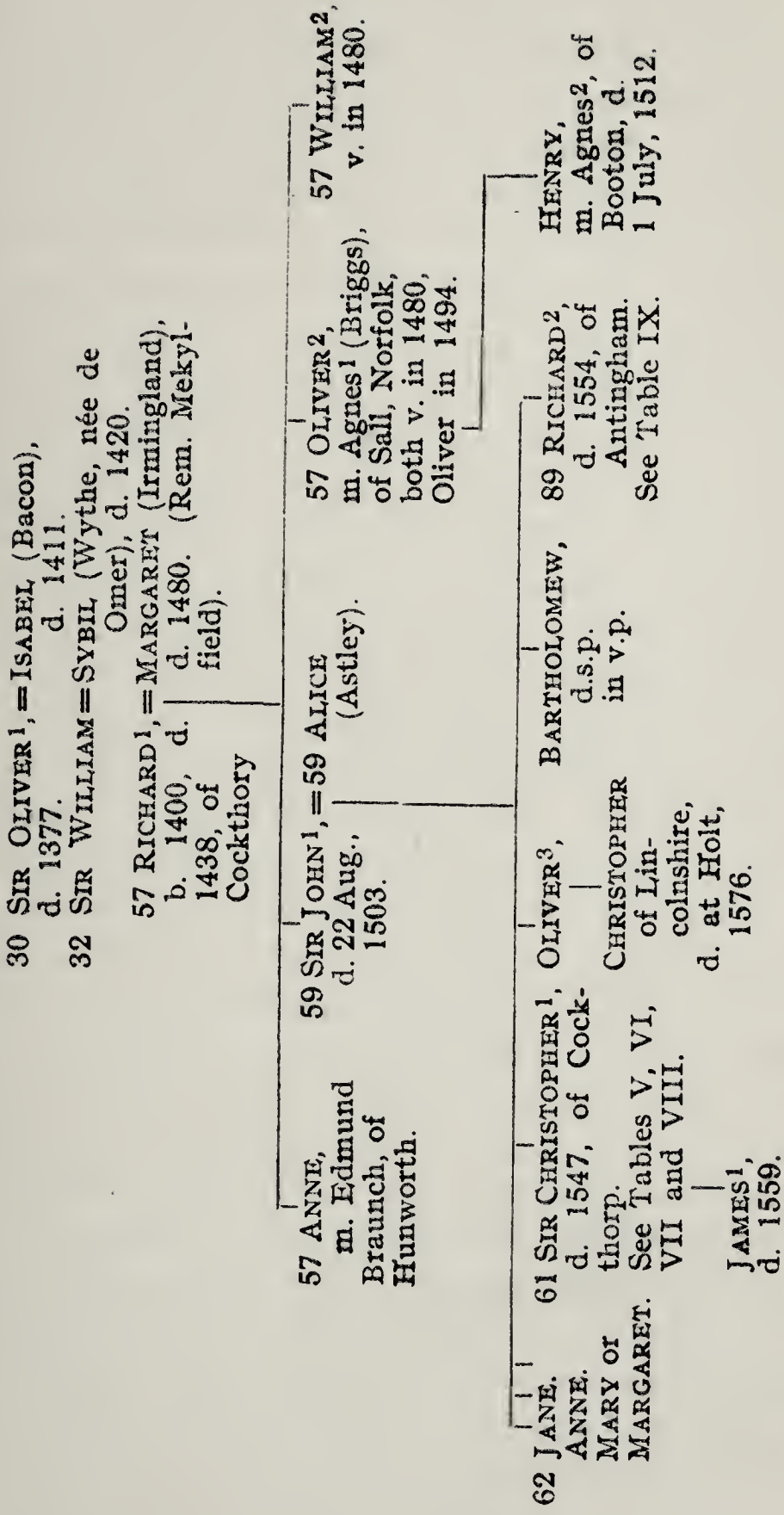
CALTHORP, after which it was to come to her eldest son, SIR JOHN¹ CALTHORP, and his heirs, and so be united with the other part.”

59. The eldest son of Richard² and Margaret (Irmingland) was Sir John¹, who m. Alice, d. of Sir John Astley, of Melton Constable, in Norfolk. He died 22 August, 1503. He requested in his Will, dated 6 June, 1503, that he might be buried in the church at Cockthorp ; but he was actually interred in the middle of the chancel of the Monastery Church of the Carmelites of Blakeney, of which he was the principal founder ; but it seems that at the dissolution of the Abbeys, his remains were exhumed and reburied in the parish church of Blakeney, or Sniterly, as it was often called, and so his original wish was fulfilled. Alice, his wife, survived him, and was buried in the Blakeney Church, where he was ultimately laid by her side. A monument in the church, dedicated to them both, is thus inscribed : “ Hic jacent corpora Joh : Calthorp, Armig. uni. fundatorum fratrum convent. et Aliciae uxor. ei. qui obt xxii die Aug : A'o D'ni MDIII, quor. a'i ab. p. pit.” with a shield showing the arms of Calthorp impaling those of Astley. A relative of Sir John Astley, one Isaac Astley, sold the manor of Astley or Holy Well, on 3 January, 1584, to JAMES³, ESQ., of Cockthorp ; he conveyed it to SIR HENRY CALTHORP, whose descendant, JAMES CALTHORP, was lord in 1698, and another JAMES CALTHORP in 1727.

60. I have above, para. 57, mentioned Dame Margaret's Will, and after that her testament, and perhaps I may be permitted to observe that these two deeds were at first quite distinct from each other ; they were sometimes made at the same time and engrossed on the same parchment, but by no means always so. The testament of a deceased person related to his or her personal goods and chattels, and was a very matter of fact list of bequests and recipients. The Will was much more solemn ; it commenced always, or nearly so, with a prayer commending his soul to God, then giving orders as to the place and cost of his burial, and setting aside a certain sum of

TABLE IV

The Junior Line from SIR OLIVER¹ through his younger grandson, RICHARD¹.



money for the expense of the same, and it then disposed of his lands and houses. In other words, the Will disposed of the testator's real, and the testament of his personal property. The Will of one Simon de Fyncham (which I came across while searching for record of the JOHN CALTHORP, Parson at Fincham, alluded to in the "Vitis") is written in English, and is separate from his Testament, which is in Latin. The former disposes of his real, and the latter of his personal property, according to the custom of the time, A.D. 1452.

61. The eldest son of John¹ and Alice was Christopher¹, commonly spoken of as "of Cockthorp," though his grandfather, Richard¹, was really the first of the family to live there; the second son was Oliver³, who was, I think, father of Christopher of Holt, *i.e.*, James, cousin Christopher of Lincolnshire. Richard of Antingham was the third son and Bartholomew, d.v.p. er s.p., was the fourth: and there were three daughters. Christopher¹ and Richard² were the heads of two long lines of descendants, the senior and junior branches of the junior line of the family, both of which I shall trace out in due course. The descent of these two brothers from Sir Oliver¹ is shown in Table IV, and the lines of their posterity in Tables V, VI, VII, VIII, and IX. Sir Christopher¹ was lord of Stirston in 1515, 1516 and 1517, by virtue of his marriage with Alianore², one of the daus. and heirs of Robert Bernard, Esq., of that manor and widow of William Brewes; Esq. (*See James Calthorp's Will*). Robert Bernard married Anne, daughter and heir of Thomas Pygot of Stirston. (Though rather anticipating events, the following details regarding the Stirston manor may not be uninteresting. Sir Christopher¹ held his first court here in 1515 by the right of his wife; their son, James¹ was lord in 1560; by the year 1570, his son, Christopher², was dead, and the manor was held in dower by his widow, Joan (Rokewood), who was afterwards remarried to Sir Jerome Bowes. In 1580, Sir Jerome released the manor to SIR JAMES² CALTHORP, of Cockthorp, then just twenty years of age; he was lord up to 1610, when he was in

turn succeeded by his son, Christopher³). Sir Christopher¹ sold the manor of Leaches, in Cawston, in 1518; in 1543 he paid 3s. 4*d.* for his fee in Cockthorp. He died in 1547, and was buried in the church at Cockthorp. His Will was proved 10 January, 1547/8.

62. Sir John¹ and Alice (Astley) had, besides their four sons, Christopher¹ of Cockthorp, Oliver³ of Cockthorp, Richard² of Antingham, and Bartholomew, d.s.p. in v.p., three daughters: (1) Jane, m. 1. Mounteney, of Threxton, 2. Yelverton, of Rougham, (2) Anne, m. Thomas Brome, (3) Mary (? Margaret), m. 1. John (? Robert) Symonds, of Suffield, by whom she had five sons and four daughters, 2. — Reymes.

63. Sir Christopher¹ and Alianore² Bernard had, besides their eldest son, James¹, for whom, see below, a younger son, William, d.s.p., and a daughter Bridget. James¹, eldest son of Christopher¹ and Alianore², was the next lord of the family manors; he married in 1554, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Garnish, Esq., of Kenton, in Suffolk. He is found to have covenanted that his son Christopher², then an infant only about one year old should marry Joan,, daughter and afterwards co-heir of Roger Rokewood, Esq., of Euston, Suffolk, if he grew up; a rather remarkable case of infant betrothal, such as one would rather expect to read of as occurring amongst the Brahmins of Bengal, than the Christians of Norfolk. Besides their eldest son Christopher², James¹ and Elizabeth (Garnish) had two other sons, Thomas, who lived at Stifkey, m. Ann Holdich, and John, who held the manor of Netherhall; many references are made to them in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, about 1564 to 1580. They had also two daughters: (1) Anne, m. John Pennington, (2) Mary, m. Thos. Mordaunt. James¹'s Will is dated 22 August, 1558, and was proved on 14 June, 1559; in it he mentions his father Christopher¹, his mother Elinor², Bernard, his cousin Edmund, merchant of London, his wife Elizabeth (Garnish), his sons, Thomas and John, his son-in-law, Mordaunt, husband of his dau. Mary, and his daughter, Anne, unmarried, subsequently

m. to John Pennington. In it his name and that of all his family is throughout spelled "Calthrop," except in one place where the final 'p' is doubled. The Will begins: I, James Calthrop, of Cockthorpe, etc. He did not mention any Christopher of Lincoln or elsewhere or any cousin Christopher at all. See Part III, para. 4. (The reference to Edmund as "Mayor" of London is a mistake, caused probably by the error of some copyist, as no CALTHORP was Lord Mayor of London before Sir Martin in 1588, it should no doubt be "Merchant.") A license of alienation was granted to James¹ in A.D. 1547, and in A.D. 1558, he executed a deed of feoffment in trust for the benefit of his younger sons Thomas and John. He died in 1562, and was buried at Cockthorpe. Robert Garnish, besides his estate in Kenton, where he lived, was also lord of Baconsthorpe, and in 1527 he presented the REV. JAMES CARTHROPPE to the Rectory of that parish. This is a very curious way of mis-spelling the name, and does not occur anywhere else. Thomas de Stiffkey and Ann (Holdich) apparently had no family. John de Netherhall m. Alice Lyon of Stiffkey, and the parish registers there show that they had two sons and three daughters: (1) Mary, b. 1565, d. 1592, at Maple, Durham, unm., (2) Ann, b. 1566, (3) James, b. 1568 (4) Elizabeth, b. 1570, (5) John, b. 1571, d. 1634, leaving issue. His Will, dated 13 March, 1633, proved 3 May, 1634, mentions his wife Elizabeth of Foulsham and sons John and Thomas.

"In 1595 James Calthrop and his sister Elizabeth are named as residing in Lincolnshire (Holbeach?). They were the children of John Calthrop of Cockthorpe by his wife Alice Lyon, and grandchildren of the said James Calthrop who died in 1559." Or did Elizabeth (Garnish), widow of James¹ Calthrop remarry Sir Jerome Bowes of London in 1571?

64. The aforesaid Christopher², eldest son and heir of Sir James¹ and Elizabeth Garnish, born in 1535 (?), did grow up to manhood and did duly marry his fiancée from babyhood, the lady Joan Rokewood, who survived him, and afterwards became the wife of Sir Jerome Bowes, of London. The

inquisition after her death is dated 8 July, 1606 ; she left her own private fortune to James² Calthorp, her eldest son by her first husband. The eldest child (?) of Sir Christopher² and his wife, Joan (Rokewood), is stated to have been a daughter, called Joan, who is shown by the "Visitation of England and Wales," edited by F. A. Crisp, to have been born in 1559, married to Sir Sinolphus Bell (who died in 1607), third son of Sir Robert Bell, Lord Chief Baron. She died 26 February, 1621-2, aged sixty-two years. There were also two other daughters : Jane, b. 1560, and Elizabeth, of whom no further mention is made.

65. Sir James², son and heir of Christopher² and Joan (Rokewood), was High Sheriff of Norfolk in ?, and received the honour of knighthood from King James I. He married Barbara¹, daughter of Francis Bacon, Esq., of Hasset, in Norfolk. In 1618, Sir Robert Narinton, Master of the Wards and Liveries, and Sir Benjamin Rudyard, Knt., Surveyor thereof, granted to SIR JAMES² CALTHORP, son and heir of CHRISTOPHER² CALTHORP, ESQ., deceased, several properties, including the manors of Cockthorp, Blakeney, etc. Sir James²'s grandson, James³, sold them to SIR HENRY CALTHORP, of Ampton, in Suffolk, who was his uncle, being as will be shown, the second son of James² and Barbara¹ (Bacon). On the dissolution of Langley Abbey, the advowson of Blakeney was granted to the Earl of Sussex ; in 1553, Henry, Earl of Sussex, conveyed it by fine to SIR JAMES¹ CALTHORP ; in 1722 and 1724 JAMES⁷ CALTHORP, ESQ., presented to the Rectory, and again in 1727 he presented a relative, the REV. HENRY CALTHORP, to this living. Sir James² died 15 June, 1615 ; his wife, Barbara (Bacon), survived him for a time, died 3 September, 1639, and was then buried by his side in their parish church at Cockthorp, where a tablet bears the following very interesting inscription :

" To God and Posterity."

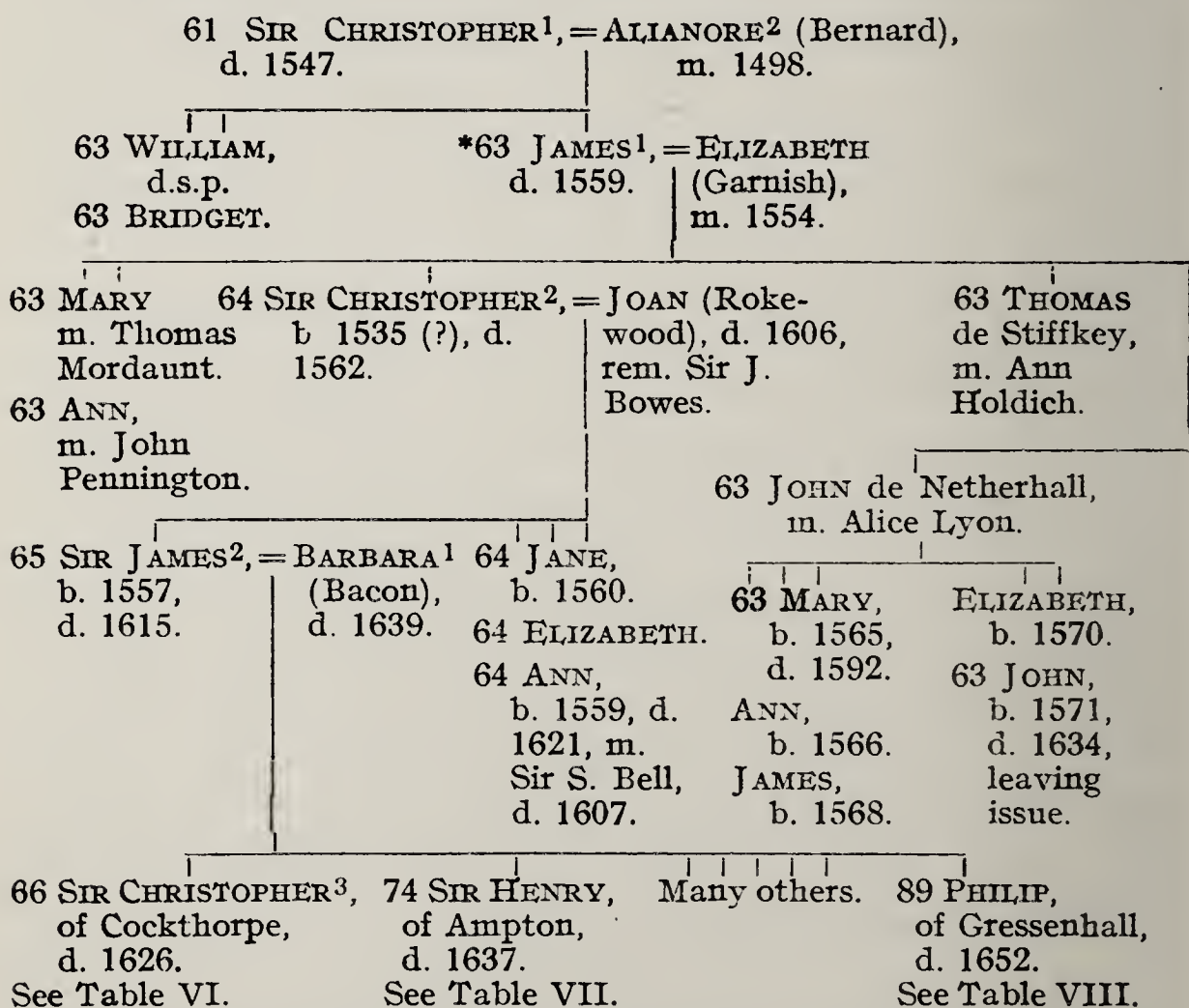
" In assured hope of a joyful resurrection resteth (*sic*) here the bodies of SIR JAMES CALTHORPE, Knight, and Dame

Barbara his wife, daughter to John Bacon, Esq., of Hasset. By her he had 8 sons and 6 daughters, in whose several marriages and issues the ancient glory of the name and family (resting then chiefly and almost solely in himself), did reflourish and is dilatated into many of the best houses in the county. He was buried the 16th day of June, A.D. 1615, and of his age 57.

“The said Dame Barbara surviving him, and much comforted with the sight of 193 of their children and their offspring, at the age of 86 years exchanged this life for a better, upon the 5th day of Nov., A.D. 1639.”

TABLE V

The Senior Branch of the Junior Line. From SIR CHRISTOPHER¹, of Cockthorp, to SIR CHRISTOPHER³, of Cockthorp.



*JAMES CALTHORP, of Cockthorpe, is said to have had a daughter Ann, m. to Inyghell Penyston of Havely, Norfolk.

After the date 1639 this verse is added :

“ Behold children are ye inheritance of ye Lord and the fruit of the womb His reward.”—Psalm 127, v. 3.

66. Sir James² and Dame Barbara (Bacon) had fourteen children, eight sons and six daughters, and before considering the eldest son and heir, Sir Christopher³, it will be convenient to mention the younger members of their family and clear the ground to a certain extent. The second surviving son was Philip, of Gressenhall, for whom see Table VII and para. 87. Their other sons were James, baptized 20 May, 1585, m. Dorothy and had a son, Richard, and five daughters ; d. 1639, at Dunchiddock ; Will proved 11 October, 1639 ; Francis, baptized 12 May, 1593 ; Nathaniel, baptized 1 November, 1599 ; John, married Elizabeth Walker, 2 April, 1627 ; and Thomas “ Colturop ” of Fincham, married Grace in 1658 and left issue. The daughters were (1) Eleanor, m. 9 November, 1598, to Thomas, son of Bartholomew Cotton, of Starston, (2) Mary, b. 28 September, 1582, wife of Hamond Ward, of Letheringset, and had 12 sons and 4 daughters : he died 20 March, 1650 ; (3) Ann, b. 7 November, 1583, d. 1662, m. to Sir W. de Grey, of Martyn (? Merton), who d. 19 October, 1632. Anne lived until 1662 and is spoken of as “ the worthy Lady Anne de Grey, widow ” ; (4) Elizabeth, baptized 26 February, 1587 ; (5) Jane, baptized 30 November, 1589, wife of (1) Sir E. Thimblethorp and (2) of Sir Edward Peyton ;*

*In the parish church of Braconash is a tablet inscribed : “ Here lieth the body of Thomas Peyton, the younger son of Sir Edward Peyton, Bart., of Isleham in Camb., by his second wife Jane, daughter of SIR JAMES³ CALTHORPE of East Barsham, Norfolk, born 1616, died 1683.” The grandson of Sir Edward Peyton and JANE CALTHORPE was Robert Peyton ; he emigrated to Virginia and founded a family there who became very rich and much respected.

There have been several marriages between the Peytons and CALTHORPES ; from the “ History of the Chesters of Chichester,” by R. E. C. Waters, Esq., I take the following notes regarding the pedigree of the Peytons. Thomas Peyton was High Sheriff of Cambs in 1443 and 1453 ; he died 30 July, 1484, and was buried at Isleham. His son Thomas followed the example of his ancestors by marrying an heiress, for his wife was Joan, the only child of — CALTHORPE, of Burnham, St. Martin’s, in Suffolk, and heiress of CALTHORPE’S manor in that parish. Thomas, the son and heir of the above said Thomas by JOAN CALTHORPE, succeeded his grandfather in July, 1484, his father having

and (6) Barbara, baptized 19 April, 1592, m. to Sir Valentine Pell, Knt. He died in 1658. She died 19 February, 1667, aged 76. They were both buried at Dersingham. We may now consider the eldest son and heir, Christopher³, who married in 1602, Maud, d. and coh. of John Thurton, Esq., of Brome, Norfolk, he died in 1625, leaving a large family (see Table VI), of whom the eldest was the celebrated Sir James³, for whom see para. 68. The others were (2) Robert, d. 1616, buried in St. Luke's, Norwich; (3) Matilda, b. 1613; (4) Barbara, b. 1608, m. Henry, second son of Sir Lestrange Mordaunt; (5) Grace, wife of Robt. Strutt, of Hadley, they had a dau., Barbara, to whom there is a memorial in the church at East Barsham, inscribed "Barbara Strutt, second daughter of Robert Strutt, Esq., of Hadley, and Grace his wife, dau. of CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, Esq., of Cockthorp, born in 1633, died 14 May, 1714, aet. 81." (7) Charles, of Massingham, m. Martha, dau. of Thos. Gurney of West Barsham, and widow of W. Smith, Esq., and d.s.p.; (6) Edward, said to have been a Turkey merchant living in London: he married Bridget, dau. of Thos. Deye, Esq., of Scoulton; she was his first cousin once removed, being the dau. of Barbara, dau. of PHILIP CALTHORP, of Gressenhall. Edward and Bridget (Deye) had two sons and two daughters, (1) James, d. somewhere abroad in 1665, unm., (2) Elizabeth, b. *circa* 1650,

died previously. His son and heir was Sir Robert Peyton, who was twenty years old when his father died in 1518; he married, in January, 1516, when only eighteen years of age, Frances, the only child of Francis Hasilden, Esq., and his wife Elizabeth, daughter of SIR WILLIAM CALTHORPE, of Burnham, whose descent from the blood royal of England is shown in the pedigree annexed (*see* Table III). MISTRESS ELIZABETH CALTHORPE was thus eighth in descent from King Edward I of England.

Sir Thomas Peyton, born 31 March, 1549, a barrister of Gray's Inn, is shown by the parish register of St. Peter-le-Poor, to have married on 26 March, 1573, Anne, daughter of SIR MARTIN CALTHORPE, Lord Mayor of London. He was knighted on 13 May, 1603, and died early in 1611, having survived his wife. Their son was Sir Samuel Peyton.

Sir Edward Peyton, Knight and Baronet, who was born on 6 June, 1614, married Jane, daughter of SIR JAMES CALTHORPE, Kt., of Cockthorp, Norfolk, and had issue, from whom the Peyton baronets are descended. JANE CALTHORPE had previously been married to Sir Edmond Thimelthorpe, Bart.

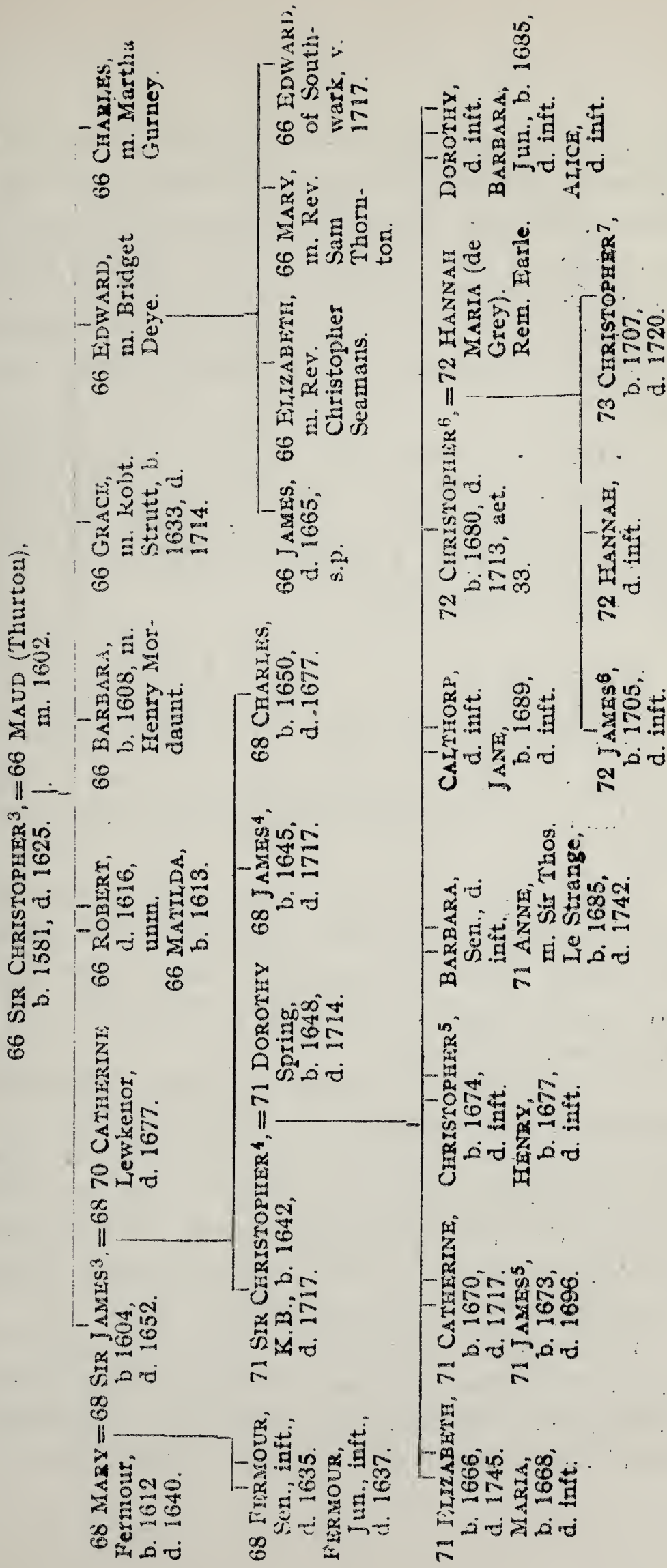
m. Rev. Christr. Seamans and d. 1727, (3) Mary, b. 1662, wife of Rev. Sam Thornton, Rector of Saxlingham. He died 1723 and she in 1742, aet. eighty. (4) Edward, of Southwark, v. in 1717, he was probably the father of the infant Edward, noted in para. 56, as having been buried at Kirby Cane ye 2 of August, 1683.

67. There were several other CALTHORPS, descended from younger sons, whose names have not been recorded, living in the middle and towards the end of the sixteenth century. For instance, a BRIAN CALTHORP, and Margaret his wife, levied a fine in 1553, regarding some lands in Burnham Westgate; and a JAMES CALTHORP, alias Wirbick (*sic*), died in 1595, and his sister, Elizabeth, had the administration of his goods granted to her by the Archbishop. (See para. 24, part iii). The records of the Worshipful Company of Skinners of London show that AMBROSE CALTHORPE, son of MARTIN CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Blickling (? Thurston), was admitted an apprentice in 1621, and given the freedom of the Company in 1628. SAMUEL CALTHORPE, son of ROBERT CALTHORPE, ESQ., late of Holbitch, co. Lincoln, was given the freedom of the same Company in 1668. The Will of John Leigh, Esq., citizen of London, proved 23 September, 1641, mentions as his Executor, ROBERT CALTHROPP, Gent., of Dunmow, Essex. *See also* extracts from the registers of the village of Bramwell, co. Suffolk, Appendix III. The extent of the family and their numerous marriages must have made the CALTHORPS connected with nearly every family of note, not only in the county of Norfolk, but in all East Anglia. The "Vitis" recounts that JAMES³ CALTHORP, of Barsham, in his own right, and that of his mother, might quarter the arms of the following twenty-four families, viz., CALTHORP, Gestingthorp, Stanhow, Bacon, de Omer, Irmingland, Barnard, Picot, Rokewood, Alcock, Witchingham, Thurton, Shelton, Brome, Manley, Burgullion, Isle, Cockfield, Stapyhton, De la Pole, Ingham, Wythe, de Omer, and Watchesam.

68. The next possessor of the family estates, the eldest son of Christopher³ and Maud (Thurton), was a county celebrity, SIR JAMES CALTHORP³, of East Barsham ; there is a very good portrait of him in Blomefield's Essay, opposite p. 57, vol. vii. I have, however, been fortunate enough to secure a print from the original plate by Faithorne, of which Blomefield's engraving is only a reduced copy. James³ was born in 1604, and married about 1628, as his first wife, Mary, the daughter and sole heir of William Fermour, Esq., and of Ann his wife, when she was only fifteen years and eight months of age. They had issue two sons, both of whom died in infancy ; Mary lived with her husband for twelve years and four months, dying just twenty-eight years old, on 12 May, 1640. These successive bereavements, one child dying in 1635, the next in 1637, and their mother in 1640, may well have saddened his heart ; but the following touching inscription which he caused to be put on the wall of the East Barsham Almshouse, where it still remains, shows his pious and trustful disposition. It runs thus : " Boni si quid habeo a Deo sympsi non a me prae sympsi ; nec in eo quod jam donavit ingratus, nec in eo quod adhuc non donavit incredulus." By his marriage with Mary, daughter and heir of William Fermour, the Manor House of Wolleston, East Barsham, came into the family ; it is one of the finest examples of moulded brick work in the United Kingdom. This lady also brought Thorpland Hall, Fakenham. James³ married on 30 July, 1641, as his second wife, Catherine, daughter of Sir Edward Lewkenor, by whom he had a large family, comprising (1) his eldest living son and heir, Sir Christopher⁴, b. 1642 ; (2) James⁴, of the Middle Temple, born 1644, died unmarried 19 January, 1717, aetat. seventy-three years ; possibly another son, b. 1643, intervened ; (3) Charles, born 1650, died 8 November, 1677, s.p., aetat. twenty-seven years—by his Will, which was dated 5 May, 1676, this CHARLES CALTHORPE founded a free school in the village of Great Massingham. James³ died on 19 April, 1652, aged forty-eight years, and was buried at East Barsham. He left two

TABLE VI

The first division of the Senior Branch of the Junior Line. From SIR CHRISTOPHER³, of Cockthorp, to its extinction.



cottages in this parish for the perpetual use of the poor. Katherine (Lewkenor) survived her husband, dying 17 November, 1677, after twenty-five years of widowhood ; she was then buried at East Barsham. In the chancel of this church is a very sumptuous monument of alabaster and black marble, representing the effigy of a lady rising from her tomb surrounded by figures of angels, etc. ; on the base is the following inscription :

“ JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., dedicates this monument to the pious memory of Mary his wife, second daughter and sole heir of Wm. Fermour, Esq., and of Ann his wife, daughter of Robert Brook, Esq., Alderman of London, by whom he had issue two sons who died.

	DIED.	AGED.
Andrew Fermour	1 February, 1627	
William Fermour	24 November, 1635	
FERMOUR CALTHORPE, SENR.	2 March, 1635	5 years
FERMOUR CALTHORPE, JUN.	1 December, 1637	18 days

And the said Mary, at the age of 28 years, having lived 12 years and 4 months thereof with the said James, died 12 May, 1640.”

In 1667 JAMES CALTHORPE was gazetted as Ensign in one of the new regiments of foot “ raised or to be raised,” and in 1692 Lieut. Colonel CALTHORP of the Guards was wounded and reported dead at the battle of Steinkirk, but he “ afterwards returned to camp.”

69. A visitation of Norfolk was made in 1664 by a commission issued by Charles II ; the only existing copy of their proceedings is in the library of the College of Arms, Queen Victoria Street, London, marked D 20. It contains the names of CALTHORP of Hickling, p. 22 ; CALTHORP of Blakeney and East Barsham, p. 125 ; and CALTHORP of Cockthorpe, Blakeney, and Great Massingham, p. 141.

70. Katherine (Lewkenor), second wife and widow of James³ CALTHORP, of East Barsham, bought the manor of Wissingham from Thomas Boxons, Esq., and settled it on her second son, James⁴, of the Middle Temple, who was lord in

1708. He died unmarried, 19 January, 1717, and was buried at East Barsham. From the CALTHORPS this manor went, by the two daughters and co-heirs of SIR CHRISTOPHER⁴ CALTHORP, to Sir Thomas L'Estrange.

71. The eldest son and heir of Sir James³ and Katherine (Lewkenor), his second wife, was SIR CHRISTOPHER⁵ CALTHORPE, K.B. He was born in 1642, and married Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Spring, Bart., of Fakenham, on 19 September, 1664. Dame Dorothy bore him fourteen children, five sons and nine daughters; but the poor lady was very unfortunate with them, for though only aged sixty-six when she died, no less than six of her daughters and all her sons had predeceased her. She was born in 1648 and died 7 February, 1714, or 1715, and was buried at Fakenham. Sir Christopher⁴ was raised to the dignity of a Knight of the Bath.

Parliament of Charles II of March 6, 1678/9.

Norfolk,

Returned for Norfolk County

SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, Knt. of the Bath.

(Page 536).

He was buried at Fakenham, where there is a tablet inscribed :
 " To the memory of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, Knight of the Bath, and the last survivor of sixty-eight knights of that honourable order, eldest son of JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., and Katherine his wife, daughter of Sir Edward Lukenor, died 7 February, 1717-8, aged 75 years." The church at Fakenham also contains a black marble slab to the memory of Catherine, third daughter of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORP, Knight of the Bath, and of Dame Dorothy, his wife. Died 19 September, 1717, aged forty-seven years. Another stone at Fakenham is to the memory of JAMES CALTHORP, ESQ., eldest son of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORP, K.B. Born 9 June, 1673, died 24 June, 1696. The inscription is in Latin, and runs thus :
 " Jacobus, Domini CHRISTOPHORI CALTHORP, Militis Balnei, et Dominae Dorotheae, filiae Domini Gulielmi Spring, de

Suffolcia Baronetti, conjugis dilectissimae, Filius natu maximus, vir optime constans erat. Benignique animi, ac et ipsis religionis principiis vere pius. Natus Junii 9no 1673, Obiit Junii 24to 1696." In the church of St. Mary the Virgin, Hunstanton, is a tablet engraved, "Here lies the body of ELIZABETH CALTHORP, daughter of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORP, K.B., of East Barsham in Norfolk, the eldest of 14 children, 9 daughters and 5 sons, by his Lady Dorothy, sole surviving daughter of Sir William Spring. Born 27 February, 1666. Died 20 February, 1745, aet. 79 years." Another stone is in memory of Dame Anne L'Estrange, wife of Sir Thomas L'Estrange, daughter of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORP, K.B. Born 8 August, 1685. Died 4 February, 1742. The names of the whole of the 14 children are given in Table VI.

72. Sir Christopher⁴'s fourth, but eldest surviving son, was Christopher⁶, born 1680, died August, 1713, aet. thirty-three, about two years before the death of his father, and was buried at Fakenham. Christopher⁶ married Hannah Maria, daughter of Thomas de Grey, Esq., of Merton, and by her he had issue James and Hannah, who died while infants, and another son Christopher⁷, born 5 November, 1707, the last of this line. After the death of Christopher⁶ his wife Hannah Maria remarried Erasmus Earl, Esq., of Heydon, Norfolk. As Christopher⁶ died before his father, Sir Christopher⁴, the boy, Christopher⁷, became heir to his grandfather, the said Christopher⁴. Death was very busy with the CALTHORP family in the second decade of the seventeenth century, for, as is seen from above, the relatives of the last Christopher⁷ died as follows :

In 1713, his father, Christopher⁶.

In 1715, his grandfather, Sir Christopher⁴.

In 1717, his great uncle, James⁴.

And in 1720, Christopher⁷, the last remaining male descendant of Sir Christopher³ died while a schoolboy at Bury St. Edmunds, from a violent fever, aged thirteen years and one day. With him the direct senior branch of the junior line of the CALTHORP

family became extinct. By the death of this youth his two aunts, Elizabeth and Jane aforesaid, inherited the estates. (*See* para. 71). Anne was the wife of Sir Thomas L'Estrange, and left her share to him, and Elizabeth, who was a spinster, left her half to her brother-in-law, and so Sir Thomas got the whole.

73. Near Sir Christopher⁴'s tablet in the church at Fakenham is another one inscribed: "In memory of Dame Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Spring, Bart., of Fakenham, wife of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE from 19 September, 1664, to 7 February, 1715: mother of 14 children, 9 daughters and 5 sons, of whom 6 daughters and all the sons deceased before her." There is also another one thus inscribed: "Here lyeth the body of CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, ESQ., grandson of SIR CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, Knight of the Bath. The loss of a youth of such promising parts and ingenuity, and the last male heir of this elder branch of that antient family can never enough be lamented. He died of a violent fever at the school of St. Edmund's, Bury, 6 November, 1720, aged 13 years and 1 day." In the churchyard is an altar tomb, surrounded by iron rails, with a slab engraved thus: "In spem beatae resurrectionis sub hoc marmore conductur reliquiae CHRISTOPHERI CALTHORPE, Armigeri filii 4ti CHRISTOPHERI CALTHORPE de East Basham in Comit. Norf. Militis Balnei, qui post longam valetudinem firmam, desiderium amicis et flebilis omnibus animam Deo reddidit. 7 August, 1713, aetat. 32."

74. I now come to one of the most illustrious of our family; the second son of JAMES² CALTHORP and Barbara¹ (Bacon), was Henry, afterwards SIR HENRY CALTHROP, as he was accustomed to write his name. He might well be styled the head of the senior branch of the junior line. From the volume of "Notable Middle Templars," kindly shown to me by Harvey Hartley, Esq., Barrister of that Inn, I find that HENRY CALTHROP was born at Cockthorp in 1586; he was admitted to the Middle Temple as a student on 16 February, 1606, and

was called to the bar on 13 February, 1615. He acquired a large and lucrative practice, and was appointed Solicitor-General to Queen Henrietta Maria. In 1635 he was made Recorder of London, and was knighted by Charles I at St. James's Palace, 8 March, 1635. He was chosen Autumn Reader in 1636, but did not read on account of the plague; in the same year he was also Attorney-General of the Court of Wards and Liveries. He died in August, 1637. In the visitation of Somerset, made by Sir Thomas Phillips, his name is spelled as above.

In 1636 amongst the givers of gilt plate (as New Year gifts) to the King is "Mr. Calthrop, a cup and cover, £53. 18. 0."

75. He wrote, for his own use, a treatise on the Liberties, Usages, and Customs of the City of London, which was published after his death, in 1642; also Reports of cases touching the Customs and Liberties of the City of London, first printed in 1645, a second reprint of which was published with the aforesaid treatise annexed in 1670. I have seen this book; on the title-page the author's name is given as "SIR HENRY CALTHROP, Knight, sometimes Recorder of London," and a letter dedicating the first treatise to Sir Thomas Lowe, Citizen and Merchant Taylor of the City of London, is signed HENRY CALTHROP; the date of this letter is entered as "given from my chamber in the Middle Temple, 2 January, A.D. 1661." This is an evident misprint, it might be meant for 1616, but my friend, C. E. A. Bedwell, Esq., Assistant Librarian of the Middle Temple Library, who has given me much assistance, points out that there is a copy of this book in the British Museum corresponding exactly to the one in his library, except that the date is 1618. The dates are printed from type, not written in by hand, and it is curious that such a discrepancy should have occurred. Another copy of Sir Henry's book is included in Lord Somer's "Collection of Tracts," vol. v, p. 520; in it the author's name is also spelled CALTHROP. But in Dugdale's "Originales Juridiciales," p. 210, his name is first spelled CALTHORP, and thirteen lines lower down as CALTHORPE.

76. The author of an article in "The Gentleman's Magazine" for 1831, vol. ii, p. 406, speaks of him as "that humble-hearted, loving, honest man," and goes on to say how the family became possessed of the lordship of Cockthorp, in which they continued to reside for many generations, and "whose ancestors were seated in the same county from the time of the Norman Conquest; this family being one of the very few of the ancient race of English gentry, whose origin may be satisfactorily traced to that period."

77. Sir Henry was himself one of a family of eight sons and six daughters; he married Dorothy, daughter and heiress of Edward Humphrey, Esq., and by her he had ten children, five sons and five daughters, only one of whom, Sir James, of Ampton, said to have been knighted by Oliver Cromwell, attained majority. The names of them all are not known, but Table VI records what is known. Sir Henry was an enthusiastic antiquary, and collected a great deal of information regarding the county families of Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex, which are freely quoted in the "Collectanea Geographica et Genealogica." He died 1 August, 1637, leaving only this one son, James, then a boy of 11 years of age, as his heir, for whom see below, para. 80. He was buried in the chancel at Ampton, on the north side of which is a very handsome mural monument of black and white marble, ornamented with effigies of himself and lady, with their children, and the following inscription:

"Depositum HENRICI CALTHORPE equitis armati 2do geniti JACOBI CALTHORPE equitis armati olim Domini de Cockthorpe in agro Norfolkensi quem si diurnare parcae concesserunt, Antiqua Calthorpiorum prosapia eius refluisset Meritis; ab adolescentia studiis juris municipalis Angliae innutritus. Ita industria affectuum Temperantia Prudentia et Juditio claruit, ut primum illustrissimae Reginae Henriettae Mariae Sollicitator, eadem in consiliis Reventiorum in concessu cooptatus: Dein Londini Recordator, et tandem Serenissimo Regi Carolo a tutelarum procuratore designatus, summa fidelitatis, et aequitatis laude singulis perfunctus est.

“ Habuit in uxorem Dorotheam filiam et cohaeredem Edvardi Humphrey, et neptem Gulielmi Whettel Arm: ex qua quinque filios, totidemq. filias suscepit: quorum Jacobus, Dorothea, et Henrietta Maria conflorentes indole viduatam oblectant: Gulielmus et Edvardus hic in paterno obdormiunt tumulo ut ergo pietas optimo manifestetur coniugi, et grata *Δωροθεον* extaret recordatio, ipsa tantis funeribus funus superstes, Hoc monumentum posuit. Obiit in Calend August aetatis suae L^{mo} CICDCXXVII.”

Sanctificatus brevi implevit longa tempora.

Sap: 4 ver 13.

“ He, being made perfect in a short time, fulfilled a long time.’

Wisdom of Solomon. Chap. 4, ver. 13.

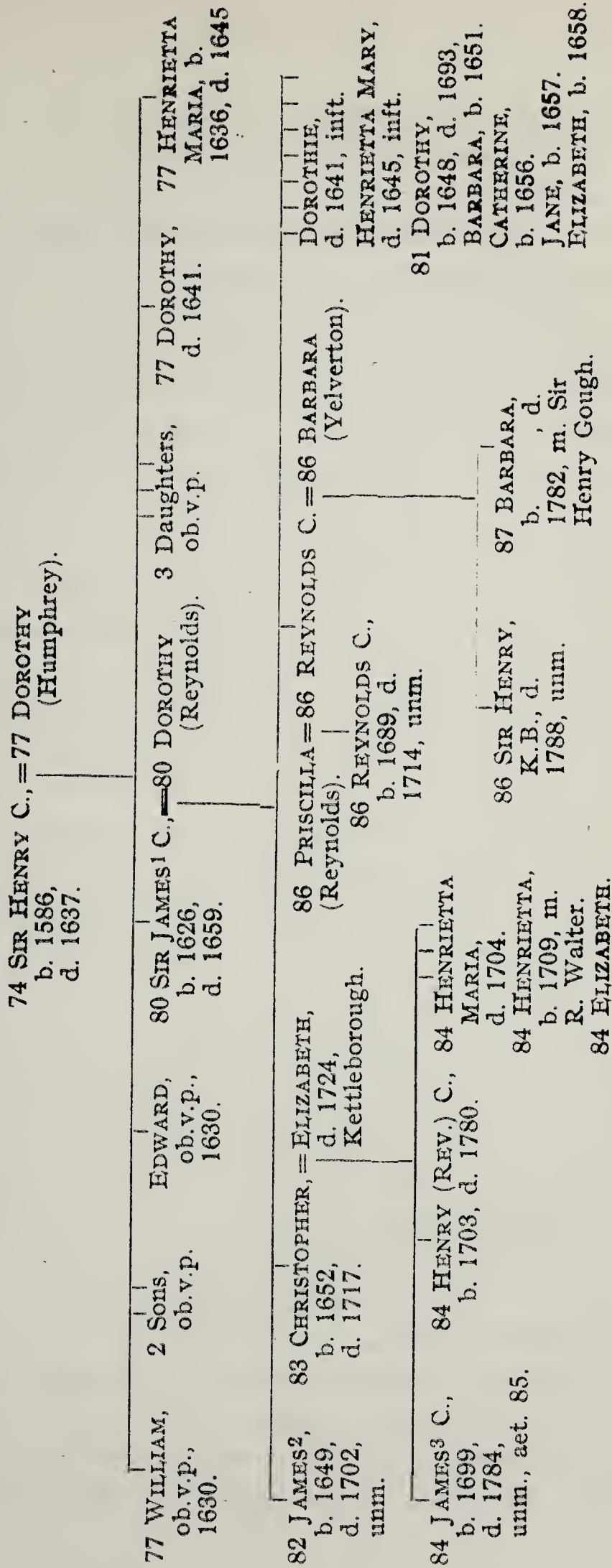
78. As the boy James was only eleven years old at his father's death, the King (Charles I) granted his custody, wardship, and marriage to Dame Dorothy, his mother, and SIR PHILIP CALTHORPE, of Gressenhall and Sir Valentia (als. Thos.) Pell, of Darringham, his uncles. After some interval Dame Dorothy remarried Robert Reynolds, Esq.

I have given at the end of the notes a list showing the admissions into the Society of Lincoln's Inn and the Middle Temple, of members of our family. From the records of Lincoln's Inn, courteously shown to me by A. F. Etheridge, Esq., Librarian, I find in the list of those who, under the statutes of 1466, were called the “ Utter Baresters,” a CALTHORPE, admitted in 1458, No. 1 on my list. His Christian name and parentage are not known, and all that I can find of him is the following curious remark: “ In 1457-8 CALTHORPE was admitted and pardoned all vacations; he was to be admitted to repasts when his lord and lady were in town, or at Westminster; for which favor he was to pay 13s. 4d. and give the Society a buck and a doe within the three years next following.”

79. No 7 on this list is Charles, one of our most illustrious relatives; he was admitted into the Society on 31 October, 1560, as CHARLES CALTHORPE, ESQ.; he was called to the bar in 1569 as MR. CALTHROP; and Master of the Revels

TABLE VII

The second division of the Senior Branch of the Junior Line. From SIR HENRY C., of Ampton, to its extinction.



afterwards as MR. CALTHORP, and the same again in 1578. In 1581 he was Pensioner as MR. CHARLES CALTHORPE (the Pensioner's duty was to collect the Pensio Camerae, *i.e.*, the contribution levied from each of the Fellows to pay the standing charges of the Inn). He was raised to the Bench in 1582, under the same style of spelling; he was Attorney-General for Ireland from 23 June, 1583, to 19 April, 1603; on 29 May, 1606, he became the Senior Puisne Judge of England, and was knighted; SIR CHARLES CALTHORPE died in 1616, and the record closes with the remark that he is said to have been one of the CALTHROPES of Suffolk.

Vol. ii, pp. 383 and 384, of these "Black Books," mention one ROBERT CALTHROP, an Ancient of Davyes Inn, as having been admitted to Lincoln's Inn in 1649. I do not recognize his position on the family tree.

80. To go back now to Sir Henry's heir. *See* para. 77. The boy James¹ grew up; he was High Sheriff for Suffolk in 1656, and was knighted by the Lord Protector, Oliver Cromwell, on 10 December in that year. He married Dorothy, second daughter of Sir James Reynolds, of Castle Campo, co. Cambridge, and sister of Sir John Reynolds, of Hampshire, Commissary-General in Ireland, on whose death she became his sole heiress.

Sir James Reynolds of Eloathan near Hertford was an admiral at sea in the time of Oliver Cromwell, he had a son, Sir John Reynolds and a daughter, Dorothy, married to JAMES CALTHROP, ESQ., of Ampton.

Sir John Reynolds had a son, Sir Robert Reynolds who had a daughter Priscilla married (1) to Sir Richard, Knight of Chawton, Hants., and (2) to REYNOLDS CALTHORP, third son of JAMES CALTHROP and Dorothy (Reynolds). "He lives at Eloathan in 1689 and hath one son."

The Lady Dorothy survived her husband, and was afterwards remarried, on 15 June, 1662, to Sir Algernon May, of East Greenwich, by whom she had another large family. Sir James¹ was born, as aforesaid, in 1626, and was therefore

only thirty-three years old when he died in 1659, lord of the manors of Ampton, Alby Hall, and many other properties. Sir James¹ and Dame Dorothy had ten children, seven daughters and three sons. (1) Dorotheie, died 1641, infant ; (2) Henrietta Maria, died 1645, child ; (3) Dorothy, baptized 28 December, 1648, died 1693, unmarried, buried 16 November, 1693, for a note about her see farther on ; (4) James², baptized 1649, died 1702, unmarried, see below ; (5) Barbary, baptized 15 June, 1651 ; (6) Katherine, baptized 22 June, 1656, married 10 February, 1680, to the Rev. Robert Lowe, Rector of Ingham, co. Suffolk, and buried there on 31 July, 1707 ; (7) Christopher, baptized 22 June, 1656, died 1717, see below ; (8) Reynolds, born 12 August, 1655, died 1719, see below ; (9) Jane, baptized 2 August, 1657, married to Mr. Mordaunt Cracherode, citizen of London, and buried at Ampton, 11 January, 1680 ; and (10) Elizabeth, baptized 17 January, 1658, married to the Rev. Charles Trumbull, Rector of Hadleigh, and buried at Ampton, 12 June, 1686.

81. Of these children, No. 3, Dorothy, the virgin benefactress of the poor, left by her Will, dated 18 May, 1693, £1,000 for the perpetual endowment of an almshouse for six aged widows or old maids, sixty years of age or upwards, also £100 for the building of the said almshouse, and £500 to the town of Bury St. Edmunds to apprentice poor boys to handicrafts, etc. She died, unmarried, 8 November, 1693, and lies buried within the altar rails in the chancel of the church at Ampton, beneath a stone engraved "The body of MISTRESS DOROTHY CALTHROP, a virgin, Obijt 8th day of Novr. Ano Dom 1693," and this curious little couplet :

I troubled no man's dust,
Let others be to me as just.

A monument on the south wall represents her as kneeling before a prayer desk, and bears the following inscription :
" M. S. To the pious memory of MRS. DOROTHY CALTHORPE, second daughter of JAMES CALTHORPE, late of Ampton, Esq., by Dame Dorothy his wife ; this Virgin foundress of the

Almshouse left this life for a better, 8th Novr. A.D. 1693 in the 45th year of her age."

A Virgin votary is oft in snares ;
This safely vow'd, and made ye Poor her Heirs.

She was the author of what was in its time a very famous book ; it was inscribed " Bunyaniana " Dorothy Calthorpe, her book, Febry. the 23 in the yeare 1674. News from the midell regions Licensed by order of God, June 28, Windsor. She was born in 1648 and died unmarried in 1693 and was buried in the church at Amwell where there is a monument to the memory of this " virgin benefactress of the poor," she having left £1,600 for the erection of almshouses, etc., at Bury St. Edmunds.

82. No 4, James², baptized 21 February, 1649, was the eldest son and heir of Sir James and Dorothy Reynolds. He never married, and was the munificent founder of the Boys' Hospital, Ampton, in which village he lived all his life, and was buried there, 2 May, 1702. His monument in the church at Ampton bears the following inscription : " JACOBUS CALTHORP, Arm. Jacobi and Dorotheae, Filius natu maximus, natus est 23o Feb. A.D. 1649. Donatus May 2, 1702. Requiescat in pace. Vixit sine Pari, sine simili coelebs decessit. Nec supra sortem, nec infra Familiae Honorem, Frater suis Fraterrimus Universis e longinquo vicinio summis imis Publicus Hospes. Hospitium adjacens munifice fundavit tot pueros in seacula suscipit alit instruit. Per illum Deus desertos non deserit Orbis Parentum subdit Ferali Marmor ne lachrymalis Nitorem minuas idem te credas. Monumentum nobis illi Trophaeum." He was succeeded by his brother Christopher, who lived at Elmswell Hall until the aforesaid James died, when he moved over to Ampton.

83. No 7, Christopher, was not baptized until 22 June, 1656, when he was probably at least two years of age, one account stating that he was born in 1652. I have heard from the Rev. Henry Hinchliff, M.A., the present Rector of Ampton, to whom I am indebted for much valuable information regarding

the village of Ampton and the family of the CALTHORPES, that no entries were made in the village registers for five or six years just about this time, and the birth of the next son, Reynolds, is nowhere shown. I print as Appendix II a copy of the village register of Ampton as far as they concern us, very kindly given to me by this gentleman. Christopher married Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Gardiner Kettleborough, Esq., of Elmswell, formerly Elmeswellan, co. Suffolk, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He died at Ampton, and was buried there, 3 February, 1717. His widow, Elizabeth, died at Ampton, and was buried 26 June, 1724.

84. Their eldest son was James³, born at Elmswell in 1699, he became D.L. for the county in 1727, and held various appointments at Court. A full-length portrait of him by Sir Joshua Reynolds, is said still to hang in the great dining-room at Ampton Hall. He died unmarried at his house in Pall Mall, London, on 11 March, 1784, aged eighty-five years, and was buried at Ampton. He was actually the last male representative of this line, for his uncle Reynolds and his cousins Reynolds and Henry had predeceased him ; his cousin Barbara, married to Sir Henry Gough, being his only living relative.

A writer in the " Gentleman's Magazine " for 1834 says of him, " Mr. Calthorpe was a gentleman of the strictest honour and most inflexible integrity, saying that contrary to the general wish of mankind, he had rather be thought a fool than a knave."

The second son, the Rev. Henry C. was b. in 1703, he was appointed Rector of Blakeney in 1727 by his brother James, who also gave him Cockthorp and Langham Parva in 1743 and in 1745 Sir Robert Le Strange gave him the Rectory of Wissinglett in Norfolk. He died at Blakeney in 1780, unm., and his body was brought to Ampton and buried in the family vault on 28 October of that year. The daughters of Christopher and Elizabeth (Kettleborough) were (1) Henrietta Maria,

married in 1783 at St. George's, Hanover Square, Frances, youngest daughter and co-heir of General Benjamin Carpenter, by whom he had a family of seven sons and four daughters.

88. On the north side of the communion table, against the east wall of the chancel in the church at Elvetham, is a handsome marble monument, surmounted by a bust of the deceased, inscribed :

“ In the vault near this place lyeth the body of Priscilla, daughter of Sir Robert Reynolds, wife to REYNOLDS CALTHORPE, ESQ. She was born ye 25 July, 1650, and died ye 29 Aug., 1709. As also the bodies of the aforesaid REYNOLDS CALTHORPE, ESQ., and of Barbara, his second wife, eldest daughter of Henry, Lord Viscount Longueville. He died in the year 1719, aet. 63. She in the year 1724, aet. 32.”

On the south side is a similar monument, also with a bust of the deceased, showing the arms of CALTHORPE single, thus inscribed :

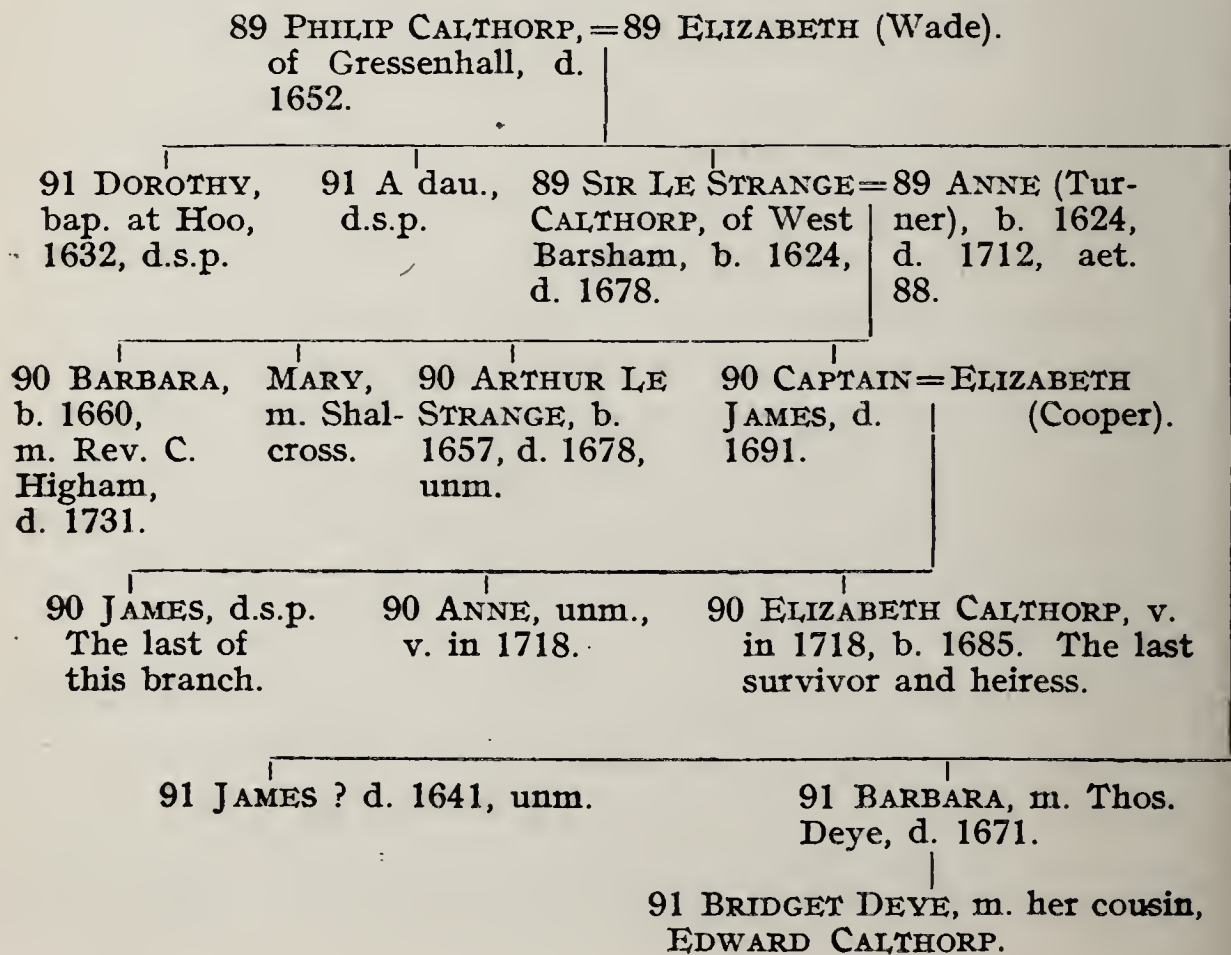
“ H.S.E. *Eximiae spei juvenis REYNOLDS CALTHORPE, REYNOLDS CALTHORPE Armigeri et Priscillae uxoris ejus, Filius Unicus, acri ingenio, perspicaci judicio, indefessa industria, felici memoria praeditus: Linguarum Romanae Gallicae et Italicae insigniter peritus; suma Deum O. M. pietata sum parentes obsequio coluit; comen se ac suavem erga aequales praebuit, erga inferiores omnes facilem et humanum, temperantia et castitate nemo eum superavit juvenis, sapientia et prudentia pauci aequarunt senes. Patriae denique fuit amantissimus, cujus rebus promovendis dum in senatu operam dedit. Variolarum morbo correptus optimo atque moestissimo patri triste sui desiderium reliquit. Natus 6to die Novr A.D. MDCLXXXIX (1689). Obiit 10mo die April A.D. MDCCXIV (1714).”*

89. I must now again revert to Sir James² and Barbara (Bacon); their eldest son, Christopher³, has been traced; so has the second son, Sir Henry; it now remains to follow the fortunes of their third son, Philip. PHILIP CALTHORP, ESQ., lived at Gressenhall, and married a daughter of a neighbouring

squire, Lionel Wade, *see* Table VII. Their son and heir was SIR L'ESTRANGE CALTHORP, described as of West Barsham and the Middle Temple, a Knight and Sergeant-at-Law; L'ESTRANGE CALTHORP was Lent Reader at the Middle Temple in 1672. He was a student of the Middle Temple, and was knighted at Whitehall on 24 February, 1674. He married Anne, daughter of Arthur Turner, Esq., of Parndon Magna, Sergeant-at-Law, and great-granddaughter of Sir Edward Turner, Speaker of the House of Commons, Attorney-General to the Duke of York, and finally one of His Majesty's judges. In the chancel of the church at Gressenhall is a black marble stone inscribed: "Here lyeth the body of SIR L'ESTRANGE CALTHORP, Knight, Sergeant-at-Law to King Charles II. Departed this life, April 5th, 1678."

TABLE VIII

The third division of the Senior Branch of the Junior Line. From PHILIP CALTHORP, of Gressenhall, to its extinction.



90. The eldest son of Sir L'Estrange and Anne (Turner) was ARTHUR L'ESTRANGE CALTHORP, ESQ., who died s.p., leaving the second son, Capt. James, of West Barsham, as the heir. They had also two daus., (1) Barbara, married to the Rev. C. Higham. The parish church at Mileham has a slab: "Sacred to the memory of Barbara, dau. of SIR L'ESTRANGE CALTHORP and wife of the Rev. Clement Higham, whose Primitive Piety, discreet Charity, Strict Life and Courteous Behaviour made her esteemed by all that knew her: who after a long and painfull Pilgrimage in a Weake and Sicklye Bodye with full resignation and Exemplary Patience, departed this life, Aug. 1, 1731, aged 72 years." And (2) Mary, married to a Shalcross: she was buried at Mileham. Capt. James married Elizabeth, daughter of James Cooper, Esq., of Drury Lane, sister of Sir William Cooper, Knight; he was captain of a merchantman, and was accidentally drowned at sea in 1691, leaving issue, one son, James, who died s.p., the last of his line, and two daughters, (1) Anne, died s.p., and (2) Elizabeth, the only surviving child, daughter and sole heir, aged about thirteen years in 1698. By the marriage of this girl the estates passed to another family, and one more side branch of the CALTHORP vine was left without a male representative. The registers of the parish of Hoo show

1632. Dorothy, daughter of PHILLIPP CALTHORPE, ESQ., baptized 4 September.

1639. PHILIP CALTHORPE held his first Court at Beetley Manor.

1647. LE STRANGE CALTHORPE held his first Court at Beetley Manor.

1680. DAME ANNE CALTHORPE was Lady of the Manor.

1686. JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., held his first Court at Beetley.

1693 and 1696. DAME ANNE was Lady of the Manor.

91. Besides Sir Le Strange, who was the eldest son, PHILIP CALTHORP and Elizabeth (Wade) had a dau., Dorothy, bap.

at Hoo, on 4 September, 1632; another dau., d.s.p; a son, James, d. 1641, unm., and one more dau., Barbara; she was m. to Thomas Deye, Esq., of Scoulton, and d. in 1671. They had a dau., Bridget Deye, who was m. to EDWARD CALTHORP, her first cousin once removed.

92. Once more I must ask you to retrace your steps and consider what we have done; we have followed the main line of the family from Godric Dapifer to SIR OLIVER CALTHORP, of Burnham; we have recorded the history of the senior branch descending from him, that is, from Sir William¹, until it became extinct in the male line; the last heiress, Elizabeth, marrying Sir Henry Parker, and William⁴ and Edward, sons of Sir Francis, both dying s.p. We have noted Sir Oliver's grandson, Sir John, married to Alice Astley, and the fortunes of their eldest son, Sir Christopher¹, that is of the senior branch of the junior line, until its extinction by the death of the boy Christopher⁷, and of James⁷, s.p., and the marriage of Barbara, the ultimate heiress of SIR HENRY CALTHROP, to Sir Henry Gough. We have now, therefore, only to turn to the junior branch of the junior line, which is descended from Richard², the third son of Sir John and Alice (Astley).

In 1513, Captain Richard Calthrop was in command of the "Mary of Bryan," a victualing ship with the King's Army on the Sea: she was a ship of 120 tons, carried a crew of 92 men (? C.W.C.-C.) and her captain's pay was 8d. per day.

93. This Richard², commonly known as "of Antingham," from the manor of that name,* which he purchased in 1537 from Robert Horwood, Esq., married Anne, daughter of Edmund Hastings, Esq., of Hindringham, and widow of Robert Reymes, Esq., of Oxstrand or Overstrand, by whom he had sixteen children, eleven sons and five daughters, these were as follows, but perhaps not in the correct order of their birth. (1) Henry, d. inft. (2) George, the elder, d. inft. (3) John, the elder, d. inft. (4) John, the younger, living in

*Antingham = Ant-ing-ham, the home of the people of Ant. Thus also Wals-ing-ham = the home of the people of Walsoes.

1554, was married and had a son, John, living in 1593 and married ; his wife was a legatee in the will of ANTONY CALTHORP, dated 1593. (5) Antony, for whom see para. 95. (6) Thomas, living in 1554. Vol. ii, N. & N. A. S., says Thomas died in 1587 and was buried in the church of St. Benet Fink in London and the same journal gives the following list of this family : Sons, (1) Henry, ob. inft., (2) George, ob. inft., (3) John, ob. inft., (4) Anthony, (5) John, (6) Thomas, (7) Edmund, (8) William, d.s.p., (9) George, d.s.p., (10) Sir Martin, (11) Bertram. Daughters, (1) Mary (Ux. Barsett), (2) Elizabeth (v. in 1564), (3) Anne, ux. Jermy and Kempe, (4) Alice, ux. Aldersey, (5) Frances, ob. innupta. (7) William, d.s.p. (8) George, the younger, d.s.p. (9) Edmond, a merchant of London, living in 1554. Married (1) Elizabeth, dau. of Thomas Wood of London, vintner. She d.s.p. (2) Mary, dau. of . . . (10) Sir Martin, Lord Mayor of London, for whom see para. 99. (11) Bertram, ob. 1596, for whom see para. 94. (12) Mary, wife of Edward Barset "gentilman." (13) Elizabeth. (14) Frances. (15) Ann, wife of Robert Jermye, "gentilman," who was afterwards rem. to a Kemp. (16) Alice, wife of Thomas Aldersey, merchant of London. Many of them died as infants, but three of the sons, Nos. 5, 10, and 11, married and left families, to whom I refer below. No. 9, Edmund, was a merchant, living in London, and was no doubt the "Edward of Southwark," mentioned in the Will of Sir Christopher⁴, dated 6 April, 1717, as having held a mortgage over part of his Thorpland Estates. No. 4 was in all probability the JOHN CALTHROPE whose "pietie" has been mentioned in para. 6.

94. For the sake of convenience I shall now mention Bertram, No. 11 of the above list ; he was born in 1560, and was the eleventh son and fifteenth child of Richard and Anne (Hastings). He was a barrister, first of Furnival's Inn and then of Lincoln's Inn, and practised in London. He married Margaret, dau. and co-heir of Richard Tichbourne, of Edenbridge, Kent (license dated 21 June, 1560) and by her had one son, Eleazar,

and six daughters ; he died 24 October, 1596, and was buried at Antingham, where a gravestone in the churchyard is inscribed to the memory of BERTRAM CALTHORP, fifteenth child of RICHARD CALTHORP, ESQ., and of Margaret his wife, and has on it the arms of Calthorp impaling those of Tichbourne, and six daughters kneeling on their knees. There is a brass also in the church. His son ELEAZAR CALTHORP was also a barrister, admitted 24 February, 1583, see No. 11 on the list of Members of Lincoln's Inn, App. No. 1 ; he apparently d. unm. The daughters were (1) Anne, m. first to H. Barton, and then to Henry Townsend. (2) Margaret, wife of Edw. Doyley. (3) Audry, wife of Lionel Goodrick, of Alford, Lincolnshire. Their marriage license was dated 22 September, 1600. See Alford Register. (4) A daughter, possibly also called Margaret, wife of Richard Goodrick, of Lincoln, evidently a case of two brothers marrying two sisters. (5) Dorothy, wife of Thomas Goodwine ; and (6) Elizabeth, wife of Ambrose Duke.

Vol. ii of M. & N. gives the list of daughters thus :

1. Anne ux Townshend.
2. Dorothy ux Goodwine.
3. Elizabeth ux Duke.
4. Margaret ux Richard Goodrick.
5. Mary ux Doyley.
6. Audrey ux Lionel Goodrick, of Alford.

License dated 22 Sep. 1600.

and omits the son Eleazar altogether !

95. Before going on with Sir Martin, I now take up No. 5 of the family we are considering ; this was ANTONY CALTHORP, of Bromley, Kent, he was a merchant in London, but retired in later life to Bromley, where he had purchased an estate, and where he died and was buried in 1593. He married Joan, dau. of Nicholas Harris, of Wydemore, Kent, license dated 1 February, 1547/8. She died in 1608, leaving two sons and three daughters. (1) Clement, d. 1598. (2) Henry, v. in 1605. (1) Susan ux Jennings and Lowe, v. in 1596. (2) Judith ux Higgs. (3) Johanna ux Dilke, marriage license dated

30 September, 1588, v. in 1605. A curious old "Buryall Certificate" issued by the Heralds' College records as follows: "The 19th day of July, 1594, the worshipful ANTHONY CALTHORPE, ESQ., died at his house in Bromley, Kent; the said Anthony maryed Joan, daughter of Nicholas Harris, of Wyde-more, in com Kent, and had by her issue then lyvinge CLEMENT CALTHORPE, son and heir; Henry, second son; Judith, wyfe to William Higgs, of London; Joan, wyfe to William Dylkes, of Leicester, Gent. His executors were JOAN CALTHORPE, his wyfe, and CLEMENT CALTHORPE, his son. His Buryall was solemnized at Bromley, where his body was interred the 30 July. The officers of Armes that served there were Yorke Heraud and Rouge Crosse, Pursuivant at Armes." Signed by CLEMENT CALTHORP.

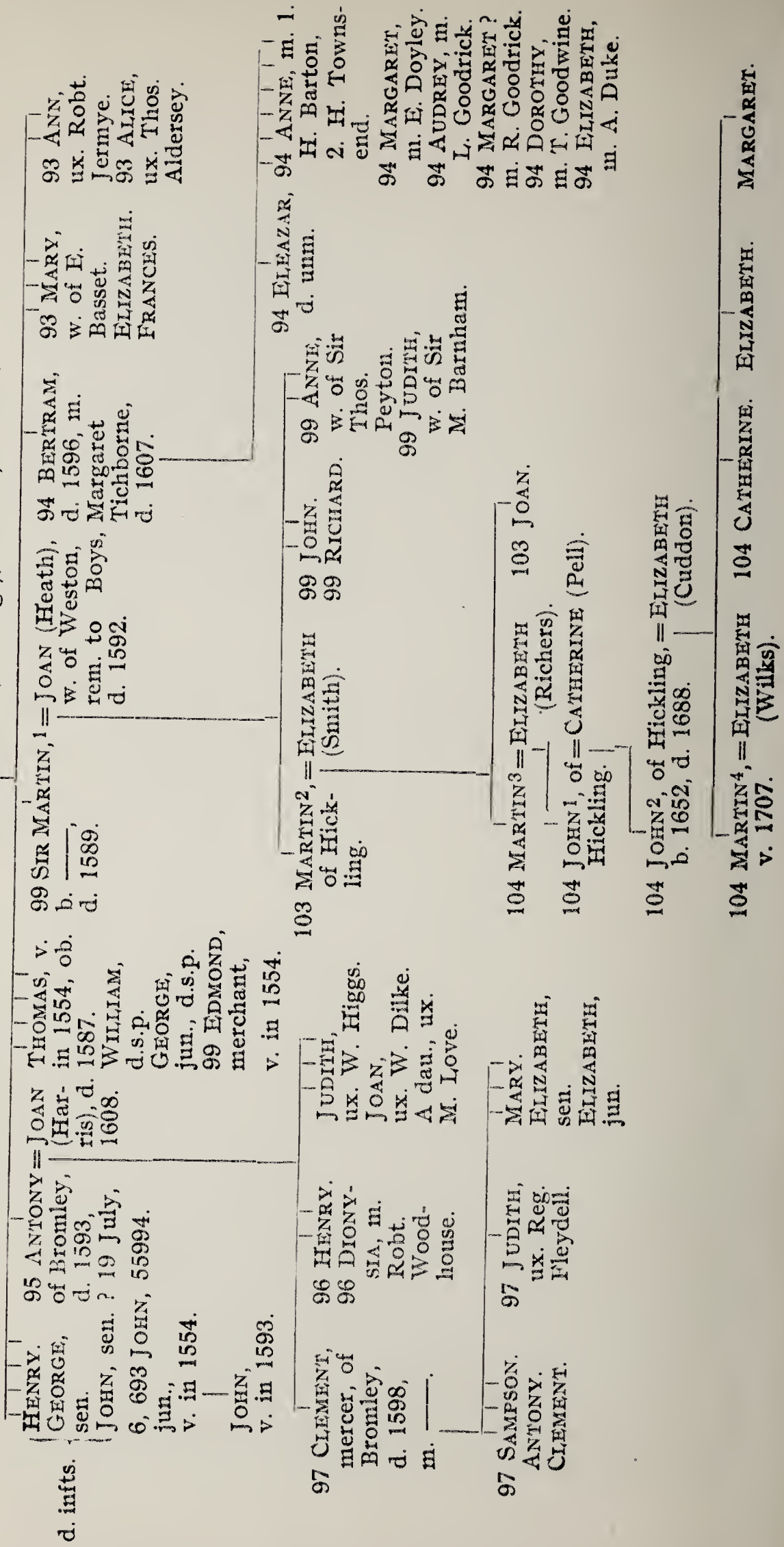
96. The third daughter's name is not given; she was m. to Matthew Love, but probably died before her father. The second son, Henry, is in another history called Edmund, he married and left a daughter named Dionysia; she was his sole heir and was married to Robert Woodroffe, Esq., Sheriff of London, to whom she transferred her father's estate. She, Dionysia, was thus the grand-niece of SIR MARTIN CALTHROP, Lord Mayor of London. The pedigree of Woodroffe, of Plusterwine, co. Gloucester, shows David Woodroffe, citizen and haberdasher of London, alderman and sheriff in 1554, died in 1563. His son, Sir Nicholas Woodroffe, citizen and haberdasher, was Lord Mayor in 1579 (when MARTIN CALTHORP was sheriff), died in 1598. A younger brother of Sir Nicholas was Robert Woodroffe, a wool merchant of London; he married Dionysia, daughter and heir of HENRY, als EDMUND CALTHORPE, ESQ., and grand-niece to SIR MARTIN CALTHORPE, Lord Mayor of London in 1588, by whom he had six children, all living in 1582; the third son was living in 1604.

97. The eldest son and heir of ANTONY CALTHORP, of Bromley, was Clement, he married Jane (Sampson). See Vol. ii. They had a family of three sons and four daughters. Their names were (1) Sampson, the eldest son, m. (1) Susan (Humfrey)

TABLE IX

The Junior Branch of the Junior Line through Richard² of Antingham.

93 98 RICHARD², b. —, d. 1554 = ANNE (Hastings), b. —, d. —.



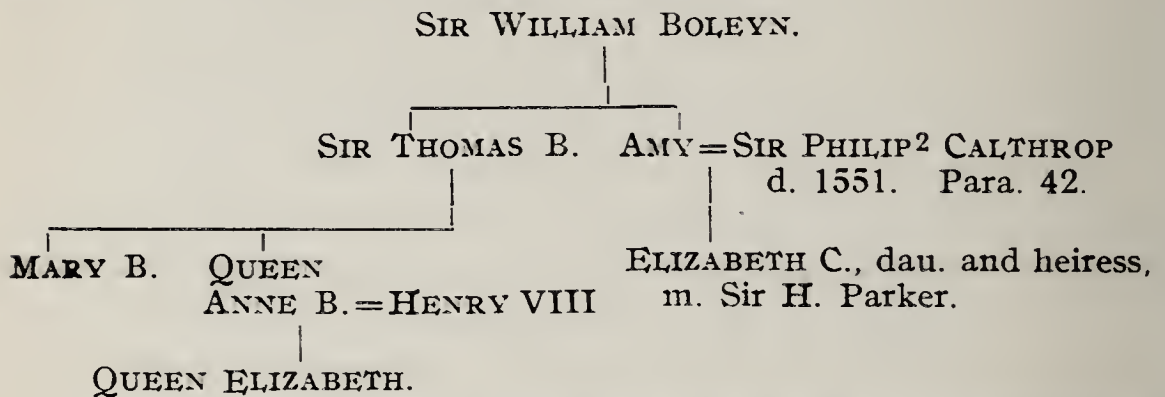
by whom he had one son, Henry, (2) Bridget (Beckingham). See Vol. ii, N. & N. d.s.p. (2) Anthony, v. in 1605. (3) Clement, v. in 1605. (1) Mary ux Edwards, v. in 1605. (2) Elizabeth, the elder, ux Appleby, v. in 1605. (3) Judith ux Pleydell, v. in 1605. (4) Elizabeth, the younger, v. in 1605, unm.

98. Richard² died 20 January, 1544, and was buried at Antingham ; under a marble slab at the east end of the nave of the parish church is the portraiture of Richard² and Anne (Hastings) his wife, with their sixteen children kneeling around, and on a brass plate is the following inscription : “ Here under lyeth buried RICHARD CALTHORPE, ESQ., sone of JOHN CALTHORP, ESQUYER, of Cokthorpe, and Anne his wife, daughter of Edmond Hastyns Esquer, and late wife of Robert Raynnes, Esq’er, wyche sayde Richard departed this life January 20, 1554, and the sayde Anne deceased March 19, 1562. God be prayed.” A smaller group of two grandsons and one granddaughter are representations of the children of Antony of London, who left a legacy to the poor of Antingham.

In a window at Antingham are the arms of Calthorp and Hastings impaled, also those of Jeremy and Calthorp, and Kemp and Calthorp.

99. The fifth child and eldest surviving son and heir of Richard² and Anne (Hastings) was Martin¹. Sir Martin¹ went to London and entered into business as a merchant taylor, draper, or haberdasher ; he is described as a “ Pannuarius,” and he was a member of the Drapers’ Company. He was Sheriff of London in 1579, received the honour of knighthood, and was elected Lord Mayor in 1588. His surname is spelled CALTHROP in all the Mansion House and other City records to which I have had access. Mr. Sam. Pepys, in his “ Diary,” makes six allusions to “ MR. CALTHROP, a grocer ” (this was Martin, the draper), one to “ SIR JAMES CALTHROP, lately deceased ” and four to “ MR. CALTHROP at the temple ” (this was evidently Henry the barrister). In all of these, except the first reference to MR. MARTIN CALTHROP,

in which the final " p " is doubled, the family name is spelled " CALTHROP," but in the index the final " p " of SIR JAMES CALTHROP'S name is also doubled. The Guildhall records show that Alderman CALTHROP was Alderman of Cheap, migrating from Aldersgate ; he was a cousin of Queen Elizabeth (through the marriage of SIR PHILIP CALTHROP with Amy, daughter of Sir William Boleyn or Bullen, of Blickling, and aunt of Queen Anne Boleyne).



Blickling Hall, near Aylsham, Norfolk, was the residence of of the Boleyn family from the 14th century until the time of Queen Elizabeth, when it was sold to Sir Henry Hobart, whose descendant, the present Marquis of Lothian, still holds it.

On 24 November, 1588, as Lord Mayor, he received the Queen at Temple Bar when she was on her way to St. Paul's, to hear a sermon preached by the Bishop of Salisbury ; he carried the sceptre before her and she addressed him as " her dear cousin Martin. Some time during the reign of this Queen he bought the Hickling Priory manor from Sir Thomas Wodehouse. Sir Martin married Jane, daughter of Robert Heath, Esq., of Eaton Bridge in Kent, and widow of — Preston, Esq., who was afterwards remarried, as her third husband, to Edward Boys, Esq., and d. 1592. By her Sir Martin had a family of three sons and two daughters. His eldest son was Martin², see para. 103. The second son was John, and the third Richard, of Banwell, buried at St. Dunstons in the West, London, in 1569 ; one daughter, Anne or Audrie, married Sir Thomas Peyton, of Kent ; another daughter, Judith, married Sir Martin Burnham, also of Kent. SIR

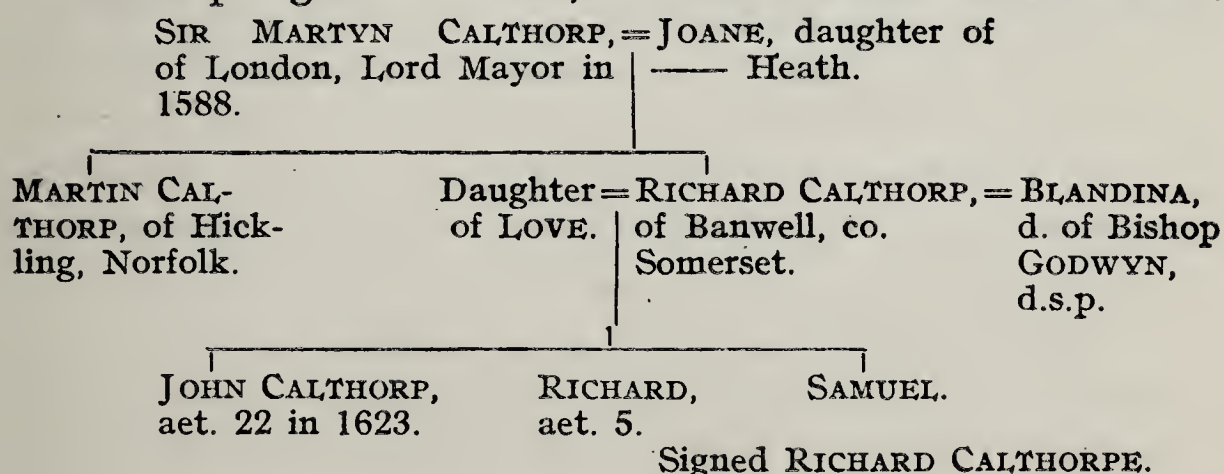
MARTIN¹ CALTHROP died on 3 May, 1589, during his year of office as Lord Mayor, and was buried in the church of St. Peter-le-Poor, Broad Street, London.

100. A pedigree of the Honeywood family shows that one Joyce was born on 10 January, 1577-8, and my Lady Clark, my Lady Hales, and MR. MARTIN CALTHROPP were the witnesses to the baptism (*i.e.*, God parents), of the child, in the church of Great Saint Bartholomew, London.

101. Contemporary with SIR MARTIN CALTHROP, there was another member of the family then resident in London, and engaged in trade, this was JOHN CALTHROP, ESQ., citizen and draper; who this John was, whether a brother or son, or whether a partner of Sir Martin, I cannot ascertain; the following is entered in the "Vitis," but no date is given, but I think it could be recovered from the City records: "Sir William Chester, Knight, and Alderman of London, and JOHN CALTHROP, citizen and draper, at their own proper cost and charges made the brick wall and way on the back side from the new hospitall unto the new hospitall of St. Bartholomew, and also covered and vaulted the town ditch from Aldersgate to Newgate." The quotation is apparently from Stowe.

102. The note in the "Vitis" immediately preceding the above is, "ROBERT CALTHORP, Maior, 1588, buried at St. Peeter Poor church in the old dyche." Robert is, of course, a mistake for Martin, and is one of the many the "Vitis" contains, which have much added to the difficulty experienced in making this compilation.

A little pedigree in vol. xi, "Harleian MSS." is as follows:



In 1677 a warrant was issued to Richard Calthorp for a sole license for 14 years to employ an engine invented by him for sawing and polishing marble from the Devonshire quarries now useless on account of the expense of working them, instead of importing from Genoa or other places beyond the seas.

The parish church of St. Nicholas, Yarmouth, contains the following inscription on a mural tablet : " SAMUEL CALTHORPE, Gent., ob. 4 May, 1743 ; also Theodocia Manby, relict of Mr. John Manby, and sister of the above-named SAMUEL CALTHORPE, who died 30 October, 1777." A shield of arms shows chequy, a fess ermine ; crest, a wolfe's head erased (*sic*).

103. Sir Martin¹ was succeeded by his son Martin², of Hickling, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Ambrose Smith, Esq., of Leicestershire, and had a large family, so large in fact that in A.D. 1603, he got a private Act of Parliament passed to cut off the entail of some of his estates, and sell a portion of them for the younger children's benefit, but I can only find recorded the name of one other child, viz., a dau. Joan. In 1604 he accordingly sold the Hickling manor to James Scandler, Esq., senior, who left it to his nephew, James Scandler, Esq., junior, and then followed a long and memorable chancery suit between him and JOHN¹ CALTHORP, son of Martin³.

104. The eldest son and heir of Martin² was Martin³ ; he married Elizabeth, daughter of John Richers, Esq., of Swanington, and d. 1654. His heir was John¹, known to have been living in 1650 (? 1640) ; he married Catherine, daughter of Sir Valentine Pell, of Dersingham. To John¹ and Catherine was born in 1652 a son, John³, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Francis Cuddon, Esq., of Shadingfield, Suffolk, by whom he had one son, Martin⁴, and three daughters, Catherine, Elizabeth, and Margaret. Burkes " Landed Gentry " of 1853, p. 25 supplement, states :

" Thomas Blofield of Brixton m. Catherine, dau. of John Calthorpe, Esq., of Hickling Hall, and had issue" (Blofield of Hoveton House). A note at the bottom of the

page states: "From this marriage the Blofields are now the only representatives of the very anciens family of Calthorpe."

John² died in 1688, aet. thirty-six years. He was succeeded by his son, Martin⁴, whose wife, Elizabeth, was daughter of William Wilks, Esq., of London; on the occasion of his marriage with this lady in 1694, Martin⁴, very fortunately for himself, settled the Overhall and Netherhall manors on her and her children. Martin⁴ spent the rest of his estate, and died in poverty, but before this happened he bought the rectory and patronage of Palling from Sir Henry Wodehouse, and was lord of that manor in 1717.

The rest of his estates were mortgaged to Wortley Montague, Esq., who entered on them and turned him out in 1717.

The date of his death is not mentioned; he is known to have left some family, but I can find no records of any of them; they were probably all daughters, or sons who died young; and so this branch also became extinct, and the family of CALTHORP of Norfolk ceased to exist.

105. In 1561, MARTIN CALTHORP is said to have presented to the Rectory of Hickling, but the date is uncertain.

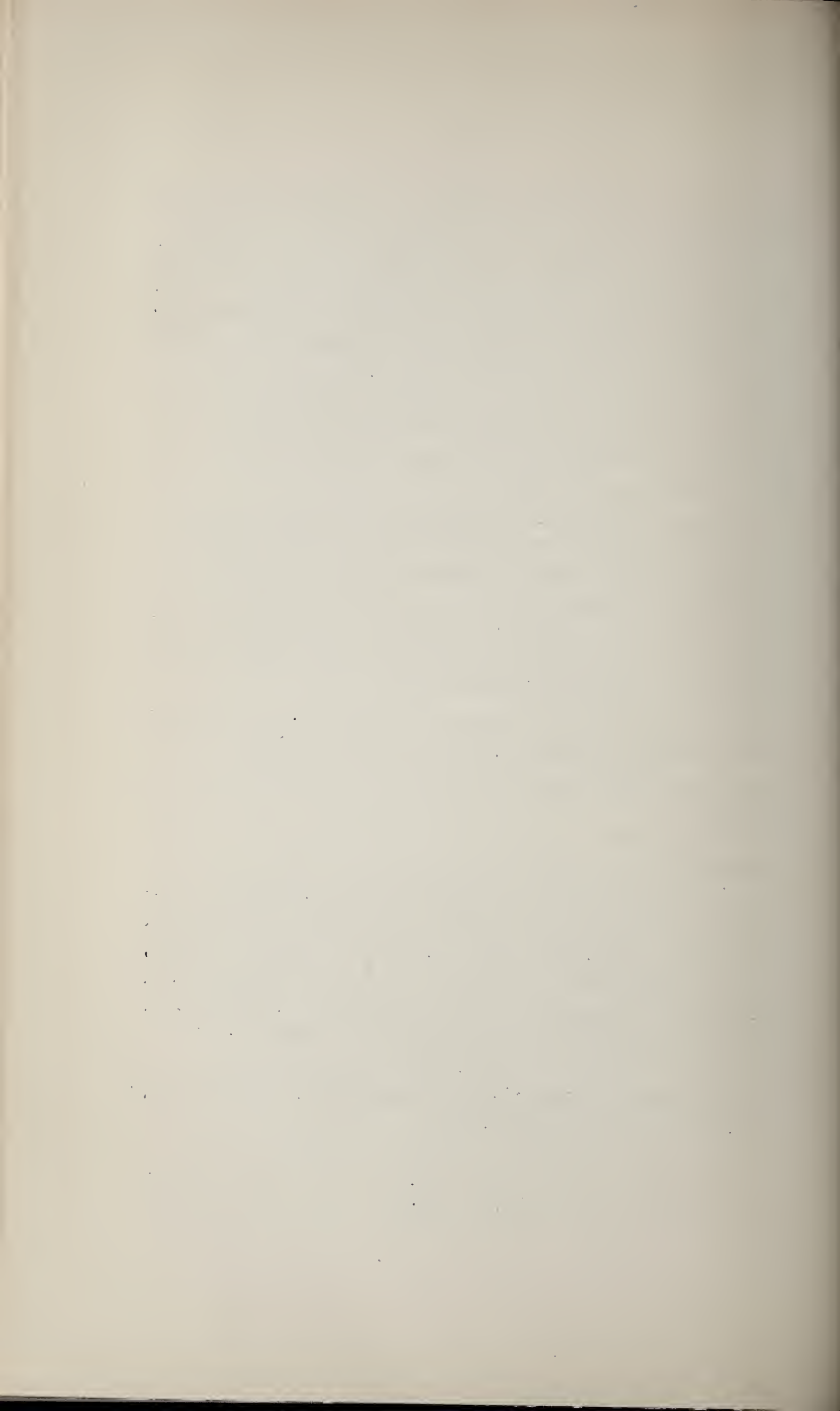
In 1650, JOHN¹ CALTHORP presented to the Rectory of Hickling.

In 1681, JOHN² CALTHORP presented to the Rectory of Hickling.

In the chancel of the Hickling Church is a monument inscribed: "In memory of JOHN CALTHORP, ESQ., of this parish, who married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Francis Cuddon, Esq., of Shadingfield, in Suffolk, by whom he had one son, Martin, and 3 daughters, Catherine, Elizabeth, and Margaret. He departed this life 2 August, 1688, in his 36th year."

"Ichabod."

A Mr. John Calthorpe was buried at Holbeach 9 February, 1711. (? of the Pinchbeck lot).



PART II.

THE LINCOLNSHIRE CALTHROPS

1.

IN the first part of these Notes I have endeavoured to trace the descent of the knightly family of CALTHORP of Norfolk from Godric Dapifer, who was born about A.D. 1010, and was a man of note and position in the time of King Edward the Confessor, and I have carried on the history of the various branches into which the family divided until their final extinction in Norfolk towards the end of the seventeenth and beginning of the eighteenth century. In this part I proceed to take up the history of the CALTHROPS of Lincolnshire from RICHARD¹ CALTHROP, of Gosberton, down to the subdivisions of the family in existence at the present day. And in the next, Part III, I shall try to show the connection between the two : that the CALTHROPS of Lincolnshire are a branch of the senior house of CALTHORP, of Norfolk, cannot, I think, be denied by any one ; the similarity of arms and names, with the numerous similar variants of the latter found in both counties, would, I think, be sufficient to warrant such a belief ; but I hope to get further and better evidence, and possibly conclusively prove the direct connection of these two sets of families. I shall try my best to do so.

2. For the details given in the following pages I am chiefly indebted to a short history and pedigree of the Family of CALTHROP compiled by J. T. Coulton, Esq., Solicitor, King's Lynn, himself a relative, MISS LOUISA CALTHROP'S Life of her brother Richard, "The History of Gosberton," by W. J. Kaye, Junr., Esq., of the Pembroke College, Harrogate, "Our Kin," by W. C. Lukis de Guerin, Esq., whose people of Huguenot descent have been naturalised Englishmen for over two centuries, (he married a sister of Fred Edmunds

and is not connected with us) and many other private sources of information, most of which I shall thankfully acknowledge in due course.

3. Mr. Coulton commences his narrative as follows:—
 “All the CALTHROPS whom I have known or heard of as relations, descend from Richard¹ of Gosberton, co. Lincolnshire, whose Will was dated 17 January, 1710, and was proved at Lincoln, 17 March, 1710.” The history of the village of Gosberton, Gosbertowne, or Gosberkirke is fully given in Mr. Kaye’s very interesting book, to which I would beg to refer the reader. I would only premise that Gosberton is a very ancient village, and that in King William the Conqueror’s Survey of his New Dominions (*See Domesday Book, A.D. 1085*), it was called Goseberde chercha or Gosebere chirche. In the “History of the County of Lincoln,” published by John Saunders, Junr. in 1833, I find that in vol. i, p. 345, under the heading of Gosberton, it is stated that “the families of the CALTHORPS and Dods have resided in the parish for a very long time.”

4. Richard¹ was born at Boston and baptised there on 15 August, 1655. He died on 19 January, 1711 (*i.e.*, by the Historical year), aged 55 years and was buried on 21 January, 1710 (by the Church year) at Gosberton.* He was not therefore a stranger to Holland when he settled himself at Gosberton and began to purchase land in that village and the neighbouring ones; but I shall refer again to his ancestry in Part III of these notes. He married on 1 January, 1690, at the Parish Church of Quadring, Mary Sharpe, and his name is entered in the register as RICHARD CAWTHORP, a quite usual manner of spelling the name, and one which gives a good guide as

*To account for these discrepancies, it may be remembered that the Historical year, say of A.D. 1720, commenced on January 1st, 1720, and ended on December 31st of that year; but the Church year of that number did not commence until the Feast of the Annunciation and it accordingly lasted from the historical date of March 25th, 1720, up to March 24th, 1721. So that for all events occurring between January 1st and March 25th the historical year was always one ahead of the ecclesiastical one.

to the way in which it was pronounced. See the "Pinchbeck Registers and Records of the Cust Family," App. 5 and 6. By this lady he had only one child, his eldest son and heir, John¹, born 7 November, 1691. She died 14 February, 1693, and was buried at Gosberton.

5. After her death Richard¹ married on 10 April, 1694, for his second wife, Martha Sharpe (a cousin of his first one). By her he had ten children. (1) A daughter, Elizabeth, born in 1695, m. first in 1714 to John Corbett, Esq., and then to Hugh Christopher, Esq. (she died on 2 April, 1732, aet. thirty-seven, and was buried at Gosberton); (2) Mary, b. 1696, died 1697; (3) Anne, born 1697, married Nathaniel Garland, Esq., and died s.p. on 23 February, 1739, aet. forty-two years; (4) Martha, a child, died 1710; (5) Another Mary, died an infant in 1700; (6) Richard², a merchant of Boston, Mayor in 1749, born 1702, married Avice Kelham, and died s.p. 8 November, 1759, aet. fifty-seven. Lieut. Gen. F. V. Layard says he was the 211th Mayor of Boston in 1749, temp. King George II. In the nave of St. Botolph's, Boston (The Stump) is a flat stone much worn thus inscribed:—

"Underneath this stone lie the remains of Avice Calthrop, widow, only surviving daughter of the Rev. Robert Kelham, Vicar of Billingborough in this county. She was the wife of William James West and afterwards of Richard Calthrop, Merchant and Alderman and once the Mayor of this Borough. She departed this life the 19th day of January, 1792, in the 80th year of her age."

(7) Thomas, born 1704, unmarried, died on 25 July, 1761, in the fifty-eighth year of his age, buried at Gosberton; (8) Sarah, born 1705, married Christopher Knight, Esq., and died 1731 s.p., buried at Gosberton; (9) Susannah, b. 1706 or 1707, d. 1710, a child; and (10) Isabella, b. 1709, m. James Thompson, Esq., of Spalding. Martha, the mother of this family of ten, died 7 May, 1719, aged . . . years (the number

TABLE X

The Calthorps of Gosberton.

4 MARY (Sharpe) = 4 RICHARD¹, b. 15 Aug., 1655, = 5 MARTHA (Sharpe ?)
 m. 1690, d. 1693. | d. 19 Jan., 1710. | d. 1719.

7 JOHN¹

b. 1691,
d. 1740,
m. Barba-
ra, b. 1677,
d. 1729.

5 ELIZA-
BETH (1),
m. 1. Cor-
bett; 2.
Christo-
pher, s.p.
5 ANNE (3),
b. 1697,
d. 1739,
m. Gar-
land, s.p.

5 MARY (2)
b. 1696,
d. 1697.
5 MAR-
THA (4),
b. 1698,
d. 1710.

5 MARY (5)
b. and d.
1700.
5 SUSAN-
NAH (9),
b. 1706 or
1707,
d. 1710.

5 RICH-
ARD² (6),
b. 1702,
d. 1759,
m. Avice
(Kelham),
s.p.

5 THOMAS(7),
b. 1704,
d. 1761,
unm.
5 SARAH (8),
b. 1705,
d. 1731,
m. C.
Wright, s.p. at Spalding.

6 ISA-
BELLA (10),
b. 1709,
d. 23 Jan.,
1780, m.
James
Thompson
5 Jan., 1748,
at Spalding.

6 WILLIAM T.,
m. — Grundy,
and had issue.
ANN T., m.
W. Fisher.

6 JAMES T.,
unm.
6 MARY T.,
b. 1728,
d. 1780,
m. Richard³ C.

7 RICHARD (1),
b. 1715, d. 1718.
7 BARBARA (2),
b. and d. 1716.
7 JOHN (3),
b. and d. 1718.

7 THOMAS (5),
d. 1722, inft.
7 MARY (6),
b. 1722, d. 1732.
7 BARBARA (9),
d. 1729, inft.

8 JOHN² (Rev) (4),
b. 1719, d. 1785,
m. Mary (Dobbs),
b. 1723, d. 1806,
s.p. Vicar of
Boston.

10 RICHARD³ (7),
b. 1723, d. 1762,
m. Mary
(Thompson),
b. 1728, d. 1780.

26 BENJAMIN (8),
b. 1725, d. —,
m. — Squier,
and had issue.

11 JOHN
GEORGE(1)
b. 1749,
d. 1815,
m. ANN
(Spurr),
d. 1806.

10 ANN (2)
b. 1750,
m. Luke
Betham.

10 MARY(3)
b. 1751,
d. 1813,
unm.

10 BAR-
BARA² (4),
b. 1752,
d. 1829,
m. Charles¹
Bonner,
and had
issue.

10 SA-
RAH (5),
b. 1754,
d. 1755,
10 ELI-
ZABETH (8),
b. and d.
1759.

10 RICH-
ARD⁴ (6),
b. 1755,
d. —,
unm.

10 SA-
RAH (7),
b. 1757,
d. 1826,
unm.

10 JANE (9)
b. 1760,
d. 1844,
unm.

11 JOHN (1),
b. 1780,
d. 1781.
11 RICH-
ARD (4)
GEORGE,
b. 1787,
d. 1788.
11 GEORGE
(8), b. 1792,
d. 1860.

12 JOHN³
(Rev.) (2),
b. 1783,
d. 1845,
m. Barbara³
(Bonner),
and had
issue. Vicar
of Gosberton.

11 MARY (3),
b. 1786,
d. 1878,
unm. at
92.

15 RICH-
ARD⁵ (5),
b. 1789,
d. 1851,
m. Eliza-
beth T.
(Everard),
and had
issue.

17 HENRY
(Capt.) (6),
b. 1789,
d. 1826,
m. Mary
(Greet-
ham), and
had issue.

11 ANN (7),
b. 1790,
d. 1868,
m. Charles²
Bonner,
and had
issue.

25 JAMES
THOMP-
SON (9),
b. 1793,
d. 1873,
m. Edna
(Knowles),
and had
issue.

JOHN GEORGE² of Boston.
BARBARA m. Lazard, etc.

{ Of this family (12) none are surviving, and no
male descendants are left. 1908.

of years was omitted on her tombstone). No regular monument was put up to Richard¹ or either of his wives, but two slabs in the middle transept are inscribed :—

“ Here lyeth ye body of MR. RICHARD CALTHROP, who departed this life ye 19th day of January, Anno Dom 1710, in ye 55th year of his age.” There are two mistakes in this. The date should be 19 January, 1711 (*see register*) and the 56th year of his age.

“ Mary, his wife, ob. 14 Feb., 1693.”

“ In memory of Martha, relict of RICHARD CALTHROP, Gentleman, who was interred the 7th day of May, A.D. 1719, aged . . . years.”

Miss Louisa Calthrop in her little brochure, speaking of Richard¹, says that “ he devised by his will several parcels of land in different parishes chiefly purchased by himself, and by success in business or otherwise, he seems to have retrieved the fallen fortunes of a gentle but decayed family.”

6. As Isabel (Thompson) was the only one of Richard¹'s second family to have any issue, I may, for the sake of simplicity, mention her before reverting to her half brother, John. She had five children : (1) the Rev. Seth Thompson, married a sister of Sir Archer Croft, Bart., and had issue ; (2) William T., m. — Grundy, and had issue ; (3) James T., unm. ; (4) Ann, m. William Fisher, and (5) Mary. This Mary Thompson was born in 1728 (? 1727), married on 5 January, 1748, her half first cousin, RICHARD³ CALTHROP, and died in 1780. Their history will follow. J. G. Thompson, Esq., Solicitor, Norman Leys, Grantham, informs me that his great-grandfather, William¹, was the brother of this Mary T. (born 1727) and that the Rev. Seth Thompson was born 24 November, 1733, and died at Kensington Palace on 7 October, 1805. He married on 7 June, 1768, Frances, dau. of Sir Archer Croft. The Rev. Seth Thompson was not the son of James Thompson, but the son of John Thompson by his second wife, Ann, dau. of John Mews of Thorney, Gent. He was the Vicar of Thatcham, Berks., and Chaplain to King George III. William

Thompson had a brother, James T., born 1735, at Surfleet, near Boston, he died in 1802 and was buried in Kensington, but Mr. J. G. Thompson, my informant, does not know anything of his descendants.

7. John, the eldest son of Richard¹, by his first wife, Mary, was born in 1691. He married Barbara, parentage not stated, who was born in 1677 and died on 28 April, 1729, in her fifty-third year; the date of the marriage is not given, but it is evident that she was fourteen years older than her husband, who died 6 October, 1740, in the fiftieth year of his age. They had nine children, six sons and three daughters, of whom all the girls and three of the boys died as infants or in early childhood. Taken in the order of their birth they were: (1) Richard, born 1715, died 2 June, 1718; (2) Barbara, born and died 30 October, 1716; (3) John, born and died 1718; (4) the Rev. John, born 1719, see below; (5) Thomas, died 1722, an infant; (6) Mary, born 1722, died 1732, a child; (7) Richard³, born 1723, see para. 10; (8) Benjamin, born 1725, see para. 26; and (9) Barbara, died 1729, an infant.

Both John and Barbara were buried in the north transept of Gosberton Church, where a slab is engraved:—

“Here lyeth interred the body of Barbara, the wife of Mr. JNO. CALTHROP, who departed this life the 20th day of April, A.D. 1729, in the 53rd year of her age. Also here lyeth interred the body of JOHN CALTHROP, Gentleman, who departed this life the 6th day of October, A.D. 1740, in the 50th year of his age.”

8. The REV. JOHN CALTHROP, born 1719, fourth child of John and Barbara, was educated at ———, and took Holy Orders; he married Mary Dobbs, a lady of very large property, who was born in 1723, and died s.p. in 1800, having survived her husband about fifteen years. The Rev. John was for forty years Vicar of Kirton, and for thirty-nine years he had also the additional appointment of Vicar of Boston, in which town he passed the most of his life. He was also a Prebendary of Lincoln. He left the bulk of his property,

which was considerable, to be divided between his two nephews, John George, the eldest son of his next brother, Richard³, and Squier, the eldest son of his youngest brother, Benjamin. He was buried at Gosberton; on the north wall of the nave is a blue and white marble tablet, thus inscribed:—

“ JOHN CALTHROP, M.A., Vicar of Kirton 40 years, Vicar of Boston 39 years, a prebendary of the Cathedral Church of Lincoln, a representative of the Clergy of this Diocese in Convocation A.D. 1774, and an acting Magistrate for these parts 21 years. Having filled these several stations ably and honourably, and discharged all his relative duties faithfully, he departed this life to receive (as we trust), in another, through the merits of his Saviour, an abundant recompense of his labours, 17 May, 1785, aet. 66.”

Canon A. R. Madison of Lincoln tells me that Mary Dobbs was not an heiress “genealogically speaking” as she had several brothers and sisters. Her father was John Dobbs of Bucknall, agent to the Lord Monson of that day, of Burton Hall: his father was the Rev. Thomas Dobbs. Through her mother Mary Dobbs was descended from the Dightons, Uptons, and other old Lincolnshire families.

In the chancel of St. Botolph's, Boston, over the stall in which John George² Calthrop (John of Boston) used to sit is a small brass with the following inscription, some of the letters of which are very difficult to make out. The brass is surmounted by the Calthrop crest and the writing is:—

“ In pace Johannes Georgius Calthrop, hujusce Borgi olim scriba municipalis, in somnum incidit xxiii mo. die Novembris A.D. MDCCLXII annos natus LI (51). Non nulli ex amicis viri tam simplicis tam sinceri peramentes hoc quantulumcunque monumentum in piam memoriam, P.C.”

MARY CALTHROP, relict of the Rev. John, died 17 January, 1800, aet. 77, and was buried in the same vault with her husband at Gosberton. A shield of arms below the tablet shows chequy or and az., a fesse ermine for CALTHROP, imp.

arg. a chevron ermines between three lions passant gardant sa. for Dobbs. Crest a salamander in flames ppr.

9. The family may now be looked upon as dividing into two distinct branches ; Richard³, the seventh child and fifth son of John and Barbara, was the head of the senior branch, and Benjamin, the eighth child of the above-said John and Barbara, was the head of the junior branch. It may here be remarked that none of the descendants of these two brothers have ever intermarried to the present day. I shall now go on with the history of Richard³, to whose stock I myself belong, and on completion of that return to that of Benjamin and his line, who are more generally known as the SQUIER and GORDON CALTHROPS.

10. Richard³ was born 1723, and married his half first cousin, Mary Thompson, at Spalding on 5 January, 1748, who was born in 1728 (? 1727). Her Will was dated 30 October, 1779; and J.G.C. tells me was not proved at Lincoln until 24 October, 1801. As she died in 1780 I think J.G.C. made a mistake in copying and that her Will was proved in 1781.

She devised all her freehold lands and tenements in Gosberton and elsewhere in the county of Lincoln and her undivided fourth part of lands and tenements in Sutton St. Edmunds and her individual fourth part of an estate in Wy—— ? unto her five daughters, Ann, Mary, Barbara, Sarah and Jane.

The attesting witnesses were John Calthrop, Mary Calthrop, of Boston, and Hugh Slamp, servant to Mr. Calthrop.

John was John George C., of Gosberton, her eldest son and my great-grandfather.

Mary C. was the youngest daughter of Benjamin C. by a Squier girl and therefore niece to the testatrix ; she afterwards married James Barnham.

Mary C., widow, the testatrix, nee Thompson, had three brothers and one sister, Seth, William, James and Ann. James died unm. before his sister, so she, Mary C., inherited one fourth of the Thompson estate, and her eldest son, John George C.,

was provided for from his father's estate. She divided her share of her paternal estate between her five daughters, Ann (Mrs. Betham), Barbara (Mrs. Charles¹ Bonner) and Mary, Sarah and Jane, spinsters.

He was the grandson of Richard¹ by his first wife, Mary Sharpe, while Mary was his granddaughter by his second wife, Martha Sharpe, so that all of us CALTHROPS of the senior branch who are descended from this Richard³, are equally related to both the wives of our ancestor Richard¹; a rather curious circumstance. In his Will, dated in the year of his death, 1762, he is described as "of Gosberton, Gent.," he died and was buried at Gosberton, and a slab in the middle transept records as follows:—

"By the remains of his grandfather here lies the body of RICHARD CALTHROP, gent., who died 17 April, 1762, aged 38 years. In the same grave lie two of his children, and seven more survived him. His relict, MRS. MARY CALTHROP, born 1728, died the 23rd of January, 1780, in the 52nd year of her age."

Richard³ and Mary (Thompson) had nine children, two sons and seven daughters; taken in the order of their birth, these were: (1) John George, born 1749, for whom see below; (2) Ann, born 1750, married Luke Betham, a surgeon, of Spalding, and died s.p.; (3) Mary, born 1751, died unmarried, 1813, aet. 62 years; (4) Barbara, b. 12 Nov., 1753, m. 1 Feb., 1781, to Charles Bonner, Esq., of Salisbury Square, London, and died 17 February, 1829, buried at Gosberton. (This marriage made the first connection between the families of CALTHROP and Bonner, and I have shown the other links and the members of the Bonner family now living, in a subsequent note. (See App. No. 6); (5) Sarah, b. 1754, d. 1755, an infant; (6) Richard⁴, born 1755, died unm.; (7) Sarah, born 1757, died unmarried, 1826, aet. sixty-nine years; (8) Elizabeth, born and died 1759, an infant; (9) Jane, born 1760, died unmarried, 1844, aet. eighty-four years.

11. John George, the eldest son of Richard³ and Mary (Thompson), was the next owner and occupier of Gosberton House ; he was born in 1749, and married Ann Spurr in 1778. I think he built the house, for he cut down a very large yew tree from which a large quantity of furniture was made. His uncle, the REV. JOHN CALTHROP, Vicar of Boston, wrote* to congratulate him on his marriage in the following terms, which shows the quaint formality of the times. " MR. and MRS. CALTHROP send their congratulations to MR. J. G. CALTHROP and his Bride, wishing them the constant Enjoyment of all earthly Felicity, and most heartily joining with the Church in the nuptial Benediction ' That they may so live together in this World, that in the World to come they may have Life everlasting.' " Boston, 14 June, 1778. A mural tablet on the north wall of the chancel records :—

" JOHN GEORGE CALTHROP, ESQ., d. Mar. 11th, 1815, aged 65. Also Ann, his wife, d. Dec. 24, 1806, aged 53."

He was a J.P. and High Sheriff of Lincoln.

They also had nine children, born as follows : (1) John, born 1780, died 1781, an infant ; (2) John (Rev.), born 1784, for whom see below ; (3) Mary, born 1786, died unmarried 25 July, 1878, aet. 92 ; she was the last survivor of J. G. C.'s family. (4) Richard George, born 1787, died 1788, an infant ; (5) and (6) Richard and Henry, twins, born 1788, for whom see paras. 14 and 17 ; (7) Ann, born 1790, married Charles Bonner, Esq., and died 1868 (four of their children are buried at Gosberton) ; (8) George, born 1792, died unmarried 1860 ; (9) James Thompson, b. 1793, d. 1873, for whom see para. 25.

12. The REV. JOHN CALTHROP was born in 1784 and took Holy Orders. He m. his first cousin, Barbara Calthrop Bonner, and I may note that his sister Ann married her first cousin, Charles² Bonner, so the CALTHROP brother and sister married the Bonner sister and brother. In his later years the Rev. John went blind ; but it is reported of him that his

*The original letter is in my possession.

memory was so good, and his knowledge of the scripture so extensive and exact that he could go through the services, including, so it is said, the Psalms and Lessons, until quite near the end of his life. The Rev. John and Barbara (Bonner) had ten children, six sons and four daughters, who came in the following order: (1) JOHN GEORGE², born 1811, died unmarried, 23 November, 1862, aet. fifty-one; he was a solicitor, and for many years Town Clerk of Boston. He spent his heroic life in paying off all his father's debts, he died three weeks after the last payment. He was only eighteen when he undertook to clear the name. Mr. E. L. Layard says: "A splendid epergne now in my possession was presented to him by the Corporation of Boston in recognition of his long and faithful services." (2) ANN BONNER CALTHROP, born and died 1812, an infant. (3) BARBARA ANN, b. 1814, married in 1845 (Lottie Bonner's cuttings give Oct. 18, 1846, at Isleham) to Edgar Leopold Layard, Esq., by whom she had one son, EDGAR LEOPOLD CALTHROP LAYARD, born in 1848, still surviving, and six other children, who died in infancy. Barbara Ann d. 14 June, 1886, aged seventy-two. Mr. E. L. Layard had a copy of Mr. Coulton's narrative, which he annotated and added to; he lent it to Walter Jenkinson Kaye, Esq., above mentioned, who made two fresh copies of it, one of which he very kindly gave to me. (4) CHARLES JAMES, born and died 1817, an infant. (5) HENRY JAMES, born 1819, married in 1863 Frances Winter, and died s.p. in 1875. He was a surgeon and practised at Gosberton for many years; his widow died Nov. 18 or 19, 1912, at Gosberton. (6) MARY FRANCES, b. and d. 1820, an infant. (7) ELEANOR, born 1821, died 1822, an infant. (8) CHARLES EMERSON, born 1823, d. unm. June, 1895, in Australia. (9) GEORGE BONNER, b. 1824, d. 1827, a child. (10) WILLIAM HENRY, d. unm. in Australia.

13. The Rev. John was for many years Vicar of Gosberton, and died at Isleham on 14 January, 1846, aged sixty-two. John George of Boston brought his body to be buried at Gosberton as is evidenced by a stone tablet, which simply

mentions his name, age, and date of death ; and then records as follows : “ Also Barbara (Bonner) his wife, d. Jan. 5, 1866, aged 83. Also their children, John George, d. 23 Novr. 1862, aged 51 ; Henry James, d. 27 Mar., 1875, aged 56 ; William Henry, d. in Australia.” Another tablet is inscribed to “ Barbara Ann, d. 14 June, 1886, aged 72, for 42 years wife of Edgar Leopold Layard, Esq., C.M.G., of her Britannic Majesty’s Consular Service, who erects this tablet in accordance with her last wishes, and in memory of her he loved so well.” And one more is “ To the memory of Edgar Leopold Layard, Esq., d. 1900, aged 75 years.”

14. I now come to the fifth and sixth children, viz., the twin sons of John George¹ and Ann (Spurr). These infants were baptized on 10 October, 1788, and were named RICHARD and HENRY. A good deal of difference of opinion seems to have been held at different times as to which of the two infants was really the elder, and not a little ill-feeling may have been thereby caused in past times. I therefore asked the Rev. E. T. Hudson, present Vicar of Gosberton, to kindly turn up the baptismal register or register of births of his parish for the year 1789 ; he has most kindly done so, and informs me that he has no birth registers, but that the register of baptisms at Gosberton contains the following entry, viz., A.D. 1788, 10 October, RICHARD and HENRY, sons of Mr. J. G. CALTHROP and ANNE, his wife ; this ought to be quite sufficient, and settles the question as far as I am concerned.

15. RICHARD⁵, the elder of the twins, was brought up as a boy at Gosberton Hall, so also were Henry and George, and their youngest brother James for a time ; but I do not think that either Richard or Henry ever owned the place, and it seems that the John George aforesaid was actually the last squire of the name, and that his unfortunate speculations in Welsh mines and elsewhere left his children without an hereditary homestead ; and made it quite a matter of practical indifference which of the two of his twin sons drew breath a few minutes before the other. Richard⁵ was what is known

as a gentleman farmer, and one of great position in the county ; he did well and prospered in business, and purchased the estate of Swineshead Abbey. Mr. Coulton's narrative makes out that Richard⁵ married Elizabeth Turfitt Everard, daughter of Sam. Everard, Esq., of Swineshead Abbey ; this, however, is a mistake. Richard⁵ married Elizabeth Turfitt (Everard), daughter of Samuel Everard, of Gosbertsn, in 1813, and they lived for thirty-three years at Swineshead Abbey, an estate which John George C. purchased from the old family of Lockston and left to Richard C., who sold it to Herbert Ingram in 1845 ;* they had fourteen children, four sons and ten daughters, who were born in the order given below. (1) Elizabeth Ann, born 1814, married in 1839 to Thomas Webster, Esq., Q.C., F.R.S. (I do not know when she died. Mr. Thomas Webster remarried Mary Frances . . . she died 26 January, 1911, aged 87 ; (both wives had large families) and had issue Richard Everard Webster, b. 22 December, 1842, who was knighted as Solicitor-General, and afterwards became Lord Chief Justice of England, and was raised to the peerage as the first Baron Alveistone (for further details of his marriage, see further on, para. 20). (2) Mary, born 16 June, 1816, d. 3 March, 1888, unm. (3) Ann Spurr, born 4 May, 1817, d. 19 June, 1888, unm. (4) Richard George, born 4 June, 1818. He spent many years gold mining in Australia ; returned to England in middle age, and settled himself at Gosberton. He became the Captain of the local volunteers, and died unmarried, 25 November, 1874, aet. 56, buried at Gosberton. (5) Everard, born 1820, married Mary Ann Edmonds, sister of Fred E. Edmonds, and died 1880, aet. 60, leaving a large family, for whom see para. 16. (6) Penelope, b. 17 October, 1822, d. 24 February, 1878, unm. (7) Samuel Robert, of Syracuse, New York, U.S.A., b. 9 October, 1824, d. 11 April, 1917. He was a noted preacher in some Nonconformist Church in America. His descendants are as

*Another member of the Everard family was Robert E. of Fulney House, Spalding, d. July 6, 1880, in his 86th year, and one more was Henry E., who lived to be 76 years of age, and then died, but I cannot say when or where.

follows : (1) Richard Grant, m., 1 dau. Charlotte, (2) Everard, m., 1 dau. Carrol, (3) Elizabeth, (4) Anne, (5) Edith, m. Bump, 1 son and 1 dau. We saw his son in 1908, Mr. Richard Grant Calthrop of Syracuse, New York, U.S.A. He is a professional singer—I believe—a man of 45 or 50 in 1908. (8) Fanny, born 12 August, 1826, married in 1854 the Rev. Alfred Jones, D.D. ; they had nine children, who came as follows : (1) Alfred Calthrop J., d. ; (2) Everard Wordsworth J. (Rev.), v.h., m. Annie Christina Pownall and had issue one son, since deceased ; (3) Emma Laura Fanny J., unm., v.h. ; (4) Henry Guyther J., m. Fanny, *nee* Peach, widow of Tooth, and had three children, Frank and Christabel, twins, and Geoffrey ; (5) Edward Turner J., unm., v.h. ; (6) Arthur Hervey J., m. Edith Maynard and had issue a dau. Dorothy, and a son Maynard ; (7) Mary Elizabeth J., unm., v.h. ; (8) Herbert Calthrop J., d. unm. ; (9) Harriet Beatrice Lucy J., m. to Arthur Cornwall Legh. Fanny (CALTHROP) the mother of these nine children, died 27 February, 1870. (9) Sarah, a twin with Fanny, born and died 1826, an infant. (10) Harriet, born 23 March, 1828, married in 1851 to John Mills Thorne, Esq. She was his first wife. They had seven children, these were (1) Charlotte Elizabeth T., b. 29 May, 1855, d. 15 January, 1889, unm. (2) Benjamin Richard T., b. 20 February, 1857, m. Elizabeth Wilson Cowan, both v.h., s.p. (3) Annie Calthrop T., b. 29 Sept., 1858, v.h., unm. (4) Everard Godwin T., b. 4 June, 1860, v.h., unm. (5) John Mills T., M.D., b. 5 May, 1862, married, v.h., s.p. (6) William Calthrop T., a solicitor, born 16 February, 1864, married, v.h., s.p. (7) Frederick Gordon T., b. 27 March, 1866, married Mabel Ord, both v.h. and have a large family. Besides these were two others, who died young. Harriet (CALTHROP), the mother of this family, d. in August, 1867. John Mills Thorne married as his second wife a lady I do not know ; he d. June 5, 1913. (11) Jennet, born 7 July, 1831, married 30 November, 1854, to Thomas Smith, of Flamstead, Herts., and had eight children. These were (1) Annie Calthrop S., b. 16 September, 1855.

(2) Jennet Wilson S., b. 2 December, 1856. (3) Elizabeth Mary Richmond S., b. 19 April, 1858, m. in 1881 to Thomas Stewart. (4) Alice Everard S., b. 1860. (5) Margaret Dougal S., b. 5 April, 1862, m. in 1885 to her cousin, HARRY CLYDE CALTHROP, and has issue two daughters, Margaret Gladys, b. 1886 and Joan Marion, b. July, 1890. (6) Thomas Wilson S., M.B. Lond., b. 10 October, 1864. (7) Edith Marian S., b. 9 May, 1867. (8) Lucy Constance S., b. 13 July, 1869, d. in China, 11 November, 1902. (12) Emma, b. 27 October, 1833, d. 1914 or 1915, married 10 May, 1855, to Frederick Ezekiel Edmonds, of Berryfield House, Bradford, Wilts., who died s.p. (13) Ellen, born 1836, married her first cousin, JAMES SYKES CALTHROP, second son of JAMES THOMPSON CALTHROP, of Deeping St. Nicholas, near Spalding, and died 9 September, 1875. She had one child which also died in 1875. (14) John Henry, born 6 August, 1838, was known as John the Sailor, d. unm. in December, 1912. He also went to America, and lived with his brother, the Rev. Samuel Richard Calthrop, at Syracuse, New York, who d. 11 May, 1917. Elizabeth Turfitt (Everard), the mother of this family, was born in 1793, and died on 9 October, 1878. Richard⁵, her husband, died 12 February, 1877, in his 85th year at Gosberton House, Lincolnshire.

16. No. 5 of this family, EVERARD CALTHROP, was b. 25 Sept., 1820, d. 29 Nov., 1880, at Stuttgart, he m. Mary Ann (Marion) Edmonds on 16 May, 1855, and had by her a large family. Fred Edmonds m. Emma Calthrop, another case of exchange of sisters. W. C. Lukis de Guerin married another Edmonds girl, a sister of Marion's, which is why Everard's sons call him "Uncle." As this Everard was the eldest son of Richard⁵, the elder of the twins, to have issue, it follows that his eldest son, EVERARD RICHARD CALTHROP, ESQ., C.E., is consequently the titular head of the family, and had Richard¹ of Gosberton been possessed of an hereditary title, it would have descended in due course to this gentleman. Everard was educated at Rugby, he was a "gentleman farmer" living near Ely, was

Captain of the Ely Volunteer Rifles, well known and very popular all round the country side. He was badly injured in a railway accident and never really recovered from its effects. The children of Everard and Marion (Edmonds) were seven sons and one daughter. Six of the sons are still living, five of them married; the only daughter d. unm. They are: (1) The above-mentioned EVERARD RICHARD CALTHROP, a civil engineer and a railway expert, well known both in England and India, born 2 March, 1857, married 19 November, 1890, to Isabel Mary Earle, dau. of Rev. W. Earle, of Bitton Grange, d. March 30, 1927. He had issue two sons and two daughters. (1) Everard Earle, b. 13 September, 1891, Lieut. R.E., Aug., 1911. He was second in the Examination and got the Sword of Honour. He m. Gladys Treeby and had one son b. 1 November, 1916. He was by then a Captain on the General Staff of the R.E. Tidworth M.C. (2) Keith de Suffield, b. 5 February, 1893, Captain in 1917, 4th Battalion Essex Regt., now in Burmah Railways. (3) Isobel Iris, b. 8 April, 1895, m. Capt. J. R. Rooper, Denbighshire Yeomanry, Nov. 9, 1915, and (4) Betty Marion, b. 10 February, 1899. Captain Keith de Suffield Calthrop m. Phillipa Joan Batchelor, Nov. 14th, 1917. (2) FREDERICK CECIL CALTHROP, born 24 August, 1858, married 23 July, 1885, Amy Sumner. He is described as a "Merchant of Liverpool." He gives me the list of his family as follows: (1) Isabel Barbara Everard, b. 30 Sept., 1887, m. to Edward B. Driffield on 20 April, 1910. (2) Dorothy Cecil, b. 25 Oct., 1891, m. Capt. A. N. Roe, R.G.A. (3) Rhoda Eileen, b. 7 Jan., 1895, m. A. L. Martin, June 12, 1918. (4) Amy Phyllis, b. 8 Sept., 1896. (5) Cecil Sumner, b. 15 Aug., 1898, d. 17 Aug., 1898. (6) Marjorie Alverstone, b. 31 July, 1900, m. Capt. David Lumsden, M.C., Sept. 5, 1923. (3) HARRY CLYDE CALTHROP, born 6 August, 1860, married 8 June, 1885 (his cousin), Margaret Dougal Smith, daughter of Jennet Smith, and has two daughters, (1) Margaret Gladys, b. 6 Sept., 1886, and (2) Joan Marion, b. 18 July, 1890. (4) ERNEST NOEL EDWARD C., b. 9 Jan., 1862, d. 2 April, 1905,

unm. (5) LIONEL CLAUDE EVERARD CALTHROP, M.D., one of the rising physicians of the day, born 4 October, 1864, married 7 October, 1891, Emmeline Mary Dennis, *nee* Scott. She has two daughters by her first husband. (1) Emmeline Muriel D. (2) Florence Madeline D. (6) HUGH VICTOR EVERARD CALTHROP, born 2 April, 1866, lives in Freemantle, South Australia; he m. 24 September, 1901, Mabel Harriet (Henrietta, L. de G.) Victoria, d. of J. T. Barrow, of Perth, South Australia, and has issue a son, ERNEST EVERARD KEITH CALTHROP, b. March, 1903. (Two sons, L. de G.). (7) MARION ELIZABETH MABEL, b. 19 Oct., 1867, d. 24 March, 1902, unm. (8) CALTHROP GUY SPENSER CALTHROP, C.E., general superintendent of the L. & N.W. Railway, 1915, born 26 March, 1870, m. 13 April, 1901, Margaret Gertrude Morten, dau. of James Morten, Esq., of The Savoy, Denham, Berks., by his wife, Maria, *nee* Skinner. He afterwards became Sir Guy Calthrop and d. 23 February, 1918, in his 49th year. Everard, the father of this family, d. 29 November, 1880, and Marion, the mother, who was b. 12 August, 1836, d. 4 August, 1890.

17. HENRY, the younger of the twins, entered the army. He was posted to the 10th or North Lincolnshire Regiment of Foot, as an ensign, on 9 August, 1805, and page 123 of the "Army List" for that year shows him as ENSIGN HENRY CALTHORPE. In the list for 1806, the spelling is altered to CALTHROP, and so remains for the rest of his service. On 22 April, 1806, he was promoted to be lieutenant, and got his company on 26 April, 1811. CAPTAIN HENRY CALTHROP, said to have been the handsomest man in Lincolnshire, retired from the service by the sale of his commission in 1812, and in that year he married Mary Greetham, the daughter of William Greetham, Esq., of Stainfield Hall, near Lincoln. She was known all over the county as "The Woodland beauty." Mr. Greetham settled £1000 on his daughter when she married and I should think that, in all probability, it was from their shares in this money that my father, W.C.C., and uncle, C.J.C., got their bringing up and education. They lived at

Gosberton, and had five children, four sons and one daughter ; two of the sons and the daughter died as young people, unmarried. Their names were (1) John George Greaves, born 1813, died 1825, aet. twelve ; (2) Mary Ann, born 1816, died 1841, unmarried, aet. twenty-five ; a most perfectly beautiful woman, died from consumption ; so also was my daughter Jessie. I have heard my father say that my sister Louisa Mary was a most remarkable likeness of his sister Mary Ann, and my daughter Jessie was very like my sister. So here we have a trio of beautiful women dying young. (1) Mary Ann C., d. 1841, aet. 25. (2) Louisa Mary W., d. 1877, aet. 31. (3) Jessie C.-C., d. 1902, aet. 22. (3) Henry Greetham, born 1818, died 1840, aet. twenty-two, unm. (4) WILLIAM CHARLES (my father), born 3 November, 1819 (see next paragraph) ; (5) CALTHROP JOHNSTONE, born 1822, for whom see below, para 23. CAPTAIN HENRY CALTHROP died in 1826, and was buried at Gosberton, where a stone in the floor of the chancel is inscribed : " Beneath this stone lie the remains of CAPT. HENRY CALTHROP, of the 10th Foot, son of the late J. G. CALTHROP, of Gosberton, ESQ. Born 1789, died 1826." I do not find any mention of the death or place of burial of his wife Mary (Greetham), but I think I remember my father saying that she too was buried at Gosberton, but whether shortly before or shortly after her husband I do not know. As a portion of the floor of the chancel is now covered by seats for the choir, it is probable that some few of the family memorials are hidden from sight. It may be hoped that a complete and accurate list may be made when opportunity offers ; the list in Mr. Kaye's book being quite correct as far as it goes, but not quite complete.

18. WILLIAM CHARLES CALTHROP (my father) was educated at the Boston Grammar School, and studied medicine at Charing Cross Hospital, London, where he was House Surgeon in 1840. He went into country practice, first at Crowland, then at Spilsby, remaining only a very short time in these places, and then settled at Withern, near Alford, Lincolnshire, where

he spent the rest of his life, and died there on 14 July, 1873. He married on 27 April, 1843, Louisa Jane, the only daughter of the Rev. Christopher Carr, Rector of Fletton, near Peterborough, and had issue (1) Christopher William (myself), for whom see the next paragraph; (2) Louisa Mary, for whom see below, para. 20; (3) Eliza, born 1847, died 21 October, 1851, aged four years; (4) Harry, born 4 December, 1848, for whom see below, para. 22, died 13 September, 1921, in Auckland, New Zealand; (5) John Greetham, died 8 March, 1850, aged one month; (6) Peyton Vyner, born 1855, died 1903, unmarried, at the Mauritius. The eldest of these children (myself) was born at Crowland, the second at Spilsby, and all the rest at Withern. WILLIAM CHARLES CALTHROP died at Withern on 14 July, 1872, and was buried there. Louisa Jane (Carr) my dear mother, the mother of the above-mentioned six children, died at Louth, Lincolnshire, on 3 January, 1877, aged fifty-seven years, and was buried by the side of her husband, and near the grave of her two little children, and one nephew, an infant son of her only brother (the Rev. John Anby Carr, at that time curate of Belchford, near Horn-castle), in the churchyard at Withern, near Alford, Lincolnshire.

19. Of this family, No. 1, Christopher William, the writer of these notes, was born at Crowland on 28 July, 1844, educated at Merchant Taylors' School and Charing Cross Hospital (where he was also House Surgeon twenty-seven years after his father), and at the University of Heidelberg. He practised for a short time as a surgeon in London, and then went into the Indian Medical Service, gaining the first place in the open competition in February, 1869. He went out to India in the autumn of that year, and held many appointments both civil and military. LIEUT.-COLONEL CALTHROP, as he was then, assumed the additional surname of CARR in 1896, by deed poll, and was promoted to the rank of full Colonel in 1899. COLONEL CARR-CALTHROP was in succession Principal Medical Officer of the Malakand Brigade in Swat Valley, N.W. Frontier, in 1895; P. M. O. of the Indian Expeditionary Force to Suakin,

Sudan War of 1896 ; P. M. O. of the Presidency District, Calcutta, in 1898 ; and, lastly, P. M. O. of the Assam military district, and head of the Civil Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Civil Province of that name, from 1899 to 1904, when he retired from the service. He married first, 2 May, 1872, Honor Cary, eldest daughter of Robert William Thomas, Esq., of the Indian Civil Service, and by her had two sons and two daughters. (1) WILLIAM C., born and died 1 Sept., 1873. (2) BEATRICE MARY HONORA FLORENCE CALTHROP CARR-CALTHROP, born 8 December, 1877, married 17 November, 1898, to Ernest Albert Estcourt, Esq., B.A., of the Indian Civil Service, and had issue, (1) Christopher Albert Estcourt, b. 7 September, 1899, d. 3 April, 1900 ; (2) Dorothy Margaret Kathleen Estcourt, b. 25 September, 1903, v.h. ; (3) Edward Noel Keith Estcourt (Lt. R.A.), b. 17 December, 1905 ; (4) Phyllis Jessica Calthrop Estcourt, b. 11 April, 1909. (3) PERCY C., b. 22 August, 1879, d. 24 August, 1879, and (4) JESSIE MAY HONORA CALTHROP CARR-CALTHROP, b. 25 October, 1880 ; d. 18 November, 1902, at Shillong, in Assam, aet. twenty-two years, unm. Honor Cary, the mother of these four children, died at Palampur, in the Kangra district of the Punjab, on 19 September, 1888, two days before her thirty-fifth birthday. After her death COLONEL CARR-CALTHROP married, as his second wife, Alice Evett Hartley, second daughter of the late Charles James Hartley, Esq., head of a large firm of accountants in Birmingham. They have no issue ; both v.h.

20. The second child of William Charles and Louisa Jane (Carr) was Louisa Mary, born 21 February, 1846, and died 22 March, 1877, married 20 August, 1872, to Richard Everard Webster, M.A., Q.C., born 22 December, 1842, and died 15 December, 1914, her second cousin, and had issue a daughter, the Hon'ble Dora Marion, born 18 May, 1873, m. 19 April, 1902, to Dr. Alfred Shaw Mellor, M.A., M.B., son of Mr. James R. Mellor, Master in Chancery, by whom she has four daughters : (1) Joan, born 6 Feb., 1903, (2) Elizabeth Dorothy, born

TABLE XI

Connection between WEBSTER and CALTHROP, and CALTHROP and CALTHROP.

JOHN GEORGE CALTHROP = ANN SPURR,
b. 1749, d. 1815. | d. 1806.

RICHARD C.,
b. 1789, d. 1851,
m. Elizabeth Turfitt
Everard, d. 1878.

ELIZABETH ANN C.,
and 13 others, b.
1814, d. 1847, m.
Thos. Webster, Q.C.

RICHARD EVERARD W.,
Lord Alverstone, b.
1842, d. 1914, m. 1872,
Louisa Mary Cal-
throp, b. 1846,
d. 1877. | A

CAPTAIN HENRY C.,
b. 1789, d. 1826,
m. Mary Greetham.

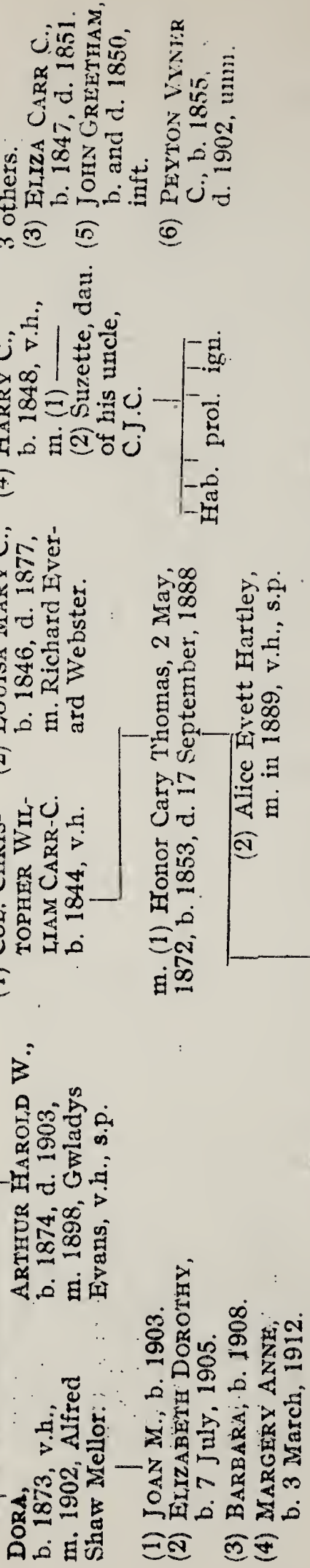
- (1) JOHN GEORGE GRAVES,
b. 1813, d. 1825,
unm.
- (2) MARY ANN,
b. 1816, d. 1841,
unm.
- (3) HENRY GREETHAM,
b. 1818, d. 1840,
unm.

- (4) WILLIAM CHARLES C.,
b. 1819, d. 1872,
m. Louisa Jane
Carr, 1843, b. 1820,
d. 1877.

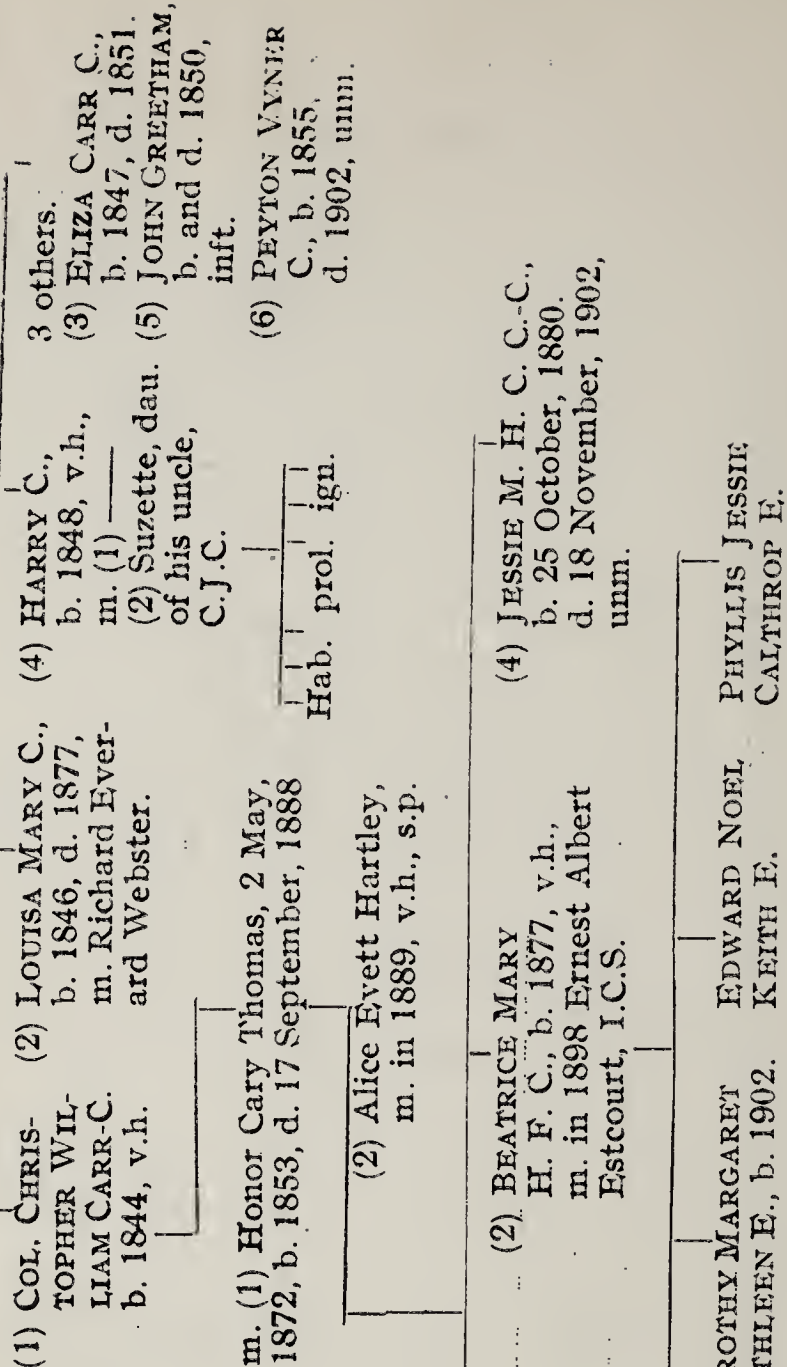
- (5) CALTHROP JOHNSTONE,
b. 1822, m. Susan
(Knowles).
- (1) HUGH.
- (2) WALTER, in R.N.
- (3) MURIEL, in Record
Office.
- (4) WINIFRED LOUISA.
- (5) SUZETTE, m. to Harry
C., and has issue.
- (6) MAX, and
- (7) SYLVIA CICELY.

B

A



B



(1) WILLIAM C., b. 1873, d. infnt.

(2) BEATRICE MARY H. F. C., b. 1877, v.h., m. in 1898 Ernest Albert Estcourt, I.C.S.

CHRISTOPHER E., b. 1899, d. infnt.

DOROTHY MARGARET KATHLEEN E., b. 1902.

EDWARD NOEL KEITH E.

PHYLLIS JESSIE CALTHROP E.

7 July, 1905, (3) Barbara, born 1908, and (4) Margery Anne, born 3 March, 1912. Richard Everard Webster and Louisa Mary also had a son, the Hon'ble Arthur Harold, b. 16 June, 1874, who m., 10 May, 1898, Gwladys, second daughter of Sir Francis H. Evans, Bart., K.C.M.G., and died s.p., 8 August, 1902. Richard Everard Webster, M.A., LL.D., was educated at the Charterhouse and Trinity College, Cambridge, entered the legal profession, was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1868, appointed Q.C. in 1878, was Attorney-General three times, knighted in 1885, and M.P. for the Isle of Wight (1885 to 1900); represented Great Britain at the Behring Sea Arbitration in 1893 (G.C.M.G.), and Venezuela in 1898-9, Master of the Rolls; a Baronet of the United Kingdom, and Baron Alverstone in 1900; Lord Chief Justice of England. The connections between the Websters and the CALTHROPS are shown in Table XI. Arthur Harold Webster was buried at Cranleigh; his father put up a memorial mural tablet to him in the cloisters of the Charterhouse School, Godalming, bearing the following pathetic inscription:

"Arturo Haroldo Webster, domus Carthusianae et coll. ss. Trin. Cantab. alumno, inter juris consultos hospitii Lincolneinsis adscripto, Ricardus Everard Baro de Alverstone capitalis Angliae justitiarius h.m.p.c.; Pater filio unico amatissimo, Carthusianus Carthusiano, in porticu a Suttonianis ad honorem sodalium incohata, pio ipsius munere in perpetuum defleti memoriam perfecta, orbitatis et desiderii solatium a deo opt. max. expectans. Natus A.D. XVI Cal. Quintiles MDCCLXXIV Vitam aeternam aetate temporali mutavit A.D. VI Idus Sextiles MDCCCII."

For the benefit of non-classical readers I give the original English version of the above composed by Lord Alverstone himself, and lent to me by His Worship for the purpose of this memoir.

TO ARTHUR HAROLD WEBSTER, Student of Charterhouse and of Trinity College, Cambridge; Barrister of Lincoln's Inn, RICHARD EVERARD BARON ALVERSTONE, LORD CHIEF JUSTICE

OF ENGLAND, erected this monument ; a father to his only, his dearly loved son, a Carthusian to a Carthusian, in the cloister, commenced by Carthusians in honour of their comrades, completed by his gift to perpetuate the memory of one deeply mourned, earnestly looking for consolation under loss and bereavement to God, All Merciful Almighty.

Born 16th June, 1874, passed from his sojourn here to Eternal Life 8th August, 1902.

21. Thomas Webster, Q.C., born 16 October, 1810, married 16 October, 1839, Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of RICHARD CALTHROP, ESQ., of Swineshead Abbey (she died 3 December, 1847), and had issue (1) the Rev. Thomas Calthrop Webster, b. 1841, m. in 1867, Elizabeth, daughter of William Waugh, Esq., v.h., and had issue (a) Thomas Lonsdale W., b. 1868, m. in 1903 Esther, dau. of Thomas Brady Dalton, Esq., of Lincoln, who had two other daughters, Dorice, m. Hugh Calthrop W., and Cora, m. (b) Hugh Calthrop W., m. Dorice as aforesaid, and has issue ; (c) Millicent Stella W., b. 1871, m. 9 October, 1904, to Ernest H. A. C., son of Henry Wells, of Old Colton, Norfolk. (2) Sir Richard Everard Webster (Lord Alverstone), b. 22 December, 1842, d. Dec. 15, 1914. (3) Henry George W., b. 1844, m. in 1872, Anne, dau. of Colonel Roche, and has issue two sons, Cyril W., b. 1874, d. 19 February, 1911, and Everard W., b. 1877, m. 6 January, 1911, to Olive, dau. of the late Peard, Esq., Solicitor of London and Worthing. (4) Mary Emily W., b. 1845, d. July, 1865 (? 1878). (5) Laura Alice W., v.h. Mr. Thomas Webster's second wife was the eldest daughter of J. Collier Cockworthy (see notice of her death on p. 109) and had issue (1) Francis Joseph Webster, b. 6 Sept., 1860, died September, 1904, and (2) Helen Avice, unm., v.h.

22. The fourth of the family we are now considering is HARRY CALTHROP, born 4 December, 1848, and died 13 September, 1921, at Auckland, N.Z. He was for some time a sheep farmer in New Zealand, and in 1871 got into the Indian Forest Department and served many years in the

Punjab, Central Provinces, and Burmah; he was retired on 4 December, 1903, having reached the age of fifty-five years, the limit allowed by the age clause for members of the uncovenanted civil services under the Indian Government. He married twice, and had a family by both of his wives, the second of whom was his first cousin, Suzette, daughter of CALTHROP JOHNSTONE CALTHROP, ESQ., of Horkstow Hall, near Brigg, Lincolnshire. His family by his first wife (Miss Boyle) consisted of two daughters, Gladys, aged 21 in 1910, and Violet, aged 16 (?) in 1910. One of the daughters and her mother died in India. By his second marriage he had two sons and one daughter, Pearl Irene, b. 14 November, 1901; Lancelot, b. 1904, commissioned in Hong Kong Police in 1924; Richard, b. 1907, emigrated to Australia in 1923.

23. The fifth and youngest child of CAPTAIN HENRY CALTHROP and Mary (Greetham) is CALTHROP JOHNSTONE CALTHROP just above mentioned. He was born in 1822, and was a gentleman farmer on a very large scale. He married in 1867 Susan Knowles, and had three sons and four daughters, born in the following order. (1) Hugh, b. August, 1868, v.h., unm., is a farmer in North Lincolnshire. (2) Walter Henry Calthrop Calthrop, b. September, 1869, is a Commander in the Royal Navy. He was appointed Lieut. 31 October, 1895, Commander 16 September, 1909, Rtd. Captain 11 November, 1918. He holds the Albert Medal for gallantry at sea, m. Grace Alderton and has one dau., Bessie, aged 18 or 19 in 1927. (3) Muriel Margaret, b. January, 1871, holds an appointment in the Record Office, Somerset House, unm. (4) Winifred Louisa, b. 1872, unm. (5) Suzette, b. May, 1873, married to her first cousin, HARRY CALTHROP, aforesaid, and has issue as aforesaid. (6) Max, b. December, 1878, and (7) Sylvia Cicely, b. November, 1881, d. 1882. CALTHROP JOHNSTONE CALTHROP, d. October, 1905, and Susan (Knowles) d. 31 January, 1920.

24. I have now to revert to the eighth child of John George and Ann (Spurr). This was George, born 1792; he had the misfortune to entirely lose his sight, but I well remember

the marvellous skill and delicacy of touch with which he could build card houses to amuse us children. He d. unm. in 1860 at Aunt Mary Calthrop's house in Spalding from cancer of the tongue ; buried at Gosberton or Spalding Cemetery So was she.

25. The next, the youngest of my great-grandfather's children, was my great-uncle JAMES THOMPSON CALTHROP. He was born in 1793, and had a large farm in Deeping St. Nicholas, near Spalding, Lincolnshire ; he married Edna Naylor Knowles in 1831. Her mother was a Sykes, one of the ancient Yorkshire family of that name. James and Edna had a family of eight, five sons and three daughters, of whom the following are some particulars : (1) EDNA CALTHROP, born 1834, was accidentally killed by a fall from a horse in 1844. (2) JOE GEORGE CALTHROP, born 1835, was for many years a solicitor in Spalding and partner with his cousin, Charles Bonner ; he was for a long time Coroner for South Lincolnshire, but he retired from practice in 1900 and lived at Bradbourne Hall, Ashbourne, Derbyshire ; he died 23 August, 1917, unm. (3) JAMES SYKES CALTHROP, born 1 June, 1838, died 13 November, 1917, a gentleman farmer near Norwich, married in 1874, as his first wife, his cousin ELLEN CALTHROP, b. in 1836, for whom see para. 15 ; by her he had one daughter, who, together with her mother, died in the following year ; Ellen died 2 September, 1875. He then married 13 June, 1878, for his second wife, Emily Maria Rinder, dau. of Joseph Rinder, Esq., of Bowthorpe Hall, Norwich, whose brother, Robert Toynbee Rinder, married Gertrude Bonner, fifth child of Henry Calthrop Bonner and Ellen Susan (Freeman), for whom see separate list. JAMES and Emily (Rinder) had one son and two daughters, James Noel, born 15 December, 1879, Lettice Theodora, born 20 January, 1884 ; and Beryl, born 23 June, 1886 ; another daughter, born 12 April, 1882, seems to have died ; Emily (Rinder) v.h. (4) EDWARD CALTHROP, born 1840, died 4 November, 1912, was a doctor ; he was educated at King's College School and Hospital ; he

went into practice as a partner in a very old-established firm in the Highgate neighbourhood ; on retiring from the active practice of his profession he lived at his country house in Sowersby, Farnham, Surrey. He m. in 1880, Emily Grace Wellesey, a grand-niece of the great Duke of Wellington and third daughter of the Hon'ble Wm. Henry G. Wellesey, Captain R.N., second son of the first Baron Cowley, who was the Iron Duke's brother. They had a large family : Edna Amelia, b. 1881 ; William Wellesey James, A.R.I.B.A., b. 1882 ; Edward Spencer, b. 1883, M.B., B.S. Lond., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., R.A.M.C. in July, 1911 ; resigned his commission 9 March, 1912, he m. Eleanor Mary, only dau. of Mrs. F. W. Chance of Morton, Carlisle, on 14 March, 1917, and d. 31 July, 1917 ; Madeleine Emily, b. 1885, unm. in 1912 ; Agatha Barbara, b. 1890 ; Claude David Usticke, b. 1893, First Secretary General, Rhineland High Commissions, d. 12 May, 1921. Emily Grace (Wellesey) died 19 August, 1916.

(5) JOHN ALFRED CALTHROP, born 1842, was educated at Merchant Taylors' School in London, and was destined for the law, but his instincts led him to the stage, and he became famous as an actor on the London stage under the name of John Clayton ; he married on 5 July, 1877, Ève Boucicault, the daughter of the well-known Dion Boucicault, a great dramatic author and actor, and by her he had a family of three sons and one daughter : (a) Dyon William Palgrave Clayton Calthrop (known as Willie), born 2 April, 1879, married Violet Marsden, both v.h. She was the dau. of the vicar of Spalding and m. a man called Johnson, son of the manager of a bank at Spalding, who divorced her in India. She then came home and D. W. C. married her (b) Dorothy Èva Margaret Clayton, born 20 December, 1880 ; (c) Ian James Duncan Clayton, born 20 September, 1884, m. on 8 June, 1909, to Elsie Viola, eldest daughter of Henry Tolhurst, of Lee, and has one dau., b. 8 September, 1913 ; (d) Donald Èsme Clayton, born 11 April, 1888, post mort. patr., m. Margaret Helen, dau. of Edward Harries Ledward, 23 June, 1913, and has

one son, b. 28 March, 1914. John Alfred Calthrop died suddenly at Liverpool 27 February, 1888. (6) CLAUDE ANDREWS CALTHROP, born 20 December, 1844, was a distinguished artist who gained several prizes from the Royal Academy and was a regular exhibitor at their galleries; he married, 13 April, 1875, Louisa Chance (died 28 February, 1925) and died 18 April, 1893, leaving one son, Lieut.-Colonel Everard Ferguson Calthrop of the Royal Horse Artillery, born 1876, who got his jacket for service in the last South African War, and was killed in the Great War, and one daughter, Hope, b. 5 October, 1881, m. Major H. De Watteville, R.A., 22 October, 1914. (7 and 8) ANNETTE STAINES, b. in 1847, d. 13 December, 1916, and KATE, b. in 1849, v.h., two younger daughters, both unmarried. Lt.-Colonel Everard Calthrop had served just over 20 years when he was killed, and had won no less than nine decorations; he was for some time our military attache in Tokyo, Japan, and is said to have been the best Japanese and Chinese scholar in the British Army. Claude has also one daughter, Hope, b. Oct. 5, 1881, m. 22 October, 1914, to Major (now Lt.-Col.) H. de Watteville, R.A., and has one son, b. 12 July, 1919.

26. This completes a short history of the senior branch of the existing family as descended from Richard³ and Mary (Thompson). We have now to take up the relation of the junior branch descended from this Richard's younger brother Benjamin. BENJAMIN CALTHROP was the eighth child and youngest son of JOHN CALTHROP and Barbara, the actual youngest of whose family was the ninth, Barbara, who died in infancy. BENJAMIN CALTHROP was born in 1725, and Mr. Coulton states that there was a tradition in the family that he was a surgeon and practised for some time at Spilsby, and that he afterwards went abroad and died in the West Indies. He married a lady named Squier, probably one of the Squiers of Holbeach, and by her had three sons and two daughters, viz., (1) SQUIER CALTHROP, born 1746, died 1827, aet. eighty-one, unmarried. He lived at Boston but was

buried at Gosberton, where there is a mural tablet inscribed :
 " SQUIER CALTHROP, formerly of Boston. A man of principle
 and one who feared God. b. Jan. 4, 1746. d. Oct. 7, 1827." He
 lived at Ashby near Horncastle for some time. See his
 will and note attached. The neighbours called him " Mr.
 Cawtrup." He left the bulk of his property to his nephew,
 JOHN CALTHROP, the eldest son of his brother JOHN CALTHROP.
 This John sold the bulk of the Lincolnshire property in 1840
 and purchased the Stanhoe Hall Estates where he lived and
 died. See para. 28 (2). (2) JOHN, married Mary Gordon,
 for whom see the next paragraph. (3) ELIZABETH, married
 to Fish, Esq., and had a son Benjamin Fish, died
 unmarried, and two daughters, Margaret Fish, died unmarried,
 and Mary Fish, married to Smedley, Esq., and died
 s.p. (4) RICHARD, married a lady from the village of Butter-
 wick, and left a family. Mr. Coulton's narrative says that this
 Richard married twice ; his first wife d.s.p. and the lady from
 the village of Butterwick was his maid servant. (5) MARY,
 married to James¹ Barnham, Esq., of Buxton, Norfolk, High
 Sheriff of Norfolk, and had a son, James² Barnham C., who
 married and had issue James³ Calthrop Barnham, solicitor
 of Norwich, and three daughters : (1) Priscilla, married to
 Rev. Zachariah Stichall and died s.p. ; (2 and 3) Louisa and
 Rebecca, both died unmarried. James³ Calthrop Barnham
 married a lady whose parentage is not given ; by her he had
 three daughters who all died unmarried.

There does not appear to be any monument or slab recording
 the date of death or place of burial of the mother of this
 family, *i.e.*, the wife of Benjamin C.

In the Horncastle cemetery, the names of Sharp, Fenwick,
 Squier and Bullivant occur frequently. I saw them in
 September, 1908.

There was in September, 1908, a family named Squier
 living at West Ashby. He was a carpenter and wheelwright
 and his people have been there for three generations at least
 and perhaps more.

27. JOHN CALTHROP, the second son of BENJAMIN CALTHROP, and of the daughter of Squier, married in 1786, at Little Walsingham, Mary, the only child of Robert Gordon, Esq. (who died at Lynn in 1812, aet. ninety-six ; he was the only son of the Rev. George Gordon, Vicar of Nirtford, near Morpeth, co. Northumberland, from 1714 to 1759, in which year he died there). JOHN CALTHROP was in business in London for a long time, and on retiring, bought an estate at Butterwick, in Lincolnshire, where most of his younger children were born. He had property also at West Ashby and at Stottisham St. Mary, Norfolk, where he died in 1808, leaving his widow with five sons, of whom Richard was the second, and six daughters (not counting the two children who died in childhood). Mr. Coulton thinks that JOHN CALTHROP was married twice ; his first wife having died s.p., he married Mary (Gordon) rather late in life ; but he could not have been a very old man, for they had eleven children (thirteen in all, as the two who died in childhood are not included), five sons and six daughters, of whom the following particulars have been gleaned from Mr. Coulton's notes, MISS LOUISA CALTHROP'S Life of her brother Richard, and a letter from MRS. CALTHROP, widow of the late REV. PREBENDARY GORDON CALTHROP, to whom my best thanks are due.

28. These eleven children were, in order of birth :

(1) Mary, born 3 October, 1787, married, first, in 1813, Richard Rogerson, Esq., and had issue a son, Joseph Rogerson, Esq., and three daughters, Elizabeth, married to Henry Poole Gregg, Esq., and Mary and Fanny, both unmarried. And secondly, remarried to Thomas Wood, Esq., who survived her. She died 21 April, 1879, aet. ninety-one.

(2) John, born 6 December, 1788, married, in 1831, Mary Hollway, daughter of John Palmer Hollway, of Boston, whom he survived ; as she died in 1875. He was a county (Norfolk) J.P. and D.L. for Norfolk and Lincoln. He died 2 November, 1877, aet. eighty-nine, leaving an only dau., Mary Esther, b. in 1833, who m., in 1855, her cousin, Lieut.-Colonel James

Holloway, J.P. and D.L. for Norfolk and Lincolnshire. She died in the following year, *i.e.*, 1856, leaving an only son, born 4 March, 1856, who is now HENRY CALTHROP HOLLWAY-CALTHROP, ESQ., of Stanhoe Hall; he married, 10 September, 1879, Wilhelmina, younger dau. of David Rolston, Esq., of Bothwell, N.B. In mentioning this gentleman, Burke, in his "Landed Gentry," for 1898, p. 221, says that he is descended from a junior branch of the ancient family of CALTHROP of Burnham, Norfolk, which migrated into Lincolnshire in the sixteenth century.*

(3) Priscilla, born 16 February, 1793, married, in 1817, to John James¹ Coulton, Esq., solicitor, of Lynn. She died 29 November, 1877, aet. eighty-four, leaving issue, John James² Coulton, Esq., the original compiler of the "Notes on the CALTHROP Family," and other children, for whom see para. 32.

(4) Richard, born 17 January, 1795, a midshipman in the Royal Navy. He was killed on board H.M.S. Leander at the battle of Algiers, 27 August, 1816, by a cannon ball which took off his head. There is a mural monument to him in West Ashby church, with a very long laudatory epitaph. See monograph of his life by his sister Louisa.

(5) Gordon, born 28 January, 1797, married, in 1822, Jane Cockshutt, whom he survived. He died 18 March, 1873, aet. seventy-six, leaving issue, for whom see para. 30.

(6) Eliza, born 7 May, 1798, died 23 June, 1888, aet. ninety, unmarried.

(7) Louisa, born September, 1799, died 1890, aet. ninety-one, unmarried. To her book on the life of her brother, Richard, the gallant young sailor who was killed in action at Algiers, I am indebted for this list and other details regarding herself and her other brothers and sisters.

(8) Barbara, born 25 January, 1801, died 25 November, 1887, aet. eighty-six, unmarried.

*It is most important that this reference should not be forgotten when reading Part III of these Notes.

(9) Henry (the Rev. H. C., B.D.), born 26 January, 1803, married, in 1862, Helen Mary Ann (*nee* Walker), widow of the Rev. Charles Green, who survived him. He was Rector of Great Braxted, Essex, Archdeacon of Derby, and Prebendary of Lichfield. He died 21 June, 1887, aet. eighty-four, s.p.

(10) James, born 10 July, 1804, married, in 1832, Marianne Kingston, and had issue a son, the Rev. Francis James Calthrop, M.A., b. 1832, m. in 1878 Anna Maria Fernie, d. 14 March, 1914, in his 82nd year, his widow died 26 August, 1916; and a daughter, Ann Matilda, b. 1839, m. 29 October, 1896, to Robert Barfoot; he died within a fortnight of his marriage. James d. 22 Jan., 1882, aet. seventy-eight.

(11) Anne, born 9 September, 1806, died 11 May, 1881, aet. seventy-five, unm.

29. There were two other children of this marriage, who died in infancy; they came, no doubt, between Nos. 2 and 3. Miss Louisa notes in her book on the extraordinary longevity of the nine of her brothers and sisters who survived the sailor, Richard, and gives their average age at 83 years and 321 days. She describes herself as "one of the last of a gentle but decadent family," and could the dear old lady have included herself with the nine of her brothers and sisters, the average age of the ten would have been over eighty-five years. A record which I should think can hardly ever have been beaten.

I find no mention of the death or burial of the mother of this family.

30. No. 5 of this family, Gordon, requires further notice. He was born, as abovesaid, on 28 January, 1797, and married, in 1822, Jane, only child of Thomas Cockshutt, and was, I believe, a solicitor; he died in March, 1873. Gordon and Jane (Cockshutt) had four children only. (1) The Rev. Gordon, born 1823, for whom see next paragraph. (2) THOMAS DOWNIE CALTHROP, born 1824, he was the solicitor to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and had an office in Whitehall in the early sixties: he died unm. somewhere in America. (3) ROBERT GORDON CALTHROP (Rev., J.P.), born 1825; he

married on 19 April, 1856, Arabella, daughter and heiress of Edward Collingwood, Esq., of Dissington Hall, Northumberland and had issue two sons and two daughters. (1) Arabella Cecil Catherine Calthrop, b. 22 January, 1857, m. 19 April, 1882, to Horatio R. B. Peile, Esq., by whom she had one son. (2) Edward Gordon Calthrop, b. 13 April, 1859, m. to May, second daughter of George Henry Raw, Esq., of London. (3) Walter Gordon Calthrop, b. 23 May, 1861, and (4) Cecil Dora Calthrop, b. 24 June, 1862, and d. in 1903. On 3 April, 1868, after the death of his father-in-law, R. G. C. assumed the name and arms of Collingwood. Robert Gordon, v.h., Arabella died 7 December, 1898, aet. seventy-eight. (4) JANE, born 1827, married Edward Bell, Junr., Esq., of Wray Park, Reigate, and had issue one son and three daughters; she d. April, 1915, aet. eighty-eight.

31. No. 1 of this family was the late Rev. GORDON CALTHROP, born in 1823. He was educated at King's College and Trinity College, Cambridge, and took his degree with honours on the classical side in 1847. He originally meant to go to the bar, but changed his intentions, and took holy orders in 1851. After holding some minor charges, he came in 1864 to St. Augustine's, Highbury New Park. Here his earnestness and eloquence made both himself and his church famous, and he was soon known as one of the best preachers in London. In 1889 he was appointed to the prebendal stall of Willesden in St. Paul's Cathedral, London. He married, 1 July, 1856, Emily, youngest daughter of John Mills Thorne, Esq., sister of Mrs. John George Bonner, by whom he had a family of ten children (really fourteen, but four died in infancy), as undermentioned. The Rev. Gordon died on January 13th, 1894, in his seventy-first year; his widow died 14 Jan., 1911. (1) Emily Jane, married, in 1895, to the Rev. Samuel Dyson, D.D. (2) Charlotte Margaret. (3) The Rev. Cecil Gordon, married 26 July, 1898, Amy Elizabeth Symonds, daughter of the Rev. Canon Symonds, Rector of Stockport. They have two children, Gwendolea Gordon, v.h., and Godric William Gordon, d. 2 May, 1905.

(4) Effie Maud. (5) Rose Lilian, born 6 March, 1865, m. 4 June, 1913, to Mr. Godwin. (6) Horace George, d. 5 November, 1909. He fell down a cliff at Hong-Kong and was accidentally killed. He was at the Felsted school. (7) Gordon, married, February, 1895, to Mary Suttbery, daughter of Alfred B. Sturdee, Esq. They have five children: Audrey Gordon Calthrop, Alfred Gordon Calthrop, Barbara Gordon Calthrop, Gordon Calthrop, and Roger Gordon Calthrop. (8) Kathleen Helen. (9) Walter Gordon, and (10) Elsie Gordon, married, in June, 1903, to Douglas Mathews, a solicitor, living in Ealing, son of Joseph D. Mathews, Esq. They have three daughters: (1) Mary Gordon, b. 6 November, 1905, she studied for the law and is now herself a full blown solicitor; (2) Margaret Elsie Gordon, b. 31 July, 1908, and (3) Catherine, b. 1911.

32. As above said, Priscilla, the second daughter of JOHN CALTHROP, and Mary (Gordon), born 1793, married John James¹ Coulton. Their eldest son was John James² Coulton a solicitor at Lynn, and the original compiler of the memoir on the CALTHROP family, to which I am so much indebted. He was born in 1818, and married, 1849, Sarah, youngest daughter of James Radley, Esq., solicitor, of Oldham, and has issue four sons. (1) John James³ Coulton. (2) Richard Calthrop Coulton, a solicitor at Lynn. (3) George Gordon Coulton, in holy orders. (4) Edmund Lees Coulton (all four of whom are unmarried), and four daughters: (1) Sarah Priscilla Elizabeth, unmarried. (2) Ellen Isabella, married Frederick Albert Barrington, surgeon, Lynn, and has issue two sons. (3) Henrietta Mary Louisa, unmarried, and (4) Beatrice Octavia, unmarried.

33. John Calthrop Coulton, second son of John James¹ Coulton and Priscilla (CALTHROP), born 1819, died 1857, married, in 1846, Mary Ann, second daughter of the above-mentioned James Radley, and left two children, (1) Fanny Prescott, married her mother's first cousin, James Radley, and has issue, Honoria Coulton Radley and James Radley, and (2) James Radley, a captain in the army, married and

has issue. The third son was Henry Coulton, and the fourth William Gordon Coulton, a solicitor in Birmingham, married Sarah Ann, widow of Thomas Dickenson, and has issue Lydia Gordon, wife of Henry Calthrop Allinson, and other children.

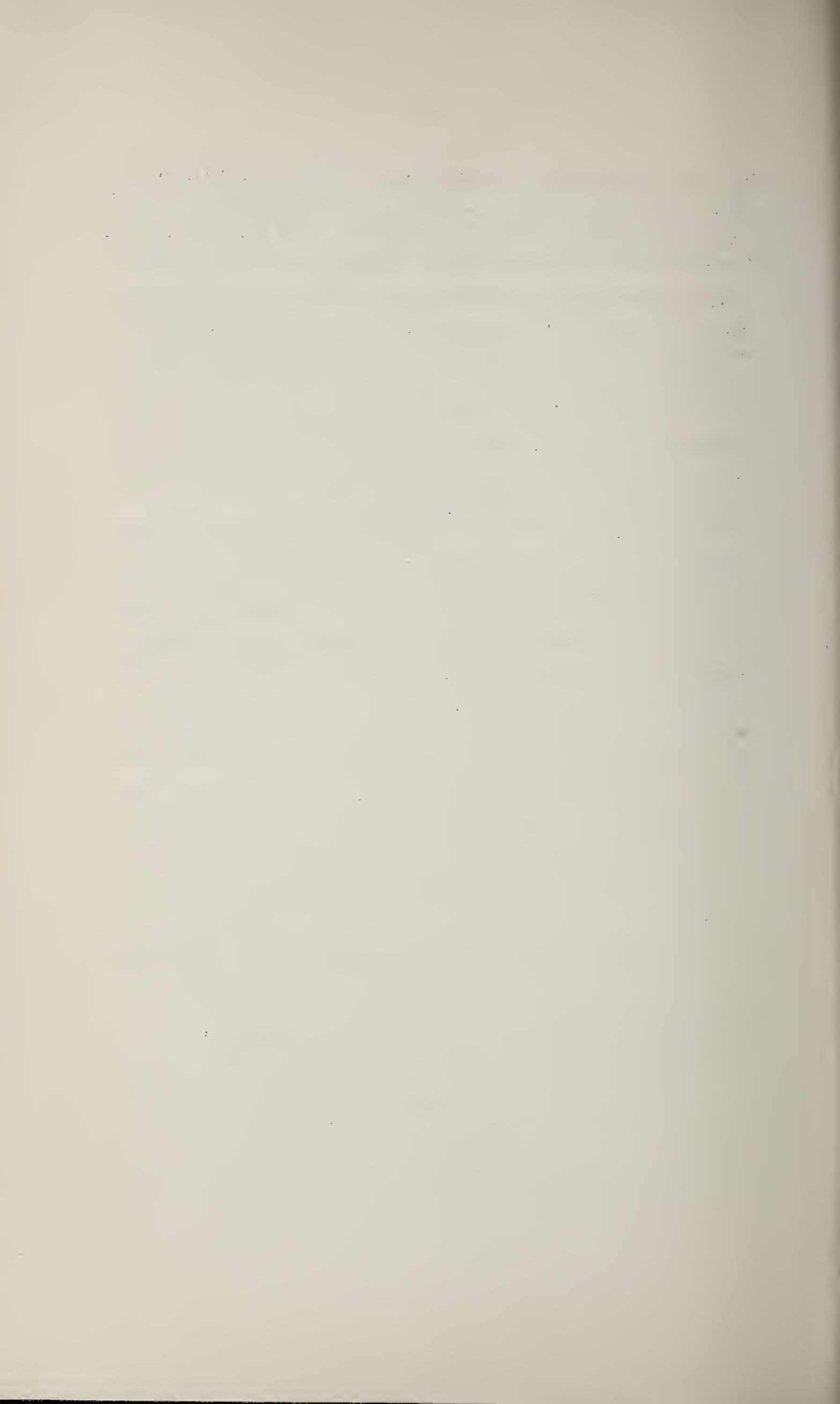
34. Of the daughters, Priscilla, the eldest, married Anthony Allinson, surgeon, Lynn, and has issue (1) Anthony Coulton Allinson, a major in the army, m., s.p., (2) John James Allinson, solicitor, Hastings, married Eva Livesey, (3) Henry Calthrop Allinson, surgeon, Lynn, married his cousin, Lydia Gordon Coulton, (4) Priscilla Allinson, married Edward S. Bearcroft, and (5) Alice Eliza Allinson, unmarried. Fanny, the second daughter (of J. J. Coulton and Priscilla), married Rev. W. Walter, Vicar of St. Mary's, Whittlesey, and had two sons, William James Coulton Walter, and Robert Pretymann Walter, both died unmarried, and one daughter, Fanny Walter, married Rev. W. A. Fraser, Vicar of St. Stephen's, Saltash, Cornwall, and has issue. Ellen Coulton, the sixth and youngest daughter, died unmarried; no details are available of the third, fourth, and fifth daughters of this family.

35. Table XI shows the connection between the families of CALTHROP and WEBSTER, and also that between CALTHROP and CALTHROP, and is, I think, so clear as to require no further explanation, and Table XII shows the connection between the CALTHROP and BONNER families, and the descendants of the latter down to the present day; it also seems to call for no further remark.

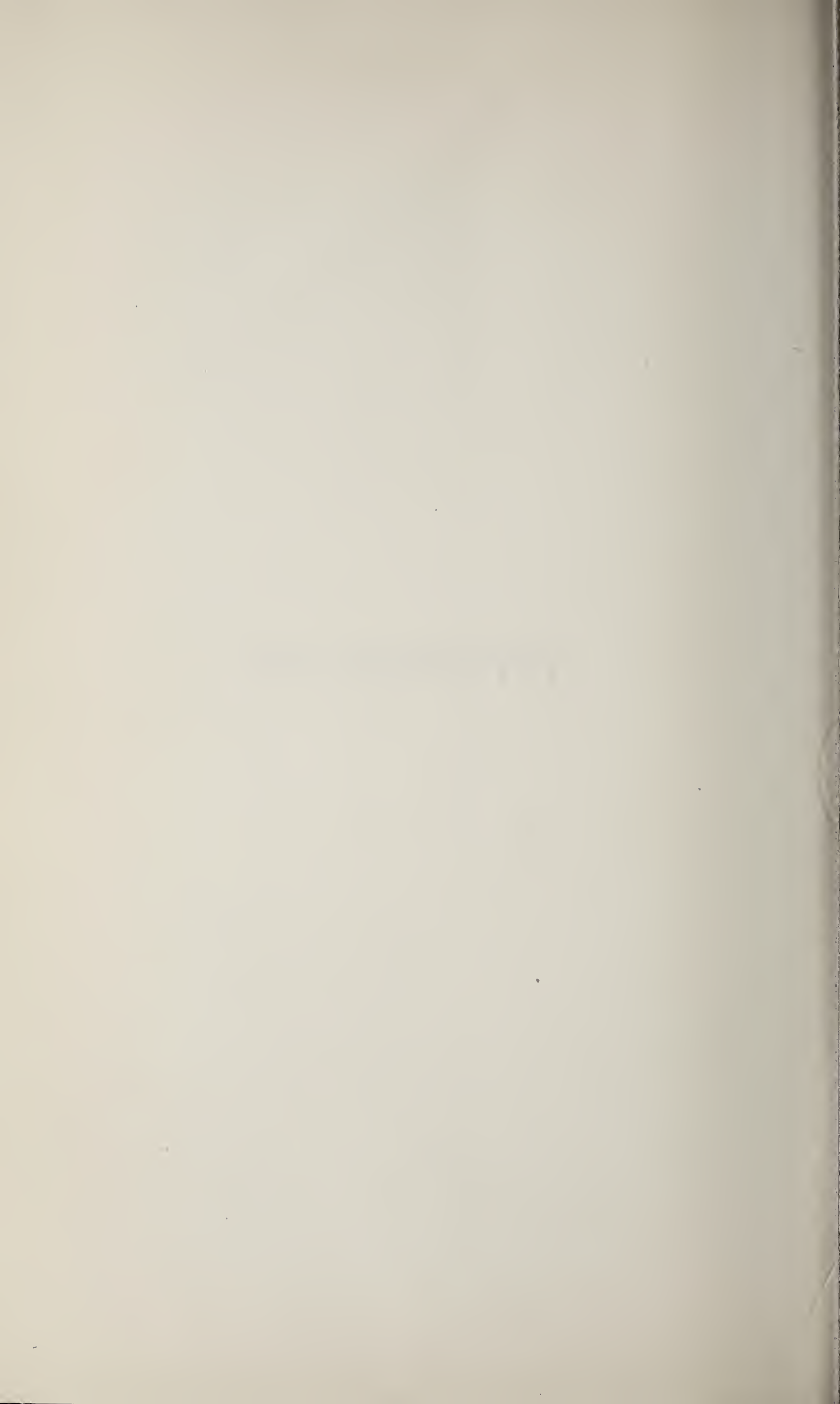
I have therefore completed the second part of my task and shall now address myself to the third and most difficult part of the whole.

O, DOMINO DOTATA, DOMUS FORTUNA RECRESCAT.

END OF PART II.



APPENDICES



APPENDIX I

The Register of Admissions to Lincoln's Inn shows the following members of the family as having been students of that Society ; their names are copied *literatim* :

A more complete list is given in the Minutes of Parliaments of the Middle Temple, translated and edited by Charles Trice Martin, B.A., F.S.A., and an enquiry into the origin and early history of the Inn by John Hutchinson, Librarian, published May, 1905. But it differs so little from the list I have given that it is not worth copying, unless a second edition should ever be produced.

1. 1458, a CALTHORPE, Christian name not given, was admitted.
2. 1518, 2 February, JAMES CALTHORP, ESQ.
3. 1529, 24 April, HENRY CALTHROP, ESQ.
4. 1549, 22 January, CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, ESQ.
5. 1549, 26 February, CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, ESQ., a cousin, or else the same name entered twice by error.
6. 1560, 27 August, WILLIAM CALTHORPE, ESQ.
7. 1560, 31 October, CHARLES CALTHORPE, ESQ., died 1607.
8. 1576, 8 November, JAMES CALTHROP, of Norfolk, Barrister, from Furnival's Inn.

And among admissions to the Middle Temple I find :

9. 1557, 3 November, JOHN CALTHROPPE, third son and heir of JAMES CALTHROPPE, ESQ., of Cokthorpe, Norfolk.
10. 1582, 8 February, RICHARD CALTHORPE, third son of MARTIN CALTHORPE (cloth merchant), of London, Pannarius.
11. 1583, 24 February, ELEAZAR CALTHORPE, son and heir of BERTRAM CALTHORPE, ESQ., of the Middle TEMPLE.

12. 1606, 16 February, HENRY CALTHORP, Knight, second son of JAMES CALTHORP, Knight, of Cockthorp, Norfolk.
13. 1611, 15 April, PHILIP CALTHORP, third son of JAMES CALTHORP, Knight, of Cockthorp.
14. 1617, 16 November, JAMES CALTHORPE, second son of CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Cockthorp.
15. 1631, 25 May, JOHN CALTHORPE, son and heir of MARTIN CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Hickling, Norf.
16. 1640, 11 February, LESTRANGE CALTHORPE, son and heir of PHILIP CALTHORPE, ESQ., of the Middle Temple.
17. 1642, 18 August, JAMES CALTHORPE, son and heir of HENRY CALTHORPE, Knight, late King's Attorney, and one of the Masters of the Bench.
18. 1660, 30 November, CHRISTOPHER CALTHORPE, son and heir of JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., of late East Barsham, Norfolk.
19. 1660, 30 November, JAMES CALTHORPE, second son of JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., of East Barsham, Norfolk.
20. 1663, 24 October, ARTHUR CALTHORPE, son and heir of LESTRANGE CALTHORPE, ESQ., one of the Masters of the Utter Bar.
21. 1668, 24 February, JAMES CALTHORPE, son and heir of JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Ampton, co. Suffolk.
22. 1673, 28 April, LESTRANGE CALTHORPE, son and heir of LESTRANGE CALTHORPE, ESQ., one of the Masters of the Bench.
23. 1674, 3 February, REYNOLDS CALTHORPE, third son of JAMES CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Ampton, Suffolk.
24. 1678, 1 February, JAMES CALTHORPE, son and heir of LESTRANGE CALTHORPE, ESQ., one of the Masters of the Bench.
25. 1690, 5 June, MARTIN CALTHORPE, son and heir of JOHN CALTHORPE, ESQ., of Hickling, Norfolk.

APPENDIX II

LORDS OF THE MANOR OF AMPTON AND THEIR FAMILIES
AS ENTERED IN THE PARISH REGISTERS OF AMPTON,
1628-1859.

1609. Thomas Cole, gent, sold it to William Whettel Esq.,
d. 1628.
1628. Sir Henry Calthorpe, Knt., Recorder of the City of
London, who married the daughter & co-heiress of
Ed. Humphrey Esq., who married the sister of
William Whettell, Esq.
Sir Henry Calthorpe died 1637.
1637. S. Henerie Calthorpe, Knight, Attorney Generall of
his Ma^{ties} Court of Wardes and Liveries was buried
y^e third daye of August.
1637. James Calthorpe Esq. son & heir of Sir Henry, d.
1658.
1641. M^s Dorothe Calthorpe y^e daughter of y^e Lady
Dorothy Calthorpe was buried y^e eight and twentie
day of July.
1645. M^s Henrietta Maria Calthorpe the daughter of S^r
Henry Calthorpe K^t and Dorothy his wife was
buryed Novemb.
1648. Dorothy Calthorpe y^e daughter of James Calthorpe
and Dorotheoy his wife was baptized y^e 28th of
December 1648.

1649. James Calthorpe Sonñ of James Calthorpe Esq. and Dorotheoy his wifie was Baptized the one and twentie day of February 1649.
1651. Barbary y^e daughter of James Calthorpe and Dorotheoy his wifie was Baptized y^e fifteene day of June 1651.
1652. Christopher Calthorpe sonne of James Calthorpe and Dorothy his wifie was baptized y^e 22 day of June 1656.
1657. Jane y^e daughter of James Calthorpe Esq. and Dorotheoy his wifie was baptized y^e 2^d day of August 1657.
1658. Elizabeth the daughter of James Calthorpe & Dorotheoy his wifie was baptized y^e 17 of January 1658.
1659. James Calthorpe Esq. was buryed y^e first of August 1659.
1662. S^r Algernon May & Dame Dorotheoy Calthorpe was married the fiftenth Day of June 1662.
1666. Isabella y^e Daughter of Sir Algernon May & y^e Lady Dorothy his wife was baptized June 21.
1693. Dorothy Calthorpe the daughter of James Calthorpe Esq. was buried Nov^r 16. 1693.
1702. Christopher Calthorpe Esq. brother & heir of last James, d. 1717.
1702. James Calthorpe Esq. the son of James Calthorpe Esq. was buried May 12. 1702.
1703. Henry the 2^d son of Christopher Calthorpe Esq. & Elizabeth his wife was born 4th of January & baptized the 19th of January following 170³/₄.
1704. Henrietta Maria the daughter of Christopher Calthorpe Esq. & Elizabeth his wife was buried Dec^r 31. 1704.
1709. Henrietta the daughter of Christopher Calthorpe Esq. and Elizabeth his wife was bap^t Oct^{br} 31. 1709.

1717. James Calthorpe Esq. son & heir of Christopher d. unmarried 1784.
1717. Christ^r Calthorpe Esq. was buried Feb. 3. 1717.
1724. M^{rs} Elizabeth Calthorpe, widow, was buried between 26th & 27th of June 1724.
1730. Richard Walter, of London, Merchant singleman & Henrietta Calthorpe of this Town singlewoman were married March 12 1730 by License.
1780. The Rev^d M^r Henry Calthorpe was brought from Blakeney Norfolk and buried in the Family Vault in this Church October 28th 1780.
1784. Sir Henry Calthorpe K.B. cousin, d.s.p. 1788.
1784. James Calthorpe Esq. aged 85 years buried March 20 1784.
1787. George Son of S^r Henry Gough Bar^t & Lady Frances his wife (late Carpenter Spinster) was born June 21st 1787 & received full Baptism July 18th 1787.
1788. Sir Henry Gough Bar^t nephew of Sir Henry Calthorpe took the name of Calthorpe 1788, was created Baron Calthorpe 1796, d. 1798.
1791. William other Son of S^r Henry Gough-Calthorpe Bar^t & Lady Frances his wife (late Carpenter Spinster) was born Sept. 17th & received full Baptism Sept. 24 1791.
1794. Harriet Daughter of S^r Henry Gough-Calthorpe Bar^t & Lady Frances his wife (late Carpenter Spinster) was born Nov. 8 & rec^d full Baptism Dec^r 8. 1794.
1798. Charles, 2nd Baron Calthorpe, son & heir of 1st, d. unmarried 1807.
1807. George Gough, 3^d Baron Calthorpe, brother of 2nd, d. unmarried 1807.
1851. Frederick, 4th Baron Calthorpe, brother of 2nd & 3rd, sold Ampton Estate in 1859 to Benjamin Hunter Rodwell Esq.

APPENDIX III

EXTRACTS FROM THE REGISTERS OF THE VILLAGE OF
BRAMFIELD, CO. SUFFOLK.*Christenings.*

1550. April 20. ROBERT CALTHORPE, son of ANTHONY CALTHROPE, ESQ.
1551. Nov. 11. MARGE CALTHROPE, daughter of ANTHONY CALTHROPE, ESQ. (Soon after this year the village must have got a new clerk, for the whole style of the spelling of all names was altered, and the following curious entries are made, c.w.c-c.)
1560. Feb. 2. HAN CALTHORPE, dowl, of HANTONY CALTHORPE Gent, and Kateryn his wyffe.

Deaths.

1549. June 17. ROBERT CALTHROPE.
1560. Feb. 8. Maude, dr. of HANTONY CALTHORPE and Kateryn his wyffe.
1757. July 14. Mary, daughter of JAMES and MARTHA COLTHORP.
1763. Feb. 3. Ann, daughter of JAMES and MARTHA CALTRUP.

APPENDIX IV

The following wills were proved in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury :

- In 1589 of SIR MARTIN CALTHROPP, Lord Mayor of London (48 Leicester).
 „ 1593. MRS. MARY CALTHARPE, widow, Maplederham, Oxford. (40 Newell).
 „ 1594. ANTONY CALTHROPE, ESQ., of Bromley, Kent, St. Michael at Battieshawe in London, and Antingham, Norfolk. (68 Dixy.)
 „ 1597. DAME JOAN CALTHORPE, alias Boys, Fridvile, Kent. (37 Cobham).
 „ 1598. CLEMENT CALTHROPE, ESQ., of Bromley, Kent. (52 Lewyn).

For other lists see Vol. II. Visitn. of Norfolk.

SKINNERS' COMPANY.

Maie 10th 1621.

AMBROSE COLTHORPE, son of Martin Colthorpe, late of Hickling Co. Norf. Esq^r deceased hath put himself apprentice to Robert Hampton, Citizen & Skinner of London from the date hereof for eight years.

August 19th 1628.

AMBROSE CALTHROPP, late apprentice with Rob^t Hampton, and afterwards turned over to Gilbert Ward (?) having served the full tenure in his Indenture was this day p^rferred to his freedome.

November 19th 1668.

SAMUEL CALTHORPE, Sonn of Robert Calthorpe late of Holbitch in the county of Lincolne, gent, deceased, app^r. to Jewis Byfield, C & S of L for 7 years from this day.

—*Extract given me by S. H. Draper, Esq., Clerk.*

APPENDIX V

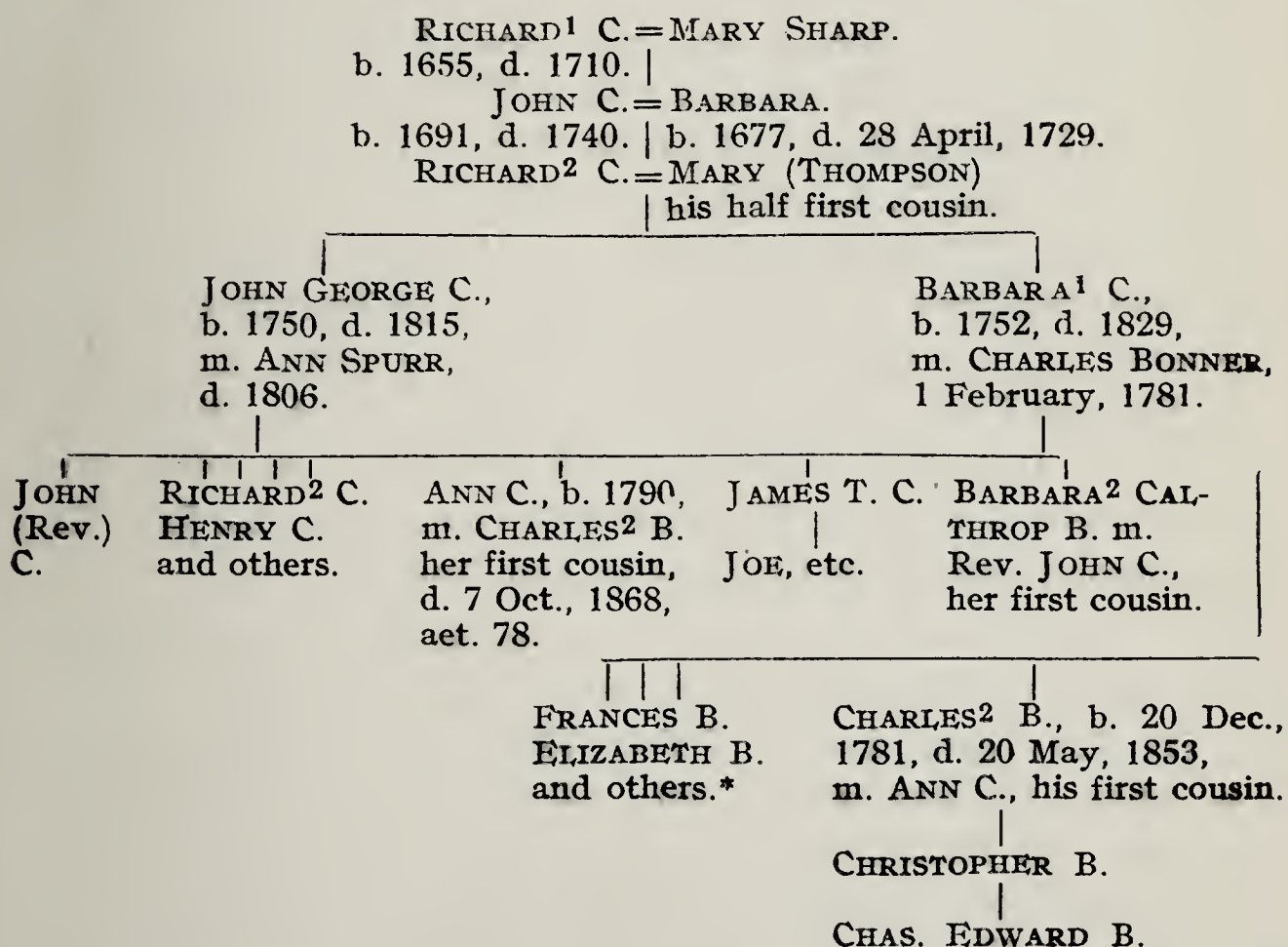
RESULT OF A GENERAL SEARCH IN THE RECORDS OF THE
COLLEGE OF ARMS FOR CALTHORPE, CALTHROP, ETC.

<i>No.</i>	<i>Reference.</i>	<i>Name.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Particulars.</i>
1.	C. 22, 319	Calthrop	London	(Mayor of) 3 gens. to 1623. Arms, checkuy or and azure a fess ermine.
2.	D. 9, 48	„	—	Arms as No. 1, impaling Wentworth.
3.	D. 9, 72	Carthorpe	—	Arms, or a bend azure.
4.	D. 20, 56	Calthorp	Norfolk	Of Hickling, 3 gens. to 1664, signed John C. Arms as No. 1.
5.	D. 20, 125	Calthorpe	„	Of Blakeny and East Bas- ham, 3 gens. to 1664. Signed Christopher C. Arms as No. 1, and quarterings.
6.	D. 20, 141	„	„	Of Cockthorpe and Blake- ny. 3 gens. to 1664. Signed Charles C. Arms as No. 1.
7.	D. 21, 5	„	„	Of Hicklyng. Arms as No. 1.
8.	D. 21, 11	„	„	Of East Basham. Arms of Charles, as No. 1.
9.	D. 21, 13	„	„	Of Great Massingham. Arms as No. 1.
10.	E. 2, 3	Caltrop	—	Arms (impaling Harris) as No. 1.
11.	E. 7, 185	Caythorp	—	8 gens. early date (con- nected with Ayscoughe).
12.	E. 7, 190	Calthorpe	—	8 gens. early date (con- nected with Drury).
13.	G. 1, 94	Calthrope	Norfolk	Of Cokthorpe, Anting- ham, and Thorpe Mar- ket. 4 gens., early date. Arms as No. 1.

<i>No.</i>	<i>Reference.</i>	<i>Name.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>Particulars.</i>
14.	2 G. 13, 70	Calthorpe	—	Arms of John, early date, as No. 1.
15.	2 G. 13, 77	„	—	Arms of No. 1, impaled by Jonison.
16.	2 G. 13, 81	„	—	Arms as No. 1, impaled by Colvill.
17.	H. 3/15, 390	„	Norfolk	As No. 13.
18.	H. 16, 67	Calthrope	—	Arms as No. 1.
19.	I. 6, 2	Calthorpe	Kent	Funeral certificate of Anthonie, of Bromley, 1594. Arms as No. 1, and quarterings.
20.	I. 24, 7	„	Norfolk	Anne, dau. of Sir James, of Cockthorp = Sir William de Gray. Funeral certificate of the latter, 1632.
21.	I. 24, 105 ^b	„	—	Sir Henry of Cockthorp and Ampton. Funeral certificate, 1637. Arms as No. 1, and quarterings.
22.	I. 16, 39	„	Norfolk	Alice, dau. of Richard, of Antingham = Thomas Aldersey. Funeral certificate of the latter, 1598.
23.	I. 16, 316	Carthorp	—	Arms as No. 3, quartered by Elizabeth Howson on funeral escocheon, 1610.
24.	I. 33, 204	Calthorpe	—	(Late Gough) Royal licence. Change of name, 1782-91.
25.	I. 43, 69	Calthrow	—	(To Disney) Royal licence. Change of name, 1819-22.
26.	I. 55, 233	Calthorpe	—	(To Gough) Royal licence. Change of name, 1843-6.
27.	I. 63, 99	Calthrop	—	(To Collingwood) Royal licence. Change of name, 1867-70.

No.	Reference.	Name.	County.	Particulars.
28.	I. 66, 115	Calthrop	—	(To Hollway) Royal licence. Change of name, 1877-80.
29.	2 D. 14, 18 ^b	Calthope	—	Pedigree of 10 generations, early date (connected with Parker).
30.	2 D. 14, 20 ^b	Calthrop	—	
31.	Arundel, 2, 12	Calthorpe	Norfolk	Of Antingham. 3 gens. to 1633 (connected with Cassan).
32.	Howard, 54	Calthrop	—	Arms as No. 1, impaled by Parker.
33.	Peers(r), 1, 90	Calthorpe	Suffolk	Of Erwarton, 2 gens. to <i>circa</i> 1550 (connected with Parker).
34.	Grants, 9, 125	,,	Hants	Sir Henry of Elvethan, Grant of Supporters, 1744. Arms as No. 1.
35.	Grants, 16, 406	,,	,,	(Formerly Gough) of Elvethan. Exemption quarterly, 1788.
36.	Grants, 19, 346	,,	Norfolk	Sir Henry Gough C. (Baron), of Calthorpe. Grant of supporters, 1796. Arms as No. 1.
37.	Grants, 47, 408	,,	Staffs	(To Gough.) Son of Baron Calthorpe. Exemption of Gough Arms, 1845.
38.	Grants, 56, 348	Calthrop	Cumberland, Northumberland, and Canada	(To Collingwood.) Of Irton par., Whitehaven, Dissington Hall, etc. Exemption of Collingwood Arms, 1868.
39.	Grants, 60, 153	,,		Oxford and Norfolk

APPENDIX VI

TABLE XII.—THE BONNERS AND THEIR CONNECTIONS
WITH THE CALTHROPS.

*One of the others was Mary, she m. to William Caslon (?), they had issue a dau. Mary Caslon, who was married to a gentleman named Allbut, their issue was a dau. E. M. J. Allbut, of Sandon, nr. Stone, Staffs., who wrote to me 17/10/06 for a copy of my book.

APPENDIX VII

1. The history of the Rev. John C. and his brothers Richard C., Henry C., and others will be found in the due course of my regular narrative. See para. 11, *et seq.* So we may pass to the Bonners. Barbara B. is to be found with her husband, the Rev. John C. aforesaid. Frances, b. 30 Nov., 1798, m. in 1817 to William Turtle, Esq., M.D., and had two daughters; Frances Barbara, b. 1818, m. in 1850 to Robert Gerrard, Esq., fourth son of Captain Gerrard of Tallyho, co. Westmeath. She d. in 1896; and Elizabeth, b. 1819, who became, in 1850, the first wife of Ulick James Daly, Esq., and had issue (1) Frances Ismenia Bertha, b. 1852. (2) Ulick Arthur William D., b. 1853, m. in 1889, Laura, dau. of —— Lord, Esq., of Melbourne, Australia, and had issue Ulick Lord D., b. 1890, and Ismy Laura Teresa, b. 1894. (3) Francis Augustus Bonner D., b. 1855, and (4) Elizabeth, b. 1857, m. in 1904 to Thomas King, Esq., of Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A. Elizabeth (Bonner) Daly, the mother of the above, d. in 1857. Mr. Daly's second wife was Elizabeth's first cousin, Louisa Jane B., youngest daughter of Charles² B. and Ann C.

2. Charles² B. and Ann C. had twelve children, 7 sons and 5 daughters. These were in order of their birth.

(1) Mary Spurr, d. unm. 27 Feb., 1896. (2) Charles Foster B., d. 1896. (3) Richard, d. inft. (4) Ann, d. inft. (5) John, d. inft. (6) John George B., Solicitor of London, d. 16 March, 1898, aet. 82. (7) Sophia Judith Donnes, m. 30 Aug., 1854. (8) Arthur Thompson B., b. 1829, d. 1868. (9) Louisa Jane Daly, b. 1820, d. 25 Dec., 1877, aet. 57. (10) Henry Calthrop B., b. 24 July, 1828, d. 15 July, 1898, aet. 70. (11) Caroline Martha, d. unm. 19 June, 1901. (12) James Tillard B.

3. No. 2 of this family, Charles Foster B., b. in 1812, d. 23 Aug., 1896, aet. 84; he was a solicitor at Spalding. He married, first, Anne Mansel Florence Peacock, 10 Sep. 1846, who was the dau. of Rev. Edward Peacock, of Fifehead, Dorset, and had issue a son and a daughter, Charles Edward

and Florence Mary. Both of these children died, and their mother also, within a few days of each other from scarlet fever, *i.e.*, on the 7th, 13th, and 18th January, 1849, aged 18 months, 3 months, and 24 years respectively. His second wife was Elizabeth Swaine, by whom he had a large family, *viz.* : (1) Constance Elizabeth, d. inft. (2) Florence Ann, v.h., m., 10 Oct., 1893, the Rev. Herbert Wodehouse, v.h., s.p. (3) Isabel Marian, d. inft. (4) Edith Mary, v.h., m. to the Rev. Henry D. S. G. Simes, younger son of N. P. Simes, Esq., of Strood Park, Sussex, on 12 April, 1883, and has six children, Henry Charles Nathaniel, b. 1884 ; Margery Annie Beatrice, b. 1885 ; Dorothy Edith, b. 1886 ; Jessie Mary, b. 1888 ; Constance Muriel, b. 1891 ; and Rose Evelyn Swaine, b. 1896. Henry D. S. G. Simes, d. 9 or 10 Dec., 1911. (5) Ada Fanny, b. 26 Sep., 1857, v.h., unm. (6) Muriel Calthrop, v.h., m., 4 Aug., 1881, Cuthbert Brickwood Williams, Esq., and has issue one son, Eric Cuthbert Theophilus Bonnell W., b. 14 Nov., 1890. (7) Charles E. B., a solicitor at Spalding, d. 1907, m. 19 April, 1888, Grace Minnie Dillon, v.h., and had issue Charles Robert Dillon, b. 17 Aug., 1889, v.h., and Grace Eileen, b. 1892, v.h. (8) George Albert B., a barrister in London, v.h., m. on 19 December, 1896, Eveleen Caroline Lewis, v. h., and has two daughters, Eveleen Sylva Concanon Swaine, b. 1899, and Eveleen Frances Calthrop, b. 1903. (9) Constance Isabel, b. 1865, d. 10 Dec., 1889, unm. (10) Edgar Arthur B., b. 1866, d. at Hong Kong on 7 Feb., 1906, from smallpox. The notice in *The Times* of 10 Feb., 1906, says "aged 38 years." I do not think this is correct ; it should be 40 years.

4. No. 6, John George B., d. 16 March, 1898, m. on 2 Oct., 1856, Caroline Elizabeth Anne, second daughter of John Mills Thorne, Esq., widow of Francis Smith (no relative of the other Smiths, p.) d. 12 May, 1910, of apoplexy, and had issue (1) George Francis B., a solicitor, v.h., unm. (2) Charles Arthur B., d. 11 Sep., 1879, at Calcutta from typhoid, aet. 21. (3) Charlotte Mary Georgina, v.h., unm.

5. No. 7, Sophia Judith, m., 30 Aug., 1854, the Rev. W. E. Downes, Rector of Baytham, and had issue (1) William Knox D., D.S.O., Colonel, Indian Army, d. 22 March, 1912, unm. (2) Charles Henry D., m. in 1883 Emily Beatrice Wells, and has issue four children, Gwendoline, b. 25 June, 1884; Olive, b. 3 Sep., 1885; Alister, b. 18 July, 1889; and Joan, aet. 16 in 1908. (3) Frederick Mayor D., m. Maria Jane Baker in 1886 and has one daughter. (4) Rev. Arthur Meadows D., Vicar of Batheaston, nr. Bath, m. Ethel A. S. Lee in 1887, and has two daughters, Rachel Agnes Laura and Katherine Elfiida. (5) Rev. Horace George D., m. Bertha Rowe in 1888, s.p. (6) Anna, m. in 1893 to Rev. Walter Barry, an Indian Army Chaplain, afterwards Rector of Baytham, Ipswich, Suffolk, d. 15 May, 1912, and had issue three daughters, one of whom died in India from plague. (7) Agnes Florence, m. 26 Nov., 1885, to Major-General Sir Richard Thomas Farren, K.C.B., d. 30 Dec., 1909, and has three children, Maurice, b. 5 March, 1887, Hugh, b. 5 August, 1888, and Queenie, b. 2 July, 18 (?).

6. No. 8, the Rev. Arthur Thompson B., b. 1829, was educated at St. Paul's and was captain of the school in 1845. See the programme of speeches for 1845 at end of this book. He was one of H.M. Inspectors of Schools, d. 10 July, 1868, aet. 39; he m. on 27 April, 1858, Anna Maria Coldwell, and had issue (1) Mary, b. 1859, d. 1896, unm. (2) Violet, a graduate of Newnham College, Cambridge, v.h., unm. (3) a son, d. 1868, inf. (4) a son.

7. No. 9, Louisa Jane, b. 1820, m. 1 Dec., 1859, as his second wife, to Ulick James Daly, Esq., and had issue (1) Harriet Anne Calthrop D., b. 12 Nov., 1860. (2) Charles Calthrop de Burgh D., b. 23 April, 1862, m. on 21 Oct., 1890, Emily Lucy French, and has issue two sons, Ulick de Burgh D., b. 12 Aug., 1897, and one daughter, Lucy de Burgh, b. 11 April, 1893. (3) Evelyn Louisa Gore, b. 19 Aug., 1865, d. 1 April, 1875. (4) Mary Emily, b. 8 Feb., 1867, m. in 1902 to Robert Graham, Esq., and has issue one son, Francis Malcolm G., b. in 1903. Mr. Daly's first wife was, as above-mentioned,

Elizabeth, daughter of William Turtle, Esq., M.D., by Frances B., daughter of Barbara C., and therefore first cousin to his second wife.

8. No. 10, Henry Calthrop B., d. July 15, 1898, aet 70, m. 25 Oct., 1848, Ellen Susan Freeman, b. 1823, d. 3 Dec., 1906, buried at Rudham, Norfolk. They had issue first one child, which died as an infant, and then eleven more children, as shown in the following list. (1) Ellen Marian, d. 18 March, 1925, aet. 75. (2) John Henry B., b. 1851, d. in New Zealand (? Australia), unm. (3) Charles Ernest B., b. 1852, d. in England 11 December, 1911, m. 17 Sept., 1885, Margaret Emily, v.h., s.p. (4) Arthur Calthrop, B.v.h., m. his first cousin, Ethel Mary B. (12, 3) at Colombo on Nov. 12th, 1888, v.h., s.p. (5) Gertrude, v.h., m. 4 Nov., 1880, to Robert Toynbee Rinder, v.h. (whose sister Emily is James Sykes Calthrop's second wife), and has issue eight children: Winifred Gladys, b. 29 December, 1882; Arthur, b. 1884; Reginald, b. 1886; Hope, b. 1888, m. Charles Simpson, Esq., a landed gentleman farmer, and has issue; he lives on his own estate, near Ramsay St. Mary, Huntingdonshire; Robert Toynbee, b. 1890; Dorothy Gertrude Bonner, b. 1892; Olive, b. 1894; and Charles Henry, b. 1896. (6) Kate, v.h., m. 20 Oct., 1887, to the Rev. Maurice Charles Hilton Bird in 1887, who died in 1924, and has issue four children, Helen Maud, b. 29 August, 1888; Maurice Bonner B., b. 1892; and the twins, Percy Charles Hilton B., and Muriel Hilton, b. 1893. (7) Herbert George Bonner, v.b. in Mysore, unm. (8) Florence May, v.h., unm. (9) Gerald, b. 1859, d. in infancy. (10) Frank Albert B., v.h., m. 17 Oct., 1882, to Annie Victoria Wilson, at Melbourne, Australia, and has issue one daughter, Gladys Ellen, b. 9 August, 1889, and one son, b. 5 Sep. and d. 23 Dec., 1890. (11) Albert Edward B., v.h., an artist, was living in London, unm. in 1907; is now m., s.p., and lives in Scotland.

9. No. 12, James Tillard B., d. in 1904, m. 18 May, 1858, Catherine Ann Godwin, and had issue eight children, as follows: (1) Kate Mabel, v.h., m. 11 Dec., 1884, to George

Bekeley Hill, who was accidentally killed on May 15th, 1905, having been run over by an express train while on a level crossing at St. Albans, and has one son and two daughters. (2) Tillard Reginald B., d. in 1873, aet. 12. (3) and (4) the twins, (a) Ethel Mary, v.h., m. to her first cousin Arthur Calthrop B. (10, 4), v.h., s.p.; (b) Percy was a Chief Officer in the P. and O. Company's service, and died at Bombay, 14 Feb., 1893, aet. 30, unm. (5) Hugh Ernest, was also a sailor, and was accidentally killed 21 July, 1883, at Singapore, in his 18th year, by falling from the mast of his ship. (6) Alice May Gertrude, v.h., m. in 1902 to Francis Reginald Hobbes, has one son, b. in 1904. A daughter was born on Jan. 11, 1870. May have been (6) or (7). (7) May Lilian Elsie, v.h., m. in 1899 to George Anderson Ballingall, M.D., and has two daughters, Margaret Adison, b. 1901, and Elsie Monica, b. 1903. (8) Tillard Cecil Arthur, v.h., unm. A son was b. 2 July, 1875; this must be No. 5.

10. I conclude this section with the following note on General John George Bonner, R.A., F.R.S. He was the youngest brother of the Charles² Bonner who m. Anne C. He was born in 1788 and d. in 1867 in his 80th year. He m. Frances Maria Beane, who was 23 years his junior. She died 14 Sep., 1877, aged 65. Frances was the daughter of Major George Beane, R.H.A., who was killed at Waterloo, aged 37, having gone through the whole of the Peninsular War without a scratch. Frances was then 3 years old. Lieutenant Bonner was appointed in 1807 to the Madras Horse Artillery, served in the campaign against Ali Khan and Mir Khan, was engaged in the battles of Mehidpur and Jalnur, and siege of Assirghur in 1819, was several times thanked in General Orders, became Brigade Major and Assistant Adjutant-General Madras Artillery, in 1826 was appointed Principal Commissary of Ordnance, Port St. George, Madras; in 1827 returned to England on sick leave as Major, was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel in 1831, and in 1832 was ordered to England as Military Inspector of Stores at the India Office, a post which he held

for 27 years, *i.e.*, until his retirement. He was promoted to Major-General, and transferred to the British Service when the Crown took over the old East India Company. He had issue only one daughter, Blanche F., m. to Colonel Collier, d. 8 June, 1924, aged 91, and had one son, v.h.; Colonel Collier, formerly of the 8th Hussars, exchanged to the 21st Lancers, and commanded this regiment at the date of his retirement; he is the son of the late Admiral H. B. Collier, and his uncle, Sir Francis Collier, and his grandfather, Sir George Collier, were also admirals.

NOTE.—My mother's descent was as follows :

A Lazenby of Yorkshire had an only daughter—generally known as “The Beautiful Miss Lazenby.” She m. Major John Fox, of the 23rd Welsh Fusiliers, who was wounded in one of the Peninsular battles and d. in Spain. She was also known as “The Beautiful Mrs. Fox.” They had an only daughter, Miss Louisa Fox. She m. the Rev. Christopher Carr. They had an only daughter, Louisa Jane Carr, my dear mother. She m. William Charles Calthrop. She had only one daughter (to grow up), Louisa Mary Calthrop. She m. Richard E. Webster. They had only one daughter, Dora Marion W. She m. A. S. Mellor. They had four daughters. But the five ancestresses were *only* daughters :

Miss Lazenby,
Miss Fox,
Miss Carr,
Miss Calthrop,
Miss Webster.

The Rev. Christopher Carr was my maternal grandfather. I do not know who his father was, but his mother was a Miss Anby, daughter of Sir John Anby, whose name was originally spelled as Sir John Annebye.

APPENDIX VIII

Sir Oliver m. Isabel Bacon
 d. 1397 | d. 1411
 Sir William m. Sybil Wythe
 d. 1420 | d. 1420
 Richardy m. Margaret Irmingland
 b. 1400 | d. 1480
 d. 1438
 Third son, William
 v. in 1480

Name.	Born.	Died.	Residence	Relationship.
Godric	1010	1080		22 Great G. F.
Herman				21 "
William ¹				20 "
William ²				19 "
Sir Walter de C.				18 "
Sir Roger de C.				17 "
Sir William ⁵ de C.		1306		16 "
Sir Walter ⁴	v. in 1247	1324		15 "
Sir William ⁶		1360		14 "
Sir Oliver ¹		1397		13 "
William ³				12 "
Richard ¹				11 "
William ⁴				10 "
John George				9 "
John ¹ the Senior	1499	1558	Saltfleetby	8 "
Thomas ¹	1529	1580	Saltfleetby	7 "
John ³ the Elder	1559	1635	Saltfleetby	6 "
Brian ¹	1593		Saltfleetby	5 "
Richard ¹	1655	1710	Gosberton	4 "
John ¹	1691	1740	Gosberton	3 "
Richard ³	1723	1762	Gosberton	2 "
John George	1749	1815	Gosberton	Great G. F.
Captn. Henry	1789	1826	Gosberton	Grandfather
William Charles	1820	1872	Withern	Father
Christopher William	1844		Ealing	Self

APPENDIX IX

WILLS PROVED IN THE CONSISTORY COURT OF LINCOLN

In 1538-40.	John Calthorpe of Pinchbeck	(348)
In 1584	Roger Calthorp of Pinchbeck	(127)
In 1588	Thomas Calthrop of Boston	(ii, 154)

IN THE LINCOLN MARRIAGE LICENSES ARE FOUND

1616	June 26	Robert Cawthrop of Cockerington	Marie, yeom., aet. 56, and Alice Hyme of Stickney, wid., aet. 42 (Cockerington).
1616	Nov. 7	Matthew Dale of Stickford, yeom., aet. 30, and Alice Cawthorpe of Cockerington, wid., aet. 40 (Cockerington).	
1599	Sept. 22	Leon Godricke of Alford, Gent., and Audrie Calthorpe, Spinster, of same.	

APPENDIX X

“ Also to the Bishop of Norwich a seal in a ring with Hugh, and my serpents’ tongues which stood before me at table.”

Will of Richard de Wych (Saint Richard).

(Item Episcopo Norwicensi sigillam in anulo cum Hugone linguas meas serpentinas qui ante me in mensa steterunt).

Note in Sussex Archaeological Collections. Vol. i, p. 183-4. 1853 2nd Ed. by W. H. Blaauw.

Walter de Suffield. Bishop of Norwich from 1243 to 1257, was an intimate friend of the testator, and did not scruple to acknowledge to Boking;* orally, how much he had profited in zeal and spirituality by such an intimacy. Having enjoyed the patronage of the Earl of Warenne, he adopted the same arms, with the difference of a fess ermine upon the chequy or and azure, his family name being Calthrop; and his gratitude appears by a bequest of alms in his will, for the benefit of the soul of Matilda Countess of Warenne. Like Richard he was much attached to Archbishop Edmund, and bequeathed twenty marcs to finish the work he had begun at his shrine at Pontigny. He was also actively engaged in promoting the crusade, and was authorized by the Pope to collect money from those who wished to redeem their vows. His will, like Richard’s, contains legacies to all his household, including his washerwoman, scullions and bedmaker. (Blomfield’s Norfolk ii 345). Walter de Suffield was never canonized, but was esteemed so nearly a saint that his tomb was much visited.

The expressions “ cum Henrico,” “ cum Hugone,” etc., probably signify that the rings bequeathed were in the custody of those of his personal attendants so named, or they might possibly be interpreted as a mode of transferring their services to new masters with the compliment of a bequest.

The passage is translated in Test. Vet, p. 792 as “ the salt-cellars placed before me when at table.” The subject of the bequest may indeed have been a salt-cellar, or a cup, or an

*Boking was Richard’s chief biographer and his confessor.

ornamented standard for the table, but the subject is curious enough to merit a further explanation. These "serpents' tongues" were, in fact, the fossil teeth of sharks, and from their peculiar shape were called glossopatras or tongue-stones. These sharp-pointed teeth, of a glossy light brown enamel, are sometimes as much as three inches long, and belonged to a species of shark now extinct, which must have been about sixty feet long. They are found in abundance in the Miocene of the tertiary formation at St. Paul's Bay, in Malta; and as it was the spot where St. Paul shook off the serpent from his hand, these stones were supposed to be serpents' tongues, and acquired in consequence a medical and superstitious value, as a preservative against the venom of serpents.

From the accounts of Edward I, in 1296-7, it appears that, on the occasion of the marriages of his daughters, the Duchess of Brabant and the Countess of Holland, he employed his jeweller, Adam of Shoreditch, to prepare for his offerings "three pair of golden branches with serpents' tongues, which branches had been found in the Castle of Edinburgh," allowing him 13s. 4d. for his expenses, ("circa tria ramorum auri cum linguis serpentinis": *Roll Misc in Turr. Lond. No. 71*). It is remarkable that the Bishop of Norwich did not make any particular mention of these serpents' tongues in his own will, though he described so many of his cups and other jewellery. He died four years after Richard, and it would seem that he must have given them during his life to the King; for in the Wardrobe accounts of Edward I for the year 1300, we find the very subject of this bequest among the royal treasures, described as "five serpents' tongues in one silver standard."

APPENDIX XI

RUBY WEDDING.

CARR-CALTHROP—HARTLEY.—On the 4th July, 1889, at the Cathedral, Lahore, Panjaub, India, by the Rev. W. F. Armstrong, Civil Chaplain, Lieut.-Col. C. W. CARR-CALTHROP, I.M.S., to Alice Evett (Eva), fourth daughter of the late C. J. Hartley, Esq., of Edgbaston, Warwickshire. Mrs. C.-C. died on April 24th, 1933, from the result of an accidental fall in the street nearly two years before the date of her death. She was buried in the Westminster Cemetery, Hanwell, Middx.

FLOREAT AD FINEM.










THE  BOUND TO PLEASE
Heckman Bindery INC.

 **SEPT. 66**
N MANCHESTER,
INDIANA

